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Gardening is Glamorous

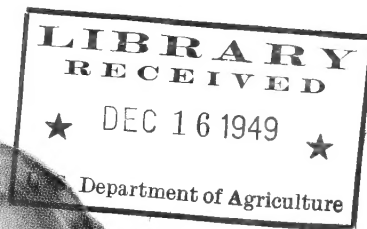
Back of every garden are hard work, aching muscles and muddy hands, but that is just the beginning. Gardening can open wide horizons to you—whether it be the saving of the redwoods or the planting of memorial highways or the raising of temperamental orchids. It can bring you much personal satisfaction in a job well done, besides better health and vitality and a sense of well being.

Our friend Webster says glamorous means fascinating, and on that basis we claim Gardening is Glamorous.

McARDLE'S Garden Book for 1949

McARDLE'S SEED STORE

384-388 Greenwich Ave.
GREENWICH,
CONN.



McAndle presents . . .

A Complete Line of SCOTTS LAWN CARE PRODUCTS

Scotts Spreaders



Precision machines. A flick of the wrist adjusts and a walk over the lawn applies Scotts Seed, Turfbuilder, Lawn Food plus Weed Control, or Pest Control, evenly and accurately.

Simple rate adjustment on handle.

No. 25. The most popular Scott Spreader. Equipped with rubber-tired wheels. Fertilizer capacity of approximately 25 lbs. \$9.95.

No. 50. The suburban size for larger lawns. Rubber-tired wheels. Fertilizer capacity of approximately 50 lbs. \$16.50.

No. 100. The estate or professional size. Fertilizer capacity of approximately 100 lbs. \$39.50.

Scotts Lawn Seed

This is a top-quality blend of grasses for open, sunny or lightly shaded lawns. Growing ability is assured by Scotts system of laboratory control that checks the seed before it is packaged. If you are building a new lawn, sow Scotts Seed at the rate of 4 to 6 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft. If you already have a lawn but want to improve it, sow 2 or 3 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft., depending on the present stand of grass.

1-lb. box	\$1 35	25-lb. bag	\$29 75
5-lb. box	6 45	100 lbs. (25-lb. bags)	115 00
10-lbs. (5-lb. boxes)	12 75	500 lbs. (25-lb. bags)	545 00

Scotts Special-Purpose Blend

Formerly called Scotts Dense Shade. Still highly recommended for shady locations, also for sowing on poor, dry soils, terraces, playgrounds and other areas where growing conditions are not good and rugged turf is desired.

1-lb. box	\$1 15	25-lb. bag	\$26 25
5-lb. box	5 45	100 lbs. (25-lb. bags)	97 50
10 lbs. (5-lb. boxes)	10 65		

Scotts Bent Grass

Builds lawns as smooth as a golf putting green. Suitable for building new lawns or thickening up old ones in full sun or partial shade.

1-lb. box	\$1 95	25 lbs. (5-lb. bags)	\$44 85
5-lb. bag	9 35		

Scotts Turfbuilder

Supplies all the needed elements in correct proportions for feeding grass and trees. Just before sowing seed apply Scotts Turfbuilder. This special grass food does not harm seed so it is not necessary to delay seeding. In constructing a new lawn, distribute 20 lbs. of Turfbuilder per 1000 sq. ft. and rake it into the top 2 or 3 inches of soil. Use just half this amount, 10 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft., when feeding an established lawn. Care should be used to make application only when the grass is dry. An abundant supply of the right type of nourishment not only encourages old grass to spread out and take a new lease on life but it also insures healthier and more vigorous growth of new grass.

10 lbs.	\$1 35	50 lbs.	\$3 95
25 lbs.	2 50	100 lbs.	7 50

Scotts Clover for Lawns

Small box, for 2000 sq. ft.	\$0 95
Large box, for 5000 sq. ft.	1 95

Scotts Lawn Food plus Weed Control

This new compound applied dry, feeds and weeds the lawn in one easy treatment. Apply with Scott Spreader.

Small pkg., treats 500 sq. ft.	\$1 00
Large pkg., treats 2500 sq. ft.	3 50
Bag, treats 11,000 sq. ft.	12 75

Scotts 4-X Weed Control

Destroys weeds except crab grass without harm to lawn. For sprayer application. Contains the famous 2,4-D weed killer.

Trial size, treats 600 sq. ft.	\$0 45
Small size, treats 1400 sq. ft.	1 00
Large size, treats 6000 sq. ft.	3 25

Scotts Pest Control

A multiple-action preparation to keep in check Jap beetle grubs, chinch bugs, sod webworms, earthworms, and most species of ants. Apply with spreader for best results.

Small pkg., treats 750 sq. ft.	\$1 95
12½-lb. pkg., treats 2500 sq. ft.	4 95
Drum, treats 10,000 sq. ft.	18 85



GRUBS OF JAPANESE BEETLE

Damaged turf appears to be suffering from lack of water, turns brown in irregular patches. The grass is severed at roots and can be peeled off. Use Scotts Pest Control to kill these grubs.



CHINCH BUGS under glass, magnified seven times. Chinch bugs attack grass by piercing their tiny beaks into the grass stems to suck out juices. The grass wilts, then turns brown. Chinch bugs are active in full sun only. Unless their activities are checked, they will eventually destroy large patches of turf. They are especially active in hot, dry weather from early June until frost. Use Scotts Pest Control to kill these insects.

ORDER BY TELEPHONE SAVE TIME



Phone your order to us. Our Telephone order desk is well staffed so that your inquiries and orders will be handled understandingly. Free delivery in Greenwich, and also to such outlying districts as Port Chester, Harrison, White Plains, Mount Kisco, Stamford, and New Canaan.

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GREENWICH
8-6788
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Selected Grasses and Field Seeds

Prices on separate grasses and field seeds are subject to market fluctuations and therefore are subject to change without notice.

Creeping Red Fescue. A permanent lawn grass that is particularly adapted to the shade. It spreads from the roots, making a dense turf which tends to crowd out weeds. Because of its deep roots, it is capable of standing dry weather. Grows well in sunny areas also. Lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$9.50; 25 lbs. \$22.50.

Kentucky Blue Grass. Used mostly as a lawn grass. A permanent type of grass that produces dense, tough sod of a deep green color. It is slow in becoming established. Lb. \$1.10; 10 lbs. \$10.00; 25 lbs. \$23.75.

Fancy Red Top. A nurse grass that lives about three years on turf kept cut. It gives a fine texture the first year of growth and then becomes quite coarse during the second and third years. It makes quick growth, and nurses the permanent grasses until they become established. Lb. \$1.10; 10 lbs. \$10.00; 25 lbs. \$23.75.

Timothy. A tall-growing meadow grass used mostly for hay and pasture. Grows quickly. Lb. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.00; 25 lbs. \$8.75.

Colonial Bent. This permanent grass, very fine in texture, is similar to that used on putting greens. Spreads rapidly by creeping underground roots. Requires close cutting and plenty of moisture. Lb. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$18.00; 25 lbs. \$40.00.

Domestic Rye Grass. Also known as Common Rye Grass. A quick grower often used in lawn grass seed mixtures as a nurse grass to prevent the soil from washing. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.75; 25 lbs. \$6.25.

Orchard Grass. A field grass used in pastures and meadows. Lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50; 25 lbs. \$10.00.

Perennial Rye Grass. A short-lived perennial lasting three to four years. Used as a nurse grass in lawn seed mixtures and also in meadow mixtures for hay and pasture. Good for a temporary lawn. Lb. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.25; 25 lbs. \$10.00.

Poa trivialis. Rough-stalked Meadow Grass. This variety of Blue Grass is available again. Thrives in shaded lawn areas. Deep green in color. Lb. \$1.50; 10 lbs. \$13.50.

Italian Rye Grass. A good temporary grass to grow in shaded areas. It is coarse in texture, like the other rye grasses. Lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.75; 25 lbs. \$8.75.

New Zealand Chewing's Fescue. A permanent grass particularly adapted to the shade. The blades are very fine and wiry and are gray-green in color. Its deep roots and tough texture makes it a very hardy and durable grass. It will also grow in sunny areas. Lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$9.50; 25 lbs. \$22.50.

Domestic Red Clover. Adds to the value of any meadow or pasture crop. Since it takes nitrogen from the air and puts it into the soil, it is a real soil improver. Lb. \$1.10; 10 lbs. \$10.00.



McARDLE'S Quality Grass Seed

Mixtures especially adapted to Greenwich and vicinity.

Grass Mixtures for Sunny Places

Turf-Maker

Highest quality lawn seed available anywhere. Blended to produce fine permanent lawns. Contains Certified Colonial Bent, Illahee Creeping Red Fescue, heavyweight Kentucky Blue Grass, and Fancy Red Top. Lb. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$6.80; 25 lbs. \$33.75; 50 lbs. \$66.50.

McArdle's Special. Our own special mixture particularly adapted to soil conditions in this locality. Possesses exceptional staying qualities and produces a rich green lawn of thick growth. Lb. \$1.20; 5 lbs. \$5.75; 25 lbs. \$27.50; 100 lbs. \$105.00.

Sunilawn. Although Sunilawn has a rougher texture than the higher-priced mixtures, we consider it very practical. It grows well under rough soil conditions and contains white clover, which we highly recommend. Lb. 95 cts.; 5 lbs. \$4.50; 25 lbs. \$21.25; 100 lbs. \$80.00.

Plant White Clover with Grass Seed

For sunny locations we recommend using 5 to 10% White Clover in a grass seed mixture. It stays green in dry weather and it helps to crowd out crab grass. For best results use the new Wild White Clover, which is more compact and much more durable than the Common White Clover.

Wild White Clover. Lb. \$2.50.
Common White Clover. Lb. \$1.65.

Grass Mixtures for Shady Places

Tru-Shade

The perfect companion for Turf-Maker. Blended of the finest shade-tolerant grasses. Contains Illahee Creeping Red Fescue, Poa trivialis, Chewing's Fescue, Velvet Bent and Fancy Red Top. Lb. \$1.45; 5 lbs. \$7.00; 25 lbs. \$34.80; 50 lbs. \$68.85.

McArdle's Shady. Another one of our special mixtures particularly adapted to shady areas in this vicinity. Contains Fescue, Kentucky Blue Grass, and Rye Grass. Lb. \$1.20; 5 lbs. \$5.75; 25 lbs. \$27.50; 100 lbs. \$105.00.

Seaside Mixture

A special mixture of hardy grasses for use in the vicinity of salt water. Contains Seaside Bent, Kentucky Blue, Chewing's Fescue, Creeping Red Fescue, and Fancy Red Top. Use 1 lb. per 100 sq. ft. Lb. \$1.25; 5 lbs. \$6.00; 25 lbs. \$28.75; 100 lbs. \$110.00.

Meadow Grass Mixture

An ideal mixture for meadows and pasture. Use 50 lbs. per acre. Contains Timothy, Perennial Rye Grass, Orchard Grass, and Red Clover. Lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50; 25 lbs. \$15.50; 100 lbs. \$60.00.



Annual Flower Seeds for Your Garden

Summer and autumn gardens would be dull indeed were it not for the wide variety of annual flowers which we can all enjoy with little effort. Our gardens are becoming more important in our every-day lives as a place where we can spend leisure hours for relaxation and we are naturally anxious to make them gay and bright.

Most of the annuals are easy to grow. For early bloom, seed can be started in a hotbed or coldframe. However, many amateurs find it easy to sow seed directly in the open ground as soon as all danger of frost has passed. Since most annuals transplant easily, it is best to prepare a small area and use it as a seed-bed. As the plants develop in size, they can be set out in beds and borders. If you are planning a cutting garden, you will find it easiest to grow annuals in straight rows. This simple arrangement provides for easy and effective maintenance.

Annuals can be used to brighten and lend interest to your perennial and shrub plantings. They can be used in formal beds or in broad informal borders. It is always fun to experiment with plantings in separate colors. By choosing distinctive varieties you can often achieve unusual effects.

In the pages that follow we have selected the outstanding annuals which are most popular at the present time. However, there are some gardeners who may not find their special favorites listed here. Space does not permit the listing of every variety which we have in stock. Tell us your needs and we will be glad to supply them.

AGERATUM, Blue Cap. 4 in. A free-flowering variety of compact, uniform habit. Just the thing for edging your flower beds. Blooms all season until frost. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.25; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$2.00.

Blue Perfection. 8 in. Where a taller border plant is needed this variety is "tops." A useful cut-flower. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 60 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

Midget Blue. 4 in. A favorite with many garden enthusiasts for its miniature form and its trueness to type. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.50.

ALYSSUM, SWEET, Little Gem. 4 in. The indispensable white border plant, free-flowering and compact in habit. Cut it back in late summer for additional bloom. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

Violet Queen. 4 in. The flowers are bright violet and the plants make a flat mass 10 inches or more across. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.; oz. \$2.50.

ANCHUSA capensis, Blue Bird. Cape Forget-me-not. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. A free-blooming annual with clusters of vivid indigo-blue flowers. Blooms early summer until fall. It does not transplant readily; sow seed where plants are to bloom. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.

Antirrhinum · Snapdragon

Thanks to work done at the University of California, we can now offer you rust-resistant strains of Snapdragon. These new strains have greatly lessened the problem of growing this attractive garden flower. Popular for cutting.

Alaska. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Glistening white. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

Campfire. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Pure luminous scarlet with rich dark red foliage. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

Canary-Yellow. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. The yellow spires are attractive in the garden and delightful in flower arrangements. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

Copper Shades. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. All the glowing tints of autumn are found in this strain, varying from copper-orange to old gold. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

Loveliness. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Pure soft rose-pink. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

Rosalie. 2 ft. Rich deep rose with amber shading. Truly a delightful color combination. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

University of California Mixture. A top-notch mixture especially desirable for the cutting garden. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 90 cts.

ARCTOTIS grandis. African Daisy. 2 to 3 ft. The pure white daisies, 2 inches across, have mauve centers with lilac coloring on the reverse of the petals. A most attractive annual. Pkt. 15 cts.

Large-flowering Hybrids. 10 in. Dwarf compact plants with large daisy-like flowers in shades of white, yellow, brown and many others. Blooms all summer and fall. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

Aster

The old-time China Asters have been greatly improved in recent years and the wilt-resistant strains make them easy to grow. In late summer and autumn these showy annuals provide an abundance of color and an unbeatable source of cut-flowers.

Crego (Ostrich Feather). $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. The plants are of free-branching habit and the large double blooms with delightfully curled petals are long lasting in the garden. **Crimson. White. Blue. Purple. Shell-Pink. Rose.** Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts. **Mixed**, pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60 cts.

COLLECTION GIANT CREGO ASTERS

5 pkts., one each of 5 separate colors, White. Blue. Purple. Shell-Pink. Rose. 95 cts.

Giant Branching, Wilt-resistant. 2 to 3 ft. From mid-summer to frost they flower profusely. Blooms are $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 inches across and fully double. **Crimson. White. Shell-Pink. Rose. Blue. Purple.** Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts. **Mixed**, pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60 cts.

Queen of the Market. An early variety. If seed is started early inside, they bloom as early as June. Plants grow 18 inches tall; flowers are fully double, but not quite as large as above varieties. **White. Crimson. Blue. Purple. Pink. Rose.** Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts. **Mixed**, pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60 cts.

Single Giants of California. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. The single Asters are preferred by many for their simple beauty of form. **Crimson. White. Rose. Shell-Pink. Blue. Mixed.** Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.

BALSAM. Lady Slipper. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. A tender annual that assumes the form of a miniature tree. Each branch is topped with clusters of double, rosette-like blooms. An interesting pot-plant. **Pink. Red. White.** Each variety, pkt. 25 cts. **Double Mixed**, pkt. 15 cts.

BEGONIA. For greenhouse culture and for bedding outside. The showy Begonias are an abundant source of color through the season. For outdoor use start seed in January.

Christmas Cheer (B. semperflorens). Crimson-scarlet. Dark green foliage. **Christmas Pink.** Rose-pink. Dark green foliage. Each variety, pkt. 75 cts.

White Pearl. 10 in. Pure white with green foliage. Pkt. \$1.00.

BRACHYCOME. Swan River Daisy. 10 in. Lacy foliage clothes the slender stems of this daisy-like annual with blooms of blue, white or lavender, often marked with dark zones. **Mixed**, pkt. 15 cts.

BROWALLIA speciosa (major). 1 ft. For shady gardens, or as a pot-plant, the choice star-shaped flowers of bright blue are decidedly attractive. For outdoor use the plants must be started in February. Pkt. 75 cts.

CALCEOLARIA hybrida. 15 in. Bushy, shapely plants with clean foliage. Adapted only for greenhouse culture. Pkt. \$1.00.

Calendula · Pot-Marigold

$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Favorites for generations, these showy flowers were familiar in Shakespeare's day. For broad masses in the garden this free-flowering annual is well worth growing.

Apricot Beauty. A new and lovelier apricot with larger flowers and longer stems than the older varieties. Pkt. 25 cts.

Ball's Lemon Queen. The lemon-yellow flowers are accentuated with a dark eye. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 45 cts.

Ball's Orange Queen. Bright orange blooms of immense size. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 45 cts.

Campfire. A recent introduction of brilliant orange. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 45 cts.

Yellow Colossal. Unusually large flowers of golden yellow. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.

Special Mixture. Full of surprises, this Mixture contains many delightful shades that look well arranged in old-time pottery. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40 cts.

ALL KINDS OF ANNUAL PLANTS ON SALE FROM MAY 1 TO JULY 1

CALLIOPSIS, Special Mixture. 2 to 3½ ft. One of the easiest annuals to grow, it often resows and will appear in the garden year after year. The single and semi-double flowers come in yellow, orange and red shades and in combinations of these colors. Blooms from early summer until frost. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼oz. 45 cts.

CANARY-BIRD FLOWER. 10 to 15 ft. Very dainty climber with nasturtium-like flowers of canary-yellow, which appear like small canary birds from a distance. Pkt. 25 cts.

CANDYTUFT, Umbellata. 1 ft. A quick-blooming annual (eight weeks from seed). You can use it for an edging or in broad masses. Sow seed thinly and make successive plantings for a continuous supply of cut-flowers.

Carmine. Pink. White. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 35 cts.

Mixed, pkt. 10 cts.; ¼oz. 30 cts.

CARDINAL CLIMBER. Dark green foliage with cardinal-scarlet blooms, 1 to 1½ inches across. Very spectacular. Vines grow 15 feet tall. Blooms all summer until fall. Pkt. 25 cts.

CARNATIONS, Chabaud's Giants. 1½ ft. Bloom in five months from seed. Vigorous in growth, pleasing in color range and free blooming, these fragrant Carnations are a welcome addition to the home garden.

Maroon. Rose. White. Yellow. Each variety, pkt. 35 cts.; ½oz. \$1.00.

Mixed. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 90 cts.

Celosia

Curious and interesting are these colorful annuals which flower in several forms. Start the seed early indoors or in a coldframe or outdoors in May. Blooms from midsummer until frost.

Childs, Mixed. Chinese Woolflower. 2½ ft. Sturdy and free branching in habit. The blooms, like balls of wool, are borne at the ends of the stems of pyramidal plants. Shades of pink, yellow, red. **Mixed** only, pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.

Cristata. Cockscomb. The unique flowers of plush-like texture resemble a huge cockscomb and appear in shades of red and yellow.

Gilbert's Green-Gold. 3 ft. Beautiful shades of greenish gold. Pkt. 25 cts.

Gilbert's Maple Gold. 3 ft. Maple-pink heads vary in color from light to deep pink tipped with gold. Pkt. 25 cts.

Gilbert's Rose Beauty. 3 ft. Pure rose-pink, with extra-large flower head. A beautiful cut-flower. Pkt. 25 cts.

Tall Royal Velvet. 2 ft. Very rich crimson. Foliage is bronzy green with reddish margins. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.

Tall Mixed. 2 ft. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 40 cts.

Plumosa. 2 ft. Like gay ostrich plumes, the long wavy flower spikes on sturdy stems make a brilliant display in late summer and autumn.

Crimson. Orange. Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 35 cts.; ¼oz. 60 cts.

Pride of Castle Gould. A selected Plumosa mixture. The compact, pyramidal plants produce immense flower heads of all colors including red, salmon, orange and gold. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 80 cts.

CHRYSANTHEMUM, Annual. Painted Daisy. 2 to 4 ft. Sow the seed indoors early or outdoors in May. Many varieties, both single and double, are available in a multitude of colors. Especially desirable for broad masses and a convenient source of cut-flowers. Blooms July to October. **Mixed Varieties,** pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

Eclipse. 20 in. Brown and yellow. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

The Sultan. 20 in. Dark copper with yellow ring. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

Centaurea

Cyanus. Double Cornflower or Bachelors-Button. 2½ ft. Like Calliopsis this easy-to-grow annual often self-sows, reappearing in the garden year after year, but for pure colors you must plant each year.

White. Crimson. Rose.

Black Boy. Rich blackish maroon.

Blue Boy. Large blooms of deep blue.

Jubilee Gem. 1 ft. A compact variety of vivid blue.

Double Mixed. A wide range of colors effective for mass planting.

Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 45 cts.

Imperialis. Sweet Sultan. 2 ft. The large fluffy flowers on long stems look like suspended tassels. Something different for flower arrangements.

Lavender. Rose. White. Yellow. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. 70 cts. **Mixed.** Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. 60 cts.

Gymnocarpa. Dusty Miller. 1½ ft. Silvery gray foliage in compact shrub-like masses. An attractive edging plant. Fern-like foliage. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

CINERARIA, Cremer's Prize Strain. 22 in. Large flowers and fine color-range. Resistant to wilt. An improvement on other strains. Adapted for greenhouse culture only. Pkt. \$1.50.

CLARKIA elegans. 2 ft. Double, small, dainty rose-like flowers appear along the wiry stems of this unusual annual. Mostly used for bedding.

White Prince. Salmonea. Scarlet Queen, Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. 90 cts.

COLEUS, Rainbow Mixed. For bedding or as house plants this colorful-leaved plant has long been popular. For best coloring grow in full sun. Pkt. 35 cts.

Cosmos

Worthwhile annuals for colorful effects in the garden. Cosmos requires little care and blooms abundantly until frost kills it. Desirable as cut-flowers, and large tree-like plants lend themselves for background effects in borders.

Double, Early-flowering. 3 to 4 ft. New hybrids with crested centers, a large number of the plants come true from seed. Early summer to frost.

Pink. White. Red. Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

Lady Lenox. 5 to 6 ft. The pride of late autumn gardens with unusually large blooms. Very late to bloom.

Crimson. Pink. White. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.

Mammoth, Early-flowering. 4 ft. A strain which comes into flower in early summer.

Crimson. Pink. White. Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

Orange Flare. For brilliant effects in hot, dry places this variety is worth growing. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 45 cts.

Sensation. 4 to 5 ft. A recent All-America Selection chosen for its immense flowers with fluted petals, blooming in about ten weeks from seed.

Pink. Red. White. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

Sensation, Dazzler. 5 ft. Dark crimson blooms measuring 4 inches across. Rugged plants. All-America Selection. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

Sensation, Radiance. 4 to 6 ft. Deep rose overlaid rich crimson toward the center. All-America Silver Medal Winner. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 60 cts.; ¼oz. \$1.00.

Yellow Flare. Golden yellow form of the popular Orange Cosmos. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

CLEOME, Pink Queen. 4 ft. A new All-America Selection with large heads of bright pink butterfly-like flowers. Plant it as a background for your annual border or in a shrub planting. Blooms from early summer to late fall. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 90 cts.

CYNOGLOSSUM, Firmament. Chinese Forget-me-not. 1½ ft. A soft shade of blue, this new annual belongs in more gardens. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 45 cts.

DAHLIA. Easily grown from seed. Start the seed in a hotbed in March or out-of-doors in May when danger of frost is over. Will bloom in 12 weeks, and will continue flowering until frost. Excellent for the border and very good for cutting.

Coltness Hybrids. 1½ to 2 ft. Single and semi-double flowers 3 inches or more in diameter on compact plants. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.; ½oz. 70 cts.

Unwin's Hybrids. 1½ to 2 ft. An especially pleasing color range is found in this English strain with its semi-double blooms on compact plants. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

DATURA cornucopia. Trumpet-Flower. 3½ ft. Somewhat coarse-looking plants with enormous trumpet-shaped flowers. Violet on outer side of petals, pure white on the inner side. Pkt. 25 cts.

Double White. 3½ ft. An extraordinary double white form. Pkt. 25 cts.

Dianthus

Annual Pinks, they are often called. Use them for borders, in your cutting garden, or in broad beds. For cutting or for display in the garden they are delightful. Especially adapted for rock-gardens. Blooms July to frost.

Chinensis, Single Mixed. Wide range of colors. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 30 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

Chinensis, Double Mixed. 15 in. Double flowers in wide color-range. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 30 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

Lucifer. 12 in. Double orange-scarlet flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 40 cts.

Salmon Queen. 8 in. Single salmon-scarlet. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 40 cts.

Snowball. 12 in. Double white flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 40 cts.

Westwood Beauty. 12 in. An All-America Winner. Single flowers ranging in color from crimson to deep rose. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 60 cts.

DIDISCUS caerulea. Blue Lace-Flower. 2 ft. The flowers, resembling a miniature wild carrot in form, are soft lavender-blue. A dainty and choice annual to adorn your dinner-table. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 85 cts.

Vaughan's Improved Wilt-resistant Strain. Especially recommended for greenhouse culture. Pkt. 35 cts.

DIMORPHOTHECA aurantiaca. Orange Daisy. 1 ft. This South African Daisy performs well in hot, dry places and makes a continuous show, flaunting its orange flowers throughout the summer. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. 95 cts.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA. California Poppy. 1 ft. Ranging from palest yellow to dark red, the familiar California Poppy is one of those familiar garden flowers that grows readily and blooms abundantly. Often it self-sows. Blooms continually from June until frost.

Aurantiaca. Orange.

Golden West. Yellow.

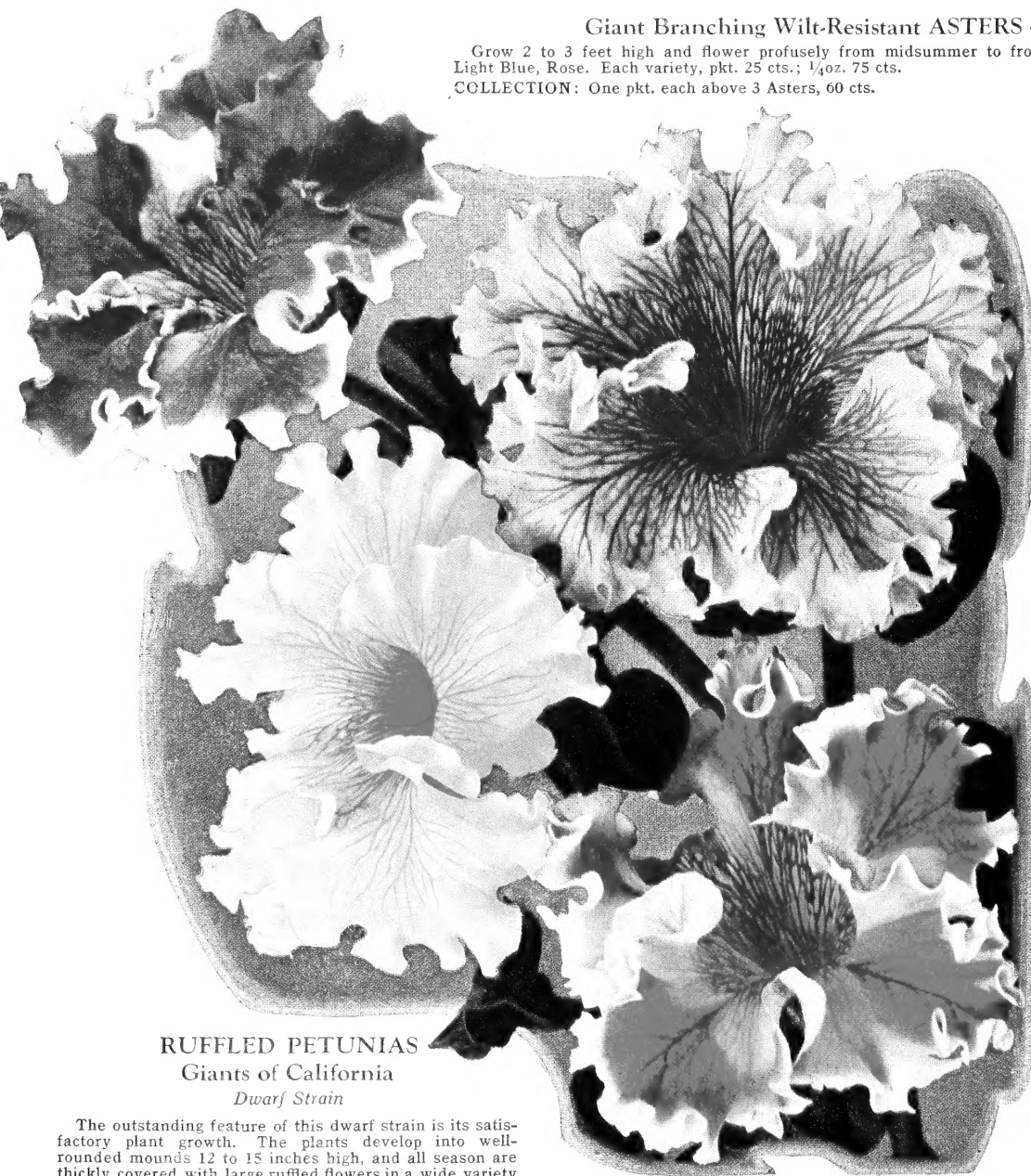
The Geisha. Brilliant gold inside, orange-crimson outside.

Each variety, pkt. 20 cts.; ¼oz. 75 cts.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

Giant Branching Wilt-Resistant ASTERS →

Grow 2 to 3 feet high and flower profusely from midsummer to frost. Shell-pink, Light Blue, Rose. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4oz. 75 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each above 3 Asters, 60 cts.



RUFFLED PETUNIAS

Giants of California

Dwarf Strain

The outstanding feature of this dwarf strain is its satisfactory plant growth. The plants develop into well-rounded mounds 12 to 15 inches high, and all season are thickly covered with large ruffled flowers in a wide variety of color combinations. Pkt. 50 cts.; 5 pkts. \$2.00.

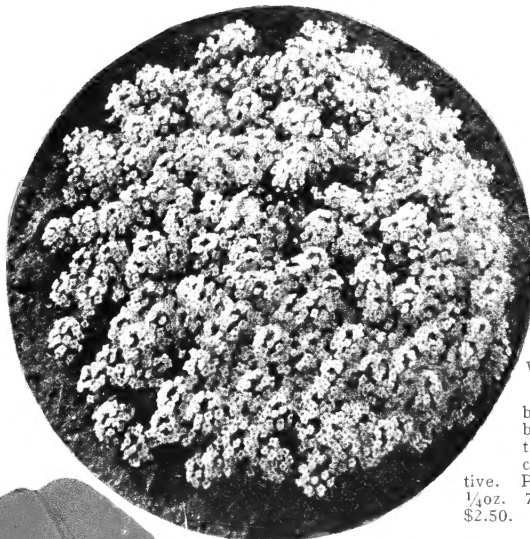
An Ideal Combination →

Ageratum, Midget Blue with Pompon Zinnias in the background. See pages 2 and 9.





COSMOS, Radiance
1948 All-America Silver Medal Winner
The first two-toned Cosmos. Pkt. 25 cts.;
1/4oz. 60 cts.; 1/4oz. \$1.00.



**ALYSSUM,
Violet Queen**

An unusual
bright violet
border plant
that is espe-
cially effec-
tive. Pkt. 15 cts.;
1/4oz. 75 cts.; oz.
\$2.50.



DAHLIA, Unwin's Hybrids

The No. 1 hit in annuals. Excellent for the border and
very good for cutting. Will bloom in 12 weeks, and will
continue flowering until frost. Grows 1 1/2 to 2 feet high.
Pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4oz. 75 cts.



**MORNING-GLORY,
Heavenly Blue**

Unexcelled for its free-
flowering habit. Pkt. 15 cts.;
oz. \$1.00.



CENTAUREA IMPERIALIS (Sweet Sultan)

The annual that is different. Grows 2 to 3 feet high and is won-
derful for flower arrangements. Rose, Lavender, Purple. Each
variety, pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4oz. 70 cts. Mixed, pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4oz. 60 cts.



CELOSIA, Tall Royal Velvet

A rich crimson Cockscomb blooming from mid-
summer to frost. Pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4oz. 50 cts.



CORNFLOWER, Blue Boy
Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4oz. 45 cts.

EUPHORBIA variegata. Snow-on-the-Mountain. 2 ft. Great flat heads of green and white foliage on sturdy stems. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.

GAILLARDIA, Annual, Indian Chief. Blanket-Flower. 1 ft. Compact plants covered with coppery red flowers with brown centers. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.

Lorenziana, Double Mixed. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Produce an abundance of cutting material. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.

Picta, Single Mixed. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. A fine selection of red, orange and yellow kinds. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.

ODETIA, Dwarf Mixed. 1 ft. The bloom spikes resemble miniature gladiolus with flowers of satiny texture in a wide variety of colors. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.

Tall Mixed. 2 ft. Especially recommended for home gardeners who want new and different cut-flowers. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60 cts.

GOURDS, Mixed. 8 to 10 ft. Where space permits and gardeners are curious about plants, there is surely room for gourds. The fruits can be dried for winter decorations or for several household uses. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

GYPHOPHILA alba grandiflora. Babys-Breath. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. A familiar white annual for the cutting garden. Make successive sowings for a continuous supply. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Carminea. A new rose-pink form. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.

HELIANTHUS. Sunflower. Sow seed outside May 15.

Cucumerifolius, Mixed. 5 ft. Old favorites are these cut-and-come-again single Sunflowers. Good background material for an annual garden. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts.

Gigantic Russian. 8 to 9 ft. Large, old-fashioned Sunflowers. Often grown to feed wild birds. Blooms from August until frost. Oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.

Sun Gold. 5 ft. Brilliant golden yellow flowers, 100 per cent double, globe-shaped and 4 inches across. Prefers full sun and will bloom profusely from August until frost. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40 cts.

HELICHRYSUM, Double Mixed. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. The most popular of all the so-called strawflowers which are often dried for winter bouquets. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 90 cts.

HELIOTROPE, Regale Hybrids. 2 ft. Seed can be started indoors in spring or outside in late May. Blooms all summer until frost. This is an improved form with large flower heads. Pkt. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.50.

HOLLYHOCK, Indian Spring. 4 ft. If sown in February will bloom freely in early August. It produces flowers of varying attractive bright rose and rosy carmine shades. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 80 cts.

HUNNEMANNIA, Sunlite. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Sometimes called the Tulip-poppy, this attractive annual is easily recognized by its bright yellow cup-like flowers and lacy blue-green foliage. Blooms from July to frost. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.

Ipomoea • Morning-Glory

Perhaps the most attractive and colorful of all annual vines Morning-Glories can be used to conceal old buildings, fences or unsightly areas. Soak the seed overnight before planting, to hasten germination. Continuous blooming from July to frost.

Heavenly Blue (Clark's Early-flowering). As its name suggests, this is a bright blue variety unexcelled for its free-flowering habit. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

Pearly Gates. A pure white variety which may well be used to accentuate the more intense colors. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85 cts.

IPOMOEA, continued

Scarlett O'Hara. This rich dark red hybrid of recent introduction is without parallel for color and vigor of growth. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85 cts.

Noctiflora. Moonflower. The large white blooms will perfume your garden during summer evenings. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Mixed. An interesting assortment of Morning-Glories that will make a colorful wall hanging on your garden trellis or fence. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

LARKSPUR, Giant Imperial. Annual Delphinium. 3 ft. Seed can be sown early in March in the hotbed or greenhouse and the plants can be set out in early May. Seed can also be sown directly outside in April or in the fall. The Giant Imperial Type branch from the base of the plant and are ideal for cut-flowers. Starts flowering in July.

Blue Spire. Intense oxford-blue.

Dazzler. Rich scarlet.

Exquisite. Soft pink shaded salmon.

Lilac Spire. Lilac.

White King. Pure white.

Mixed.

Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60 cts.; oz. \$1.80

LOBELIA, Crystal Palace compacta. 4 in. This choice blue edging plant is also widely used to add color to window boxes. Blooms from June to frost. Start early. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 95 cts.

LUPINUS Hartwegi. 2 ft. The showy annual Lupins are quick to bloom from seed and add an unusual touch to bouquets. Sow the seed outside in May where you want them to bloom. Flowers in July and August.

Pink. Blue. White. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75 cts.

Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50 cts.

MIGNONETTE, Machet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. An improved form of the old-fashioned fragrant annual with reddish flowers. Blooms all summer. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.

Nasturtium

Another flower easy to grow from seed. Sow May 15 directly where you want it to bloom. A sunny location is required. Blooms early summer until frost.

Double Gleam Type. Flowers are extra large, sweet scented. Plants are semi-dwarf. Ideal for beds and borders. May also be trained upon strings or wire. Excellent for cutting.

**Golden Gleam
Mahogany Gleam
Salmon Gleam**

**Scarlet Gleam
Gleam Hybrids.** A mixture

Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Gem Mixed. 1 ft. A colorful mixture of dwarf double flowers in beautiful shades of yellow, orange, pink, and red. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Dwarf Mixed. 1 ft. The old-fashioned single kind containing all the colors and markings to be had in the single Nasturtium. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Tall Mixed. For banks, slopes, and porches the old-time climbing Nasturtiums are ideal. Good to cover trellises. Can be trained upon string or wire. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

NICOTIANA affinis, White. 3 ft. No garden ever has too many white flowers. This variety is especially desirable for its delightful fragrance. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.

Crimson Bedder. 3 ft. A delightful dark red companion for the white variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50 cts.

Affinis Hybrids, Mixed. Contains white, pink, lavender and red kinds. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts.

NEMESIA, Large-flowering Hybrids. 1 ft. Free flowering and showy; orchid-like flowers of white, orange, pink, blue, etc. Very good in borders. Likes cool weather. Pkt. 15 cts.

NIEREMBERGIA hippomanica. 6 in. This choice new plant makes a well-rounded mound of finely cut foliage. The lavender-purple flowers, averaging 1 inch in diameter, are marked with yellow eyes. Blooms in five months from seed and stays in bloom all summer. Pkt. 50 cts.

NIGELLA, Miss Jekyll. Love-in-a-Mist. 2 ft. Sky-blue, cupped blossoms; lace-like foliage. Easily grown from seed. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.

Petunia

America Alldouble. 15 in. A true double rose-pink variety resembling a carnation of uniform habit. Free flowering, and long lasting as a cut-flower. All-America Selection. Pkt. 50 cts.

Balcony. 15 in. These tall-growing single Petunias are noted for their large blooms measuring 3 to 4 inches across. They can be used in beds, borders, in porch and window-boxes and can be counted upon for a brilliant display of color over a long period.

Pink. Red. Rose. White. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75 cts.

Colossal Shades of Rose. 20 in. The largest double Petunia known. An attractive blending of rose shades ranging from rose-pink to rosy mauve. Blooms in great profusion; unexcelled for cutting. All-America Silver Medal Winner. Pkt. \$1.00.

Dainty Lady. Delicate golden yellow blooms of medium size with fringed edges. Pkt. 50 cts.

Elk's Pride. Large; velvety violet. A superb variety. Pkt. 50 cts.

English Violet. 15 in. Deep purplish violet blooms—truly an unusual color. All-America Selection. Pkt. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.25.

Giants of California. Large fringed flowers in a wide variety of colors. Pkt. 50 cts.

Glow. 1 ft. Dazzling carmine-red blooms measuring more than 2 inches across. Fine bushy habit. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 60 cts.

Glowing Rose. 10 in. Beautiful glowing rose-colored flowers, larger than other low-growing varieties. Blooms early and is ideal for low borders and edging. Pkt. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

Heavenly Blue. 1 ft. Bright silvery lilac-blue. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75 cts.

Igloo. 1 ft. Very compact in habit is this new variety with creamy white flowers having yellow throats. Free flowering and uniform in growth. All-America Selection. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75 cts.

Pink Sensation. 2 ft. Rose-pink with deeper pink veining. Excellent for large beds. Its long stems make it a very good cut-flower also. Pkt. 50 cts.

Rosy Morn. 15 in. A shade of rose with a white throat. An old favorite. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75 cts.

Salmon Supreme. 1 ft. Light salmon. Pkt. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.50.

Snowball. 1 ft. Pure white flowers; compact plants. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 90 cts.

Snowball Improved. 10 in. Pure white. A lower, more compact form of Snowball. Blooms profusely. Pkt. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

Snowstorm. Unusually large white flowers with wavy edges. Pkt. 50 cts.

Sutton's Blue Bedder. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Popular mid-blue color. Good bedding variety. Also does well as a pot-plant. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 90 cts.

PETUNIA, continued

White Beauty. Large, pure white, fringed. Pkt. 50 cts.
De Luxe Bedding Mixture. A multicolored bed or border of Petunias is a never-ending source of color. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.; ¼oz. \$1.25.

PHLOX Drummondii grandiflora. 1 ft. The familiar annual Phlox has been greatly improved in color-range, in size of bloom, and in vigor. An adaptable annual which can be widely used in a garden; also an excellent cut-flower.

Red Glory, Salmon Glory, White, Yellow, Violet. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

Mixed. A broad mass has the appearance of a Persian carpet. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

Star Mixed. The petals of the individual florets resemble a star in shape. Showy colors. Pkt. 25 cts.

POPPY, Shirley Mixed. 20 in. A multitude of colors is included in this mixture. Scatter the seed broadcast and remember that the seedlings are not easily transplanted. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼oz. 30 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

PORTULACA. 4 in. In hot, dry places, in rocky outcroppings, or for a trim border, Portulaca is an easy annual that repays handsomely with an abundance of color.

Single Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.; ¼oz. 85 cts.

Double Mixed. Double blooms resembling miniature roses in form. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 85 cts.; ¼oz. \$1.50.

RICINUS. Castor-Bean. 6 to 8 ft. This showy tropical plant is often used to make a temporary screen, or may be grown to amuse children. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

SALPICLOSSIS. Painted-Tongue. 3 ft. A truly aristocratic annual producing tall, well-branched plants. The trumpet-shaped flowers in exquisite colors are suspended on long wiry stems. A well-grown mass of this lovely annual is without comparison. In bloom from July to frost.

Emperor Mixed. A well-chosen selection. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 40 cts.

Dwarf Mixed. 2 ft. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 40 cts.

SALVIA farinacea, Royal Blue. 3 ft. The long spikes of bright blue flowers and the gray-green foliage make an attractive mass in the garden. Actually a perennial, it can be depended upon to bloom in late summer and fall if seed is sown indoors in March. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 95 cts.

Splendens, Bonfire. 1½ ft. Compact grower with fiery red flower spikes. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. \$1.00.

SANVITALIA procumbens. 6 in. This low-growing, so-called Creeping Zinnia has double yellow flowers with black centers. May be used for a ground-cover or for window-boxes or borders. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

SCABIOSA. Pincushion-Flower. 3 ft. These tall-growing annuals are vigorous growers producing long wiry stems, topped by large fluffy blooms which resemble a small pincushion, hence the common name. This annual is also important because of its wide color-range, and the blooms are delightful in summer bouquets. We are glad to offer separate colors as well as the special mixture.

Black, Crimson, Peachblossom, White, Yellow. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.

Special Mixture. All the favorite colors are included. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½oz. 45 cts.

Blue Moon. 2 ft. Compact grower of lovely lavender-blue coloring. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

SCHIZANTHUS, Pansy-flowered Strain. 1½ to 2 ft. The individual florets are unusually large and beautifully marked; especially desirable for greenhouse culture. Pkt. 50 cts.

STATICE sinuata, Mixed. 2½ ft. Often called the Winged Strawflower, this sturdy annual produces unusual linear groups of bloom in shades of pink, white and yellow. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 35 cts.

Stock

This old-fashioned annual has been greatly improved in recent years. The bushy plants must be kept in vigorous growth if they are to bloom well. They produce sturdy spikes of rosette-like bloom in a pleasing array of colors.

Bismarck. 2½ ft. This strain, also known as Early Giant Imperial, is available in separate colors. **Antique Copper, Lavender, Purple, Rose, Yellow.** Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. \$1.00; ¼oz. \$1.75.

Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 85 cts.; ¼oz. \$1.50.

Ten-Weeks Strain. 1½ ft. Compact in growth, this strain comes into bloom in approximately ten weeks. Separate colors, each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.; ¼oz. \$1.25.

"Non-Branching" Column. 3 ft. This strain is especially desirable for greenhouse forcing. Each plant produces a single long handsome spike of double bloom. **White, Pink, Rose, Silvery Lilac, Yellow.** Each variety, pkt. 50 cts.; ½oz. \$1.75.

Sweet Peas

Sow as early as possible in spring. Plant seed ¼ inch deep and 1 inch apart in rows. When plants are 4 inches high, thin to 6 inches apart. Wire or brush 5 feet high should be used to support vines. The early varieties come into bloom three to four weeks earlier than the Giant Spencer varieties.

Cuthbertson's. An outstanding new class of Sweet Peas blooming earlier than the summer-flowering varieties but more resistant to high summer temperatures than any other strain of Sweet Peas. Also excellent for greenhouse.

Billy. Light carmine.

Carol. Pink.

Danny. Navy blue.

Evelyn. Salmon-cream-pink.

Frank G. Rosy lavender.

Hazel. Light blue.

Janet. Black-seeded white.

Jessie. Mauve.

Lois. Rose-pink.

Tommy. Clear medium blue.

Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 60 cts.; oz. \$1.00

Giant Spencer Varieties

Flagship. Navy blue.

Gigantic. White.

King Lavender

Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 40 cts.; oz. 70 cts.;

¼lb. \$2.30

Giant Spencer Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ¼lb. \$2.00.

TITHONIA, Avalon Earliest. 8 to 10 ft. Improved early-flowering strain with immense single blooms varying from orange-topaz through tangerine. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 60 cts.

TORENIA Fournieri. 1 ft. Curious individual blooms of bluish purple marked with yellow centers; the stamens assume the form of a wish-bone. A useful annual for shady places. Pkt. 25 cts.; 5 pkts. \$1.00.

VERBENA. This trailing annual, with its large heads of fragrant bloom, is attractive for planting on slopes in broad masses and as borders of formal beds. Also often used in window-boxes. Unusually hardy and free blooming. For best results, start seed in March indoors or in a hot-bed. Blooms from July to frost.

Blue Sentinel. 1 ft. Rich navy blue, a most unusual shade. A dwarf, erect type. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. \$1.00.

Floradale Beauty. 15 in. Rich salmon-rose. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

Hybrida. Blue, Red, Violet, White. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

VINCA rosea. 1 ft. The glossy green foliage makes a pleasing background for the clusters of single blooms. Widely used in borders and individual beds. Start the seed in February or March. Will bloom from July to frost.

Pink, White, Red. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 60 cts.

Zinnias

These indispensable garden annuals grow with a minimum of care, producing an abundance of bloom in any sunny location even under dry conditions. The seed may be sown in the hotbed or coldframe, or later in the open ground from May 15 to July 1. Plants should be set out in the garden about 2 feet apart. Continuous blooming from early summer until frost.

Dahlia-flowered. 2½ to 3 ft. These are the large, full, double blooms of considerable size. Separate colors in pastel shades are offered because of their great popularity.

Canary Bird. Yellow.

Crimson Monarch. The richest and best red.

Dream. Warm lavender.

Exquisite. Light rose-pink.

Polar Bear. White.

Purple Prince. Deep purple.

Scarlet Flame. Brilliant scarlet.

Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 65 cts.; oz. \$2.00

Dahlia-flowered Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½oz. 60 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

Scabiosa-flowered, Mixed. Blooms are similar in form to a typical Scabiosa flower and each is accentuated with a row of gray petals. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

Mexicana Hybrids. Curiously striped Zinnia of medium size. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.

Fantasy. 2½ to 3 ft. The shaggy petals give the blooms the appearance of a cactus dahlia. Medium size, attractive.

Orange Lady. Rich orange.

Rosalie. Brilliant rose.

Stardust. Golden yellow.

White Light. Pure white.

Wildfire. Red.

Mixed.

Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 65 cts.

Pumila (Cut-and-Come-Again). A Zinnia that is intermediate in size between the Giants and the Pompons. Grows about 2 feet high. Fully double flowers about 2½ inches across. Blooms from midsummer until frost.

Fire Ball. Red.

Snowball. White.

Golden Ball. Golden orange. **Spun Gold.** Butter-yellow.

Pinkie. Rose-pink.

Mixed.

Salmon-Rose

Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50

Lilliput. Pompon Zinnia. 2 ft. Unlike the large-flowered kinds which are noted for their immense blooms, the Lilliput Zinnias are of miniature form but equally attractive. Their small, well-formed flowers are produced continuously on bushy plants.

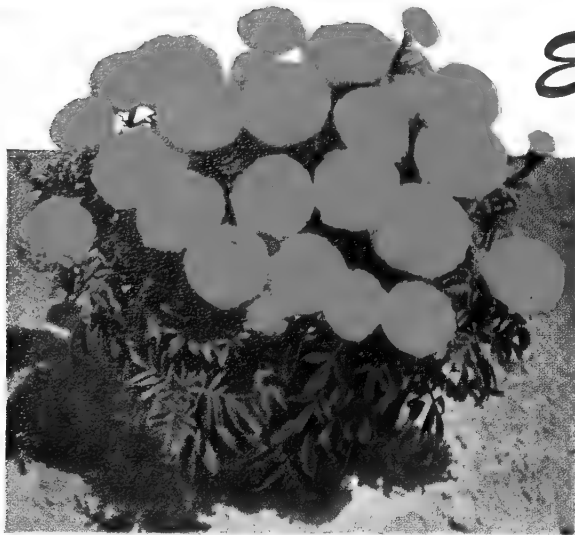
Crimson, Orange, Pastel Shades, Purple, Rose, Salmon-Pink, Yellow, White, Mixed.

Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50

Linearis. 1 ft. Single orange-yellow blooms with darker markings are produced in great abundance on wiry stems. A most useful summer border annual continuously in bloom. Recent observations prove that this Zinnia is resistant to infestations of Japanese beetles. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.

See also page 9

Easy-to-Grow MARIGOLDS



MARIGOLD, Sunkist

Dwarf Double French. 9 in. An All-America Selection. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.

MARIGOLDS

Flowers all summer and fall. Good for cutting and very easy to grow. Be sure to plant in a sunny location. Start seed indoors about March 15, or directly outside about May 15. Plants may be set out when danger of frost is over.

Burpee Gold Improved. Carnation Flowered. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Foliage is odorless. Flowers are $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 inches across, of bright orange color. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.25.

Butterball. 8 in. Canary-yellow, scabiosa-like flowers with crested centers. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 45 cts.

Chrysanthemum-flowered Hybrids. 3 ft. Flowers are curved like a chrysanthemum. A fine mixture of many varieties from the deepest red-orange to bright yellow. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 60 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

Flaming Fire. Tall Single French. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Single flowers 2 inches across of flaming red and yellow. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.

Flash. Dwarf Single French. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. An All-America Silver Medal Winner. Flowers are single, $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches across, and come in a bright combination of colors which range from vivid red through bronze and yellow. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.25.

Guinea Gold. Carnation Flowered. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Brilliant orange flowers flushed with gold. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60 cts.

Harmony. Dwarf Double French. 1 ft. Scabiosa-like blooms of deep orange and brown. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40 cts.

Legion of Honor. Dwarf Single French. 9 in. Also known as Little Brownie. Yellow flower blotched brown. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40 cts.

Lemon Queen. African Double. 4 ft. Chrysanthemum-like, lemon-yellow flowers of excellent form and large size. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 90 cts.

Limelight. Chrysanthemum Flowered. 20 in. The lightest in color of all Marigolds, a pale primrose-yellow. Early and free flowering. The flower measures $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85 cts.

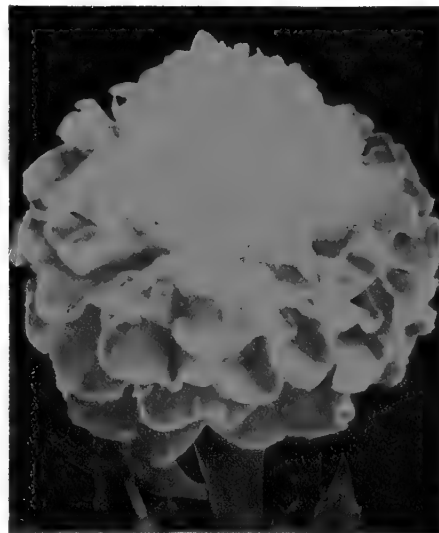
Naughty Marietta. 1 ft. Golden yellow with maroon base. All-America Silver Medal Winner. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75 cts.

Orange Queen. African Double. 4 ft. The attractive orange companion of Lemon Queen. The large orange blooms are borne on strong, sturdy stems. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 90 cts.



MARIGOLD, Scarlet Glow

The brightest red of all Dwarf Double French Marigolds. Plants grow 10 inches tall. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75 cts.



MARIGOLD, Spry

An All-America Silver Medal Winner. Especially adapted for beds, borders, and edgings. Plants grow 9 inches high. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85 cts.



MARIGOLD, Yellow Supreme

The carnation-flowered Marigold that grows 4 feet high. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85 cts.

Special Odorless Foliage Mixture. Carnation Flowered. 20 to 39 in. Mixture of deep orange, gold, yellow, and primrose colors. Foliage is free of the usual Marigold odor. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 55 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

Sunset Giants. Double African. $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. A rich mixture of yellow and orange shades. In bloom from midsummer until frost. Flowers vary in size; sometimes they are as large as 5 inches across. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.

Yellow Pygmy. Dwarf Double French. 8 in. Tiny yellow blooms an inch in diameter. Very free flowering, and the plants are very compact. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85 cts.

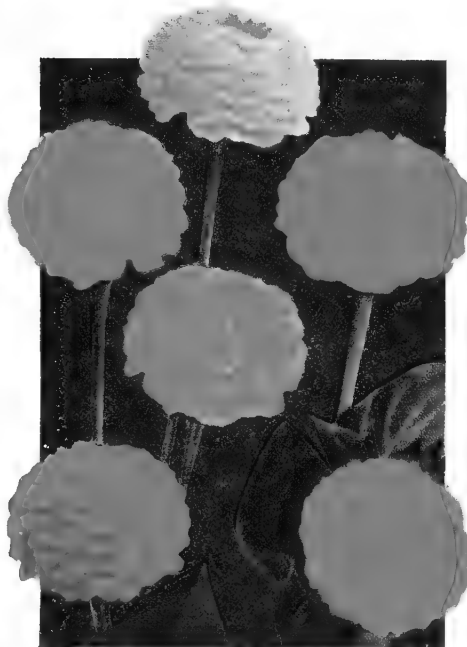
Signata Pumila (Tagetes). Very often planted among rocks and often used as a border plant. This tiny single golden orange Marigold is very free flowering and makes a dense compact bush full of bloom all summer. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 60 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.



ZINNIA, Scabiosa-flowered, Mixed

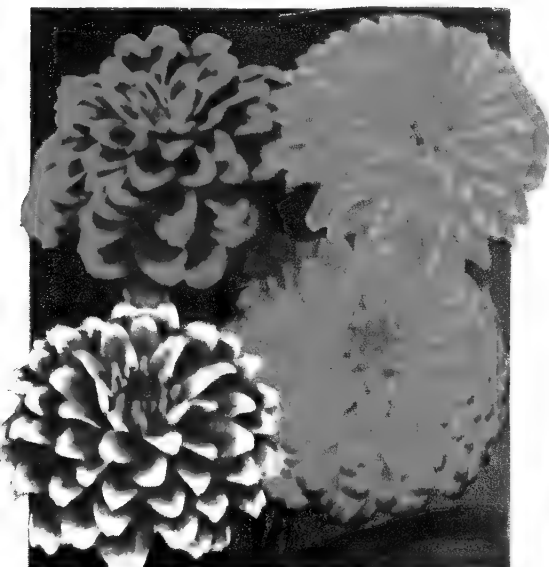
Note the resemblance in form to a typical Scabiosa flower. Plants grow 2½ to 3 feet tall. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. 75 cts.

ZINNIAS



**ZINNIA, Lilliput
Pompon Zinnia. 2 ft.**

Crimson, Orange, Pastel Shades, Purple,
Rose, Salmon-Pink, Yellow, White, Mixed.
Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50



ZINNIA, Mexicana Hybrids
Grows 18 inches high. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

Zinnia, California Giants (Mammoth). 3 to 4 ft. Double flowers 5 to 6 inches across. The flowers are more flattened than the Dahlia-flowered type. Ideal for cutting.

Golden Queen. Lemon-yellow.
Lavender Gem. Deep lavender.
Miss Willmott. Soft pink.
Orange King. Brilliant orange.
(Illustrated.)

Rose Queen. Clear rose. (Illustrated.)
Salmon Queen. Salmon-rose.
Scarlet King. Glowing scarlet. (Illustrated.)

Violet Queen. Deep purple.

Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 65 cts.; oz. \$2.00

ZINNIA, California Giants. 3 ft.

Rose Queen

Orange King

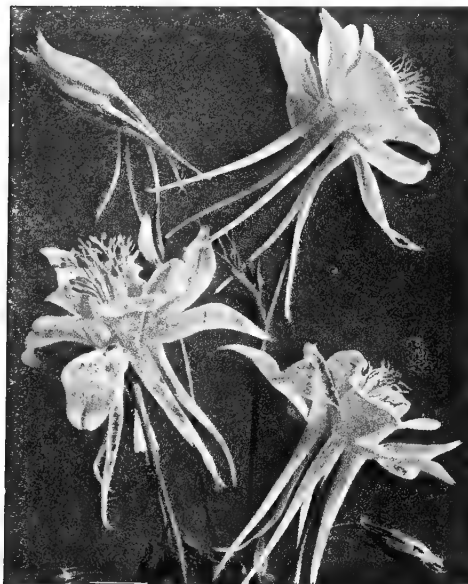
Scarlet King

Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 65 cts.; oz. \$2.00



Perennial and Biennial Flower Seeds

Many hardy perennials and biennials (plants which require two years to produce bloom, after which they set seed and die) are easily grown from seed. An important thing to remember is that seed should be started as early as possible in order to develop good-sized plants which will winter over easily. Seedlings of most perennials can be carried over winter with the protection of a light mulch. Most biennials, however, require covering or wintering in a coldframe, especially in exposed areas. Raising your own plants from seed is an easy and inexpensive way to develop a perennial border.



AQUILEGIA, Long-spurred Hybrids

ACHILLEA, The Pearl. 2 ft. A vigorous perennial producing long slender stems of double white bloom from June to September. Pkt. 25 cts.

ACONITUM Napellus. 3 ft. Spikes of dark blue flowers appear in early summer. Pkt. 25 cts.

ALYSSUM saxatile compactum. 15 in. For rock and wall gardens or the foreground of your perennial border, the hardy yellow Sweet Alyssum is an important plant. Easily grown from seed. Spring blooming. Pkt. 15 cts.

ANCHUSA italica, Dropmore. 6 ft. An unusually tall-growing, vigorous, deep-rooted perennial with somewhat coarse foliage. The gentian-blue flowers of exquisite coloring lend themselves to arrangements. Pkt. 25 cts.

Myosotidiflora. Forget-me-not Anchusa. 1 ft. Very good for the border or the rock garden. The blue forget-me-not-like flowers come during April and May. Pkt. 50 cts.

ANEMONE coronaria, St. Brigid, True Irish Strain. 1½ ft. The large semi-double blooms of this choice strain are the source of unusual cut-flowers during the winter months. This tender Anemone, especially adapted to greenhouse culture, is the true Lily of the Field mentioned in the Bible. Blooms during May and June. Pkt. 50 cts.

ANTHEMIS Kelwayi. Yellow Marguerite. 2 ft. Daisy-like flowers of pure golden yellow. Slightly aromatic odor. Blooms from July until frost. Pkt. 15 cts.

AQUILEGIA. Columbine. 2 to 3 ft. **Long-spurred, Blue Shades.** Blue is a much-coveted color and especially desirable in Columbine hybrids. Pkt. 25 cts.

Copper Shades. Rich combinations of red, orange and yellow which produce a coppery effect. Pkt. 25 cts.

Long-spurred Hybrids. Splendid mixture containing a full color-range. Many amateur gardeners who take pride in Columbines find it wise to grow their own plants from seed. Pkt. 25 cts.

ARABIS alpina. 9 in. The broad white mats of bloom are a welcome spot of color in the spring garden. Pkt. 15 cts.

Alpina rosea. 9 in. For rock and wall gardens. Pink flowers in April. Pkt. 25 cts.

AUBRIETA, Large-flowering Hybrids. 6 in. Purplish blue flowers in spring. For rock and wall gardens. Pkt. 25 cts.

BELLIS monstrosa rosea. Double English Daisy. 6 in. A biennial with very large blooms of deep rose. Pkt. 50 cts.

Monstrosa, White. Large double white blooms. Pkt. 50 cts.

Campanula

Medium. 3 ft. These are the single biennial Canterbury Bells. Start your seed early in June and set plants out in fertile soil. Provide a mulch after the ground freezes or carry plants over winter in a coldframe.

Blue. Rose. White. Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.

Medium calycanthema. 3 ft. Cup-and-saucer Canterbury Bells. Produce somewhat larger flowers than do the single plants. Biennial.

Blue. Pink. White. Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.

Persicifolia. Peachbell. 2 ft. The single flowers, measuring an inch or more in diameter, are beautifully arranged on sturdy slender stems.

Blue. White. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.

Pyramidalis. Chimney Bellflower. 5 ft. An August-blooming perennial of striking appearance; makes a fine accent plant in a perennial border.

Blue. White. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.

CARNATION, Grenadin. 15 in. Hardy Border Carnation, filled with fragrance. Double flowers produced all summer. **Red. Rose. White. Yellow.** Each variety, pkt. 50 cts.

CERASTIUM tomentosum. Snow-in-Summer. 9 in. Creeping plants with silver-gray foliage covered with small single white flowers. May and June. Pkt. 25 cts.

CHEIRANTHUS Allioni. 1½ ft. The Siberian Wallflower with its large heads of orange-yellow bloom is one of the welcome flowers in the late spring garden. Pkt. 15 cts.

CHRYSANthemum, Korean Hybrids. 3 ft. Start the seed indoors in March to obtain plants that will bloom the same year. Pkt. \$1.00.

COREOPSIS lanceolata grandiflora. This easily grown perennial with its large single yellow blooms grows and blooms abundantly with little care from June to frost. Pkt. 15 cts.

Delphinium

Grow your own hybrids from seed and have the thrill of raising prize flower spikes. Blooms in June.

Belladonna. 4 ft. Clear light blue in color, it can be counted on for two periods of bloom each year. Pkt. 25 cts.

Bellamosum. 4 ft. A delightful dark blue companion. Pkt. 25 cts.

Blackmore & Langdon Hybrids. 5 to 6 ft. A well-tested English strain noted for its fine color-range of single and double hybrids. Pkt. 25 cts.

Chinensis. 2 ft. Charming and graceful in form, the exquisite sky-blue flowers are among the choicest of cut-flowers. The white form is equally lovely.

Blue. White. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.

Pacific Giants Hybrids. 6 ft. From California have come these extraordinary new Delphiniums, remarkable for the enormous spikes of large double florets.

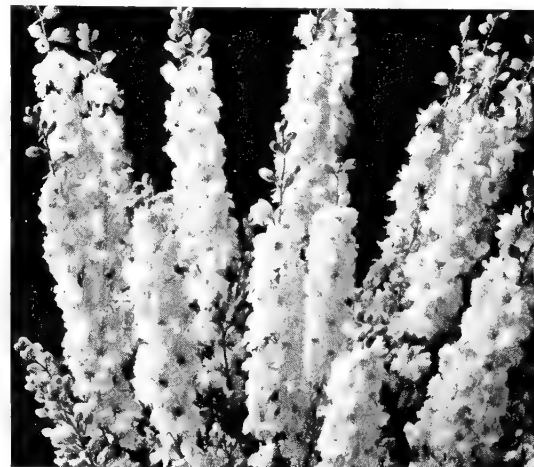
Dark Blue Shades. Light Blue Shades. White. Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 75 cts.

DIANTHUS plumarius. 1 ft. Old-fashioned Hardy Pinks are familiar denizens of many Connecticut gardens. Delightfully fragrant, they develop billowy masses of bloom in June and July.

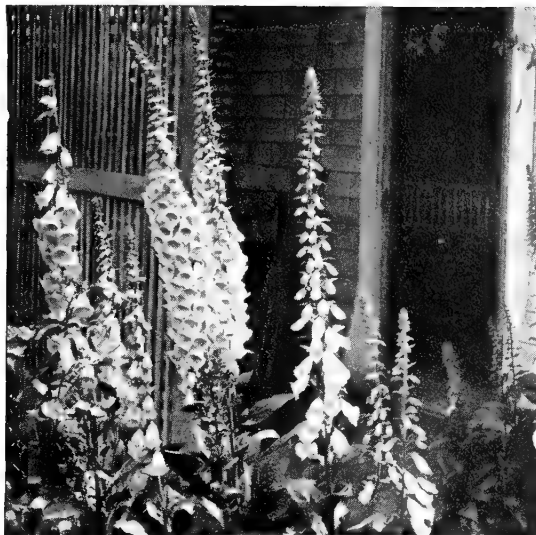
Single Mixed. Double Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.

Deltoides. 8 in. Rose-pink, single, star-like flowers, ideal for the rockery. Blooms from May through July. Pkt. 25 cts.

Loveliness. Mauve-pink flowers with large laciniated petals. Very fragrant. Pkt. 50 cts.



DELPHINIUM, Pacific Giants Hybrids



DIGITALIS (Foxglove)

DIGITALIS. Foxglove. 4 ft. Welcome companion for Canterbury Bells and Sweet William in early summer gardens. The striking spires of this biennial make dominant accents in the border.

Purple. Rose. White. Yellow. Special Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.

GAILLARDIA, Portola Hybrids. 2 ft. A useful hardy plant for hot, dry places; comes in a wide variety of red and yellow shades. Blooms from June to October. Pkt. 15 cts.

GEUM. 1½ to 2 ft. Bloom from June to September.

Lady Stratheden. Bright golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.

Mrs. Bradshaw. Fiery scarlet, double flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.

GYPSOPHILA paniculata. 2 ft. Hardy Babys-Breath is an old-time favorite for hardy borders. Blooms in June and July. Pkt. 25 cts.

Repens. 1 ft. A dwarf, semi-trailing form. Blooms in June and July. Pkt. 25 cts.

HELENIUM, Riverton Gem. 5 ft. In late summer this tall-growing perennial bears its rich brownish red blooms overcast with golden yellow. Pkt. 25 cts.

HELIANTHEMUM mutabile, Mixed. Rock Rose. 1 ft. Dwarf evergreen plants with rose, pink, white, and yellow blooms during May and June. Pkt. 25 cts.

HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana. 3 ft. Closely resembling a semi-double Zinnia in form, these bright yellow blooms measure 3 inches across. Flowers from June to September. Pkt. 25 cts.

HESPERIS. Sweet Rocket. 4 ft. Fragrant old-time perennials forming large plants with heads of loosely arrayed florets not unlike those of hardy phlox.

Purple. White. Each variety, pkt. 15 cts.

HEUCHERA sanguinea. Coral-Bells. 2 ft. The wiry stems of tiny coral bells rise above compact masses of leathery semi-evergreen foliage. Blooms from June to September. Pkt. 35 cts.

HOLLYHOCKS. 5 to 8 ft. The single and double forms of these "typically New England" flowers are truly colonial in their charm and beauty. Once established they will self-sow and find their own places in your garden. Blooms from June to midsummer.

Single Varieties: Mixed. Pkt. 25 cts.

Double Varieties: Pink. Red. White. Yellow. Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.

IBERIS sempervirens. Hardy Candytuft. 15 in. Upright growing, with large heads of white flowers. Blooms same time as *Alvum saxatile*. Pkt. 25 cts.

LAVANDULA Spica, Munstead Var. Lavender. 1½ ft. The silver-gray foliage of this old-time herb makes a compact shrub-like form, and the pungent lavender flower-spikes add to its beauty. Pkt. 25 cts.

LINUM perenne, Blue. Perennial Flax. 2 ft. Light blue flowers. Blooms from May until August. Easily grown from seed. Pkt. 10 cts.

LUNARIA biennis. 3 ft. Also known as Honesty, Silver Shilling and Peter's Pence, this familiar biennial is favored for its shiny silvery pods. Pkt. 15 cts.

LUPINUS. Lupine. 3 ft. This perennial does especially well in Connecticut gardens, making a grand show in early summer. The spikes of bloom make striking accents. **Blue. Rose. White. Mixed.** Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.

Russell. Most unusual color combinations. Grow as high as 5 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.

MYOSOTIS alpestris, Indigo. Forget-me-not. 8 in. This deep blue spring-blooming biennial makes a top-notch border or bedding plant. Pkt. 25 cts.

Palustris semperflorens. 15 in. As its name suggests, an everblooming sort that performs even in summer. Pkt. 15 cts.

NEPETA Mussini. Catmint; Ground Ivy. 1 ft. Spikes of lavender-blue flowers from May until September. Pkt. 25 cts.

OENOTHERA macrocarpa. Evening Primrose. 12 in. Soft yellow. Flowers open in the afternoon. Pkt. 25 cts.

PANSY, Swiss Hybrids. These are choice hybrids of carefully selected pure colors, notably free blooming, and equally decorative indoors and in the garden. Biennial.

Swiss Blue. Swiss Coronation Gold. Swiss White. Swiss Yellow. Early variety, pkt. 50 cts.

Super Swiss Giants, Improved. A wide variety of colors. Blooms of large size on long stems. Pkt. 50 cts.

PAPAVR nudicaule, Mixed. Iceland Poppy. 1½ ft. In contrast to most Poppies, these small-flowered beauties in pastel colors are short lived but free flowering in early summer. 15 cts.

Oriente, Hybrids. Oriental Poppy. 2½ ft. Long-lived perennials of brief but spectacular performance. Once established, they take care of themselves and make a brilliant showing. Blooms in May and June. Pkt. 15 cts.

PHYSALIS Francheti. Chinese Lantern. 3 ft. This vigorous perennial is chiefly grown for its showy orange balloon-like seed-pods which keep well indoors when dried. Pkt. 25 cts.

PLATYCODON grandiflorum. Balloon-Flower. 3 ft. For sunny or partially shady borders, these sturdy perennials are especially long lived and hardy. July.

Blue. White. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.

POLEMONIUM caeruleum. Jacobs-Ladder. 1½ ft. Another desirable perennial for sun or partial shade. The bell-like flowers, borne on stately stems, make their appearance in late spring.

Blue. White. Each variety, 15 cts.

PRIMULA polyantha, Mixed. Primrose. 1 ft. The large clusters of florets, especially the yellow and red shades, are superb in spring gardens. Plants do best in moist soil with partial shade. Pkt. 35 cts.

PYRETHRUM, Single Mixed. Painted Daisy. 2 ft. True daisy-like plants with colorful blooms in shades of red, pink, and white. Easily grown from seed. Blooms in June. Pkt. 25 cts.

SCABIOSA caucasica. 2 ft. A true hardy perennial form of the Pincushion-flower with large blooms of fine form and texture. A most desirable cut-flower.

Blue. White. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.

SHASTA DAISY, Alaska. 2 ft. Large single daisy-like blooms of good size, measuring 3 inches across. Blooms in summer. Pkt. 15 cts.

Giant Marconi. 2½ to 3 ft. The largest Shasta Daisy today; the flowers are about 7 inches in diameter. Pkt. 75 cts.

SWEET WILLIAM. 1½ ft. Fragrant, old-fashioned and thoroughly familiar, this easily grown biennial is easy to grow from seed and always pays its way in the garden. Separate colors are favored by discriminating gardeners but the thrill that comes from planting a mixed packet is worth experiencing.

Black, single. Blood Red, single. Newport Pink. White, single. Single Mixed. Each variety, pkt. 25 cts.

THERMOPSIS caroliniana. 3 ft. Lupine-like spikes of yellow pea-shaped flowers. This native plant is a delightful companion for delphiniums, blooming at the same time. Very hardy. Pkt. 25 cts.

VERONICA longifolia. 1½ ft. Hardy and vigorous in growth, this early summer perennial makes a good show in the garden and indoors too, with other summer flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.

VIOLA cornuta. Especially lasting in summer weather, these hardy Violas are smaller in size than the hybrid pansy strain but unusually free flowering.

Apricot. White Perfection. Blue Perfection. Yellow Gem. Each variety, pkt. 50 cts. Mixed, Pkt. 25 cts.



VIOLA cornuta

Flowering Bulbs . . . for Summer and Fall Bloom

Gladiolus for Exhibition

Plant the bulbs when the soil is warm in the spring. In this section that may be as early as April 15, and they may be set out as late as July 1. The best place is where they will have full sun. Bulbs should be clean when planted, and should be disinfected regardless of where obtained. The easiest and safest dip to use is Lysol. Dissolve 4 tablespoonfuls Lysol to 3 gallons water. Soak bulbs three to six hours in this solution. Plant same day as treated, while wet

if possible, 4 to 5 inches deep and at least 6 inches apart. From the time the plants are 6 inches high they should be sprayed for thrips at least once a week, because thrips may blow in from some distance and infest them even though the bulbs were clean when planted. To control thrips we recommend the use of a 25% DDT spray.

Big Top. Really immense in size. Light pink with small carmine feather. A prize-winner at many Gladiolus shows. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

Blue Beauty. One of the heaviest and largest of the light blues. Highly recommended. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

Black Opal. Sensational; very dark red. A long flower spike, fine for shows. \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

Elizabeth the Queen. In our opinion the best and most beautiful lavender. \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

Gold Dust. Clear deep yellow blooms. One of the best yellows. \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.

High Finance. Large, ruffled, smoky orange-gray. Tall grower and show-table winner. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

King Lear. Wonderful exhibition purple of large size and beautifully ruffled. \$1.25 per doz.; \$8.00 per 100.

Leading Lady. Most popular sport of Picardy. Creamy white with no marking. An excellent grower. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

Margaret Beaton. Clear white marked in the throat with a cherry blotch. Distinctive. \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.

Picardy. Large-flowered; apricot-pink. The most popular variety grown, as well as the most satisfactory. \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.

Rosa Van Lima. Large; rose-pink. Very clear in color. \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.

Snow Princess. A very fine white of good size and form, with straight stems. One of the very best whites. \$1.25 per doz.; \$8.00 per 100.

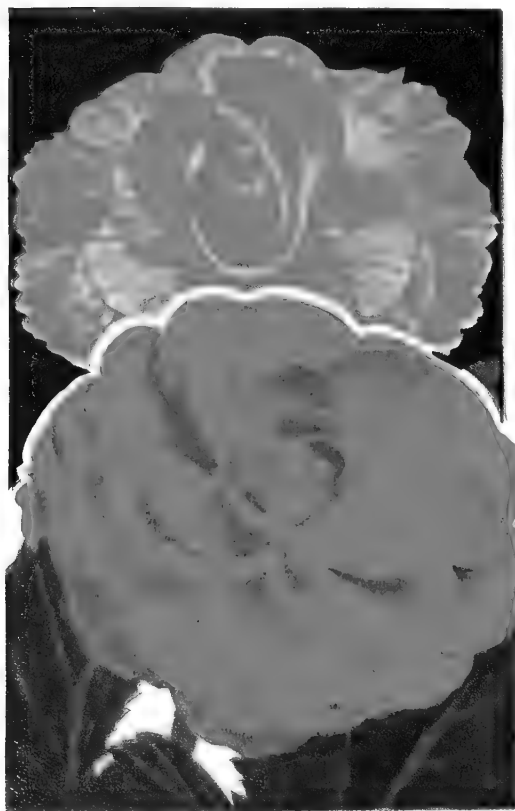
Spotlight. Very large, wide-open, round flower of deep yellow with small scarlet blotch. Free bloomer. \$2.00 per doz.; \$15.00 per 100.

Vagabond Prince. Gorgeous mahogany-brown with a flame blotch. \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

Valeria. An improved Dr. Bennett in a beautiful shade of light red. Very strong, healthy grower. \$1.25 per doz.; \$8.00 per 100.

White Gold. Large, tall, ruffled cream-white with golden throat. \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

Mixed Colors. A good mixture that will make a brilliant showing. Can be used for mixed beds, borders, and for the cutting garden. 90 cts. per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.



TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS, CAMELLIA-FLOWERED. 7 bulbs, \$1.95
7 different colors, all labeled
White, Yellow, Red, Scarlet, Pink, Salmon, Copper



SUPER COLLECTION OF DAHLIAS \$2.00

Six different colors. Each root is labeled

In this collection we pack six outstanding varieties in the higher price range. Complete planting and growing instructions are included. Here is an opportunity to secure six leading kinds at a price much lower than they could be bought individually.

MINIATURE DAHLIA COLLECTION \$1.85

Six different colors

Beautiful small-flowering varieties that are ideal for border planting and artistic floral arrangements. We believe this is the first time that these miniature types have been made available at such low prices. There is a pronounced trend toward these smaller flowers and this collection fills a timely need.



ISMENE (Peruvian Daffodil). White flowers of quaint, attractive form. Height 2 feet. Bloom in about six weeks. 55 cts. each; \$5.50 per doz.; \$40.00 per 100.

TUBEROSES

Double

Excelsior, Dwarf Pearl. Grows 2 feet high. Easily recognized by its exquisite fragrance and beautiful flowers spikes which are borne on long stems, making it an admirable cut-flower. If started in pots and at the end of May moved to the open ground, it will bloom much earlier. First-size bulbs, \$2.00 per doz.; \$3.75 for 25; \$14.00 per 100.

Single

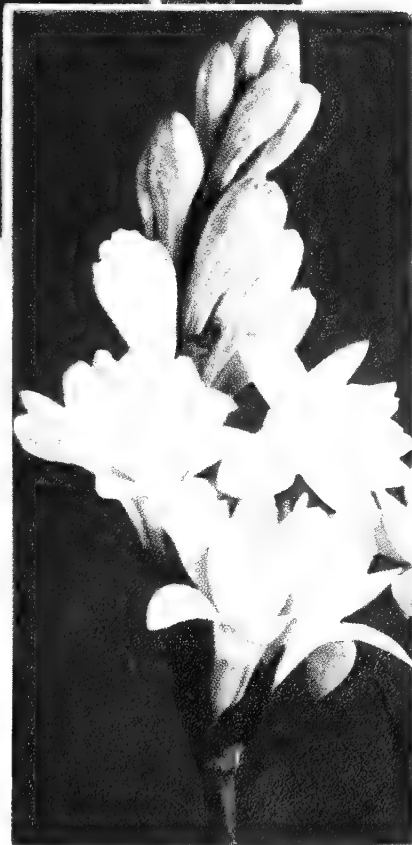
Mexican Everblooming. Very fragrant, waxen white flowers on long erect spikes. Plant the bulbs after all danger of frost. Blooms from August on.

LILY BULBS

Plant in April or May

Lilium regale. White flower tinged with pink on the outside. Grows 4 to 5 feet tall and blooms in July. 40 cts. each; \$4.50 per doz.

L. speciosum magnificum. Pink spotted with crimson, resembling an orchid. Grows 5 feet tall; blooms in August. 65 cts. each; \$6.95 per doz.



DOUBLE TUBEROSE, DWARF PEARL
\$2.00 per doz; \$3.75 for 25

BEGONIAS

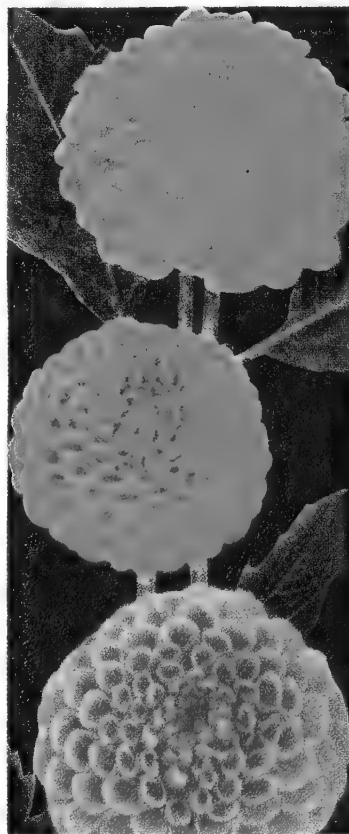
Tuberous-Rooted

Bulbs may be started in pots indoors in February or March. Plant one in a 4 or 5-inch pot and cover with about 1 inch of soil. Water sparingly until the bulb makes growth. Leaf mold mixed with the soil is very good. Outdoors these bulbs are especially adapted to moist, shaded areas. They may be planted 8 or 9 inches apart about May 15. Lift them in the fall and store in a cool place over winter where they will not freeze.

Single Varieties: White, Pink, Yellow, and Red.

Double Camellia-flowered: White, Pink, Yellow, Red, Salmon, Copper, and Scarlet.

Any of above varieties, top size, 35 cts. each;
3 for \$1.00; \$3.25 per doz.



Pompon Dahlia Collection

Six Different Colors

\$1.50

Six choice pompon varieties are packed in this collection. Each root is labeled. Grow 18 inches high.



Flower Show Gladiolus Collection

- 20 **Valeria.** Red.
- 20 **Elizabeth the Queen.** Lavender.
- 20 **Gold Dust.** Yellow.
- 20 **Picardy.** Apricot-pink.

80 bulbs \$5.95

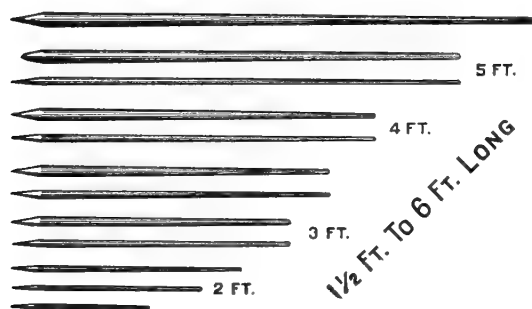
GARDEN ACCESSORIES

Adjusto Plant Support

Adjusted in a jiffy to any height to conform to the plant's growth. Indispensable for tomatoes, roses, hydrangeas and dahlias.

The stake is made of hardwood and heavy spring wire painted green. $\frac{3}{4}$ in. square. Doz.

4 ft. with wire support	\$3 75
5 ft. with wire support	4 00
6 ft. with wire support	4 25
Square Green Stakes without wire support	
4 ft.	\$2 60
5 ft.	2 25
6 ft.	2 50



Plant Stakes, Painted Green

Light, Round, Green Wood		
	Per doz.	100
3 ft.	\$0 85	\$6 00
4 ft.	1 10	8 00
5 ft.	1 50	10 00

Heavy, Round Green Wood

4 ft.	\$2 50	\$20 00
5 ft.	3 00	24 00
6 ft.	3 50	28 00

Bamboo Canes. Green; pencil thickness.

3 ft.	\$0 35	\$2 50
4 ft.	40	3 00



4-in. size. Pkg. of 250 for 40 cts.
8-in. size. Pkg. of 125 for 40 cts.
16-in. size. Pkg. of 125 for 75 cts.



Binding Twine
5-lb. ball, \$2.00.
8-lb. ball, \$3.00.



Green Florist Thread.
35 cts. per spool.



Soft Jute Garden Twine. Natural color, 40 cts. per ball.
Green, 50 cts. per ball.



	Doz.	Doz.
16-in.	\$0 60	66-in. \$2 50
30-in.	1 25	78-in. 3 70
42-in.	1 50	



Fence Rods. \$1.75 per doz.



Dream Labels

New, handy, quick-fastening zinc label that keep plant records legible for many years. Applicator and ink included in each package.

Pkg. of 24, 4 inches long.....\$0 85
Pkg. of 24, 4 inches long.....1 50

Spiral wrap expands with plant's growth

3 1/2 inch
Wired Tree Label

4 to 6 inch
Pot Label

8 to 12 inch
Garden Label

LABELS (Painted one side)

4-in., 10 cts. per doz.; 50 cts. per 100
5-in., 10 cts. per doz.; 60 cts. per 100
6-in., 10 cts. per doz.; 65 cts. per 100
8-in., 25 cts. per doz.; \$1.40 per 100
10-in., 30 cts. per doz.; \$1.60 per 100
12-in., 35 cts. per doz.; \$1.85 per 100
(Lower prices in 1000 lots)
3 1/2-in. wire Labels, 10 cts. per doz.; 60 cts. per 100.



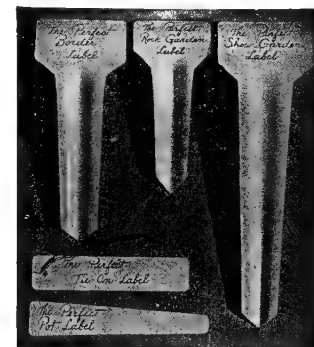
Three-piece Aluminum Tool Set. Makes an ideal gift for the woman gardener because of its light weight. \$3.95 per set.

MELCO PRODUCTS



Plant Fountain

Handy, pliable rubber spray bulb with many uses. The long removable neck makes it easy to spray under foliage. Fine for sprinkling seedlings, plants, flowers and clothes. \$1.00.



A Style for Every Purpose

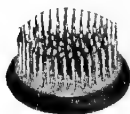
Border Label. Length 5 in. 25 for \$2.40; \$9.25 per 100.
Rock-Garden Label. Length 4 in. 25 for \$2.00; \$7.90 per 100.
Show-Garden Label. Length 7 in. 25 for \$2.90; \$11.25 per 100.
Tie-on Label (with wire). \$3.60 per 100.
Pot Label. Length 4 in. \$3.00 per 100.

Rubber Plant Saucers

Each
4 in. Takes pot 6 in..\$0 25
6 in. Takes pot 8 in. 45
8 1/4 in. Takes pot 12 in. 90
10 1/4 in. Takes tubs up to 10 1/4 in. bottom diam.....1 35

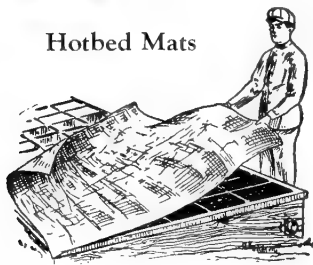


Round Pin Flower Holders



- No. 2C. 2¼-in. diam.
60 cts. each.
No. 3C. 2¾-in. diam.
75 cts. each.
No. 4C. 3½-in. diam.
\$1.15 each.

Hotbed Mats



76 in. x 76 in.

Covers two hotbed sashes. Burlap on one side and waterproof on the other. \$9.00 each.

Sudbury Rabbit Chaperone



Keeps rabbits away from vegetables, flowers, young plants, shrubs and trees. You don't smell it—rabbits do, and can't stand it. Rain won't wash it off. Harmless—does not show. Economical to use—each application lasts up to 3 weeks. Ends ravages of rabbits and other animals. 12-oz. bottle \$1.25; qt. \$3.00; gal. \$8.00.

Sudbury Liquid Chaperone



Dogs stay away from anything sprayed with Sudbury Liquid Chaperone. You don't smell it—but dogs do. Protects shrubs, trees, flowers, vegetables, garbage pails, etc. Harmless—does not show. Each application lasts up to 3 weeks, rain or shine. Also effective with cats and other animals. 12-oz. bottle \$1.25; qt. \$3.00; gal. \$8.00.

Sudbury Powder Chaperone

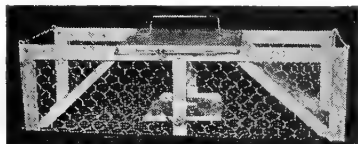


Keeps your dog off anything you want to protect—rugs, furniture, etc. Easy way to train dog. Harmless; does not injure even finest fabrics. Prevents puppy damage—use on slippers, draperies, etc. Just shake on some Powder Chaperone—your dog smells it, but you don't. Keeps male dogs away from female. Small Pkg. 50 cts.; 7-in. Economy Pkg. \$1.00.

Oblong Pin Flower Holder



- Each
3½ in. x 1½ in. \$0 75
5 in. x 1½ in. 1 00



Havahart Animal Traps

Humane, simple, effective all-metal Traps; harmless to animals and humans. Easy to bait and set. For Squirrels, Rats, Rabbits, Chipmunks, etc.

- No. 1. For Weasels, Rats, Chip- Each
munks. 5 x 5¼ x 18¼ in. \$3 50
No. 2. For Weasels, Rats, Musk-
rats, Squirrels, Rabbits. 7 x 7 x
24¼ in. 4 50
No. 3. For Woodchucks, Raccoons,
Skunks. 11 x 11½ x 37 in. 10 50

Standard Flower Pots



- | | Each | 100 |
|----------------------|--------|--------|
| 2½-in. diam. | \$0 04 | \$3 50 |
| 3 -in. | 06 | 5 00 |
| 4 -in. | 08 | 6 50 |
| 5 -in. | 17 | 15 00 |
| 6 -in. | 22 | 20 00 |
| 7 -in. | 33 | 30 00 |
| 8 -in. | 44 | 40 00 |
| 9 -in. | 65 | 60 00 |
| 10 -in. | 80 | 75 00 |
- Azalea Pots and Bulb
Pans, same price
as Standard Flower Pots.

Green Plant Tubs



- | | Each |
|----------------------|--------|
| 10-in. diam. | \$1 75 |
| 12-in. diam. | 2 50 |
| 14-in. diam. | 3 50 |
| 16-in. diam. | 4 50 |
| 19-in. diam. | 7 50 |

Galvanized Flower Vases



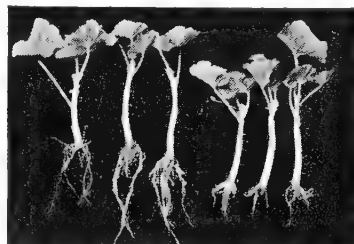
- No. 253. 4¾-in. diam.
x 10 in. tall. \$1.50 each.
No. 255. 6¼-in. diam. x
12 in. tall. \$2.00 each.
No. 257. 6¼-in. diam. x
15 in. tall. \$2.25 each.
No. 258. 6¼-in. diam. x
17 in. tall. \$2.50 each.

GARDEN ACCESSORIES

ROOTONE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

ROOTONE, the plant hormone powder, for cuttings, seeds, tubers and bulbs. Just dip the base of the cutting or slip in ROOTONE, set in sand and the roots will grow faster and bigger. By dusting seed with Rootone, seedlings grow faster and more uniformly, producing stronger plants and better crops. ¼-oz. pkt. 25 cts.; 2-oz. jar \$1.00; 1-lb. can \$5.00.



GERANIUM CUTTINGS
Treated and Untreated

FRUITONE

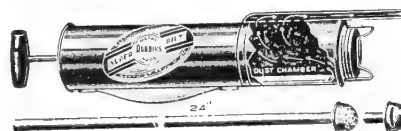
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

The hormone spray for stopping premature drop of fruit, flowers and leaves. When sprayed on flowers of tomatoes or beans it produces better set and larger crop. Prevents premature drop of apples and pears. Makes hollies and other Christmas greens hold their leaves longer. ½-oz. pkt. 25 cts.; 2-oz. pkt. \$1.00; 12-oz. can \$5.00.

TRANSPLANTONE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

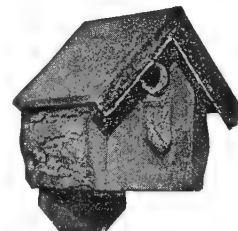
The hormone-vitamin powder for stimulating roots in transplanting. Makes shrubs, trees and plants in general take root faster. Produces earlier maturity and larger crops when used on tomato, cabbage, celery, lettuce, tobacco and sweet potato plants. ½-oz. pkt. 25 cts.; 3-oz. can \$1.00; 1-lb. can \$4.00.



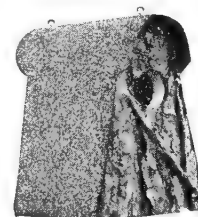
Dobbin Duster

Capacity 1 pound. Highly recommended for the application of Rotenone, Pyrethrum, sulfur, and other dust insecticides. \$1.95.

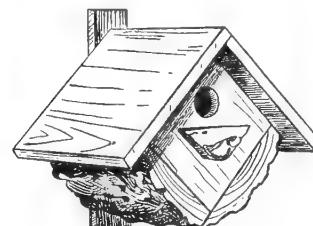
Bird Houses



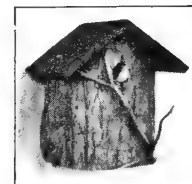
No. 12. Bluebird House,
\$3.50 each.



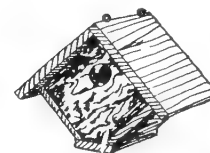
No. 81. Bluebird House.
\$1.52 each.



No. 31. Wren House. \$2.25 each.



No. 2. Wren House.
\$2.75 each.



No. 40. Wren House.
\$1.95 each.



No. 215. Nesting Material and Rack. \$1.45.



Sunbeam Electric Hedge Trimmer

Saves time and labor. Easy to operate.
\$37.50.



GROW GOOD THINGS TO EAT

A Complete Salad Flavoring Collection \$2.95

Contains everything for making good salads, including one bottle Olive Oil French Dressing, one bottle pure Red Wine Vinegar flavored with garlic, one jar Salad Herbs and one jar Seasoning Salt containing specially prepared table salt, spices and herbs.

SEPARATELY: Olive Oil French Dressing 75 cts.; Red Wine Vinegar flavored with garlic 85 cts.; Salad Herbs 75 cts.; Seasoning Salt 50 cts.

Grow Your Own Vegetables

Those Fresh from Your Garden Taste the Best

Beans, Green-Pod

Plant after danger of frost has passed, and prepare the soil well. Sow in short rows at intervals of two weeks for a continuous supply. Set seed $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches deep, 3 inches apart, with at least 2 feet between rows. Gather Beans only when foliage is dry, for contact with wet foliage causes disease to spread. Spray both sides of foliage with rotenone to check Mexican bean beetle. 1 pound will plant 100 feet of row.

Asgrow Stringless Black Valentine. 51 days. Pods are long, oval, somewhat curved and entirely without strings. Plants bear an early crop. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35 cts.; lb. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.00.

Bountiful. 48 days. A heavy yielder, and one of the earliest. The flat, light green pods are $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 inches long, in clusters, and absolutely stringless. This is a top-notch variety for the home garden. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35 cts.; lb. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.00.

Burpee's Stringless Green-pod. 49 days. Thick, round, dark green pods 5 inches long, that are brittle and tender. Very early and productive. A standard for many years. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35 cts.; lb. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.00.

Longgreen. 50 days. An All-America Winner. Round green pods of exceptional length. Entirely stringless and highly productive. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.00.

Masterpiece. 50 to 55 days. Long, straight pods, stringless and tender; light silvery green. Pkt. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 45 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.25.

Plentiful. 51 days. Very long, straight, flat pods of excellent quality, stringless at whatever stage they are used. Plants are dwarf, vigorous and good producers. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.25.

Streamliner. 55 days. This new Bean is among the most productive of the bush types. It will continue bearing when other varieties have ceased. The quality is excellent; stringless, fleshy, and has round to flat straight pods. Makes a good dry Bean for baking. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35 cts.; lb. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.00.

Tendergreen. 53 days. Round tender pods 6 to 7 inches long, meaty and tender. Fine flavor and free from strings. Early and continues for a long season. Excellent for freezing. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.25.



BEANS, GREEN-POD, continued

The Prince. 53 days. A new exhibition variety. A first prize winner at the Greenwich Flower Show for several years. Stringless, meaty, extra-long pods of fine flavor. Also good for growing under glass. Pkt. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

Beans, Wax

Golden Wax Topnotch. 52 days. Broad, flat yellow pods 5 inches long, straight and brittle. Pods are borne well off the ground, early in the season. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.25.

Sure-crop Wax. 53 days. Thick, brittle, deep yellow pods profusely produced. Very good flavor, always stringless, and most attractive in appearance. Plants are strong, upright, and bear a good crop. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.25.

Pole Beans

Plant in hills, 5 or 6 seeds to a hill, and leaving 3 feet between hills. Put 9-foot poles in place before planting. Insects require same treatment as those on Bush Beans.

Kentucky Wonder. 85 days. Stringless, meaty, 7 to 9-inch green pods, thick but tender and brittle. The light brown seeds may be used as shell Beans, for they have a good flavor. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 70 cts.

Kentucky Wonder Wax. 65 days. One of the best pole wax Beans. Long, thick, flat pods. Prolific bearer until frost. Pkt. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 45 cts.; lb. 75 cts.

Scarlet Runner. The green fleshy pods are 6 inches long, with strings. Often grown for ornamental use because of its scarlet flowers, but possesses as good a flavor as any other Bean. It makes an ideal climbing vine. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 70 cts.

Worcester Special (Also known as Italian Pole Bean). 88 days. Long pods filled with large seeds used as shell Beans. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35 cts.; lb. 65 cts.

Edible Soy Beans

Bansei. 95 days. Very productive; will grow well in almost any section of the country. Green Beans which turn yellow when mature. Rich in vitamins. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.

Fava Beans

Broad Windsor. One of the best of these broad Beans. Should be planted early for best results. Used like Lima Beans. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35 cts.; lb. 65 cts.

Avoid Trouble With Lima Beans

Use Spergon

Do not plant Lima Beans too early. We recommend waiting until the weather is really warm and settled. This would be about June 1 around Greenwich and vicinity. To insure good germination of Limas, treat seed with Spergon, the new seed disinfectant. Simply mix Spergon with seed at time of planting, to prevent it from rotting. This advice may save you from making a second planting.

Lima Beans, Bush

Grow best in rich soil. Plant after frost danger, when soil is warm. Set seed $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches deep, and make sure eye of seed is down. Space seed 3 inches apart and later thin seedlings to 6 inches, with $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet between rows. For insect pests, see Bush Beans. 1 pound will plant 100 feet of row.

Baby Potato. 70 days. A first-class new sort producing small pods filled with small Beans of fine flavor. Strong plant. Excellent for home gardens. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.50.

Burpee's Improved Bush. 73 days. Broad thick pods containing 4 or 5 meaty Beans. Vigorous, productive plants about 20 inches tall; heavy yielder. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.50.

Fordhook Bush. 75 days. The standard variety, long and widely planted. Pods usually hold four large Beans that keep their dark green color until fully ripe. Bushes are about 2 feet high, very vigorous, and produce a heavy crop for a month or more. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.50.

Fordhook 242. 75 days. New. All-America Bronze Medal Winner. A heavy yielder of medium-sized pods of good eating quality; excellent for freezing. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.50.

Henderson's Bush. 70 days. The "Baby Lima" seeds are small, flat, and borne 3 or 4 to a pod. Early; excellent quality. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35 cts.; lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.75.

Lima Beans, Pole

King of the Garden. 88 days. Pods are large and flat, containing 5 or 6 large Beans. An early crop is borne on heavily producing bushes. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.50.

Leviathan. 80 days. Long, straight pods, easily shelled, are produced early in the season. Hardy and prolific. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.50.

Broccoli

For an early crop, start seed in hotbed or in a flat indoors. Set plants out as soon as soil can be worked; space 24 inches apart, in rows 2 feet apart. Be sure soil is well prepared and fertilized. For fall crop start seed in open ground in early June. Keep plants growing vigorously by using commercial fertilizer or nitrate of soda.

Calabrese. 70 days. Large, strong plants producing compact center heads of blue-green flower-buds of delicate flavor. When these heads are cut, smaller ones form on the side. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

Propageno. Same as Calabrese but ready a week to ten days earlier. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

Brussels Sprouts

Start seed indoors or in a coldframe. Transplant to moist, well-drained soil, allowing 2 feet between plants and 3 feet between rows. As sprouts begin to form at base of lower leaves, remove these leaves but always allow foliage to remain at top of plant for normal growth.

Long Island Improved. 80 days. Solid sprouts produced on compact plants 20 inches tall. More delicate in flavor than cabbage. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75 cts.

Beets

Sow as soon as soil can be worked easily. Make plantings in short rows 10 to 15 feet long, at intervals of two weeks for a continuous supply. Cover seed with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil; allow 18 inches between rows. When large enough to handle, thin seedlings. Beets are best to use when 2 inches in diameter. The tops of Beets may be used for greens in the early stages.

Crosby's Egyptian. 50 days. Produces an early crop of globe-shaped, dark red Beets about 3 inches in diameter. Flesh is lighter in color than the skin; tops are medium size and taproot small and slender. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90 cts.; lb. \$2.75.

Detroit Dark Red. 55 days. Smooth, round, blackish red roots of tender, fine quality. Often used in late plantings, for it keeps well over winter. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90 cts.; lb. \$2.75.

Early Blood Turnip. 55 days. Large roots, round, red, occasionally zoned. Flesh is fine grained and well flavored. Matures quickly; keeps well. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90 cts.; lb. \$2.75.

Early Wonder. 50 days. Deep blood-red Beets that are ready to use early in the season. Smooth skin and uniform shape. May be planted for a fall crop, since it grows quickly. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90 cts.; lb. \$2.75.

Mangel-Wurzel, Mammoth Long Red. 110 days. Red skin and white flesh with pink veins. Grows half out of the ground; a large, heavy cropper. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

Winter Keeper. 80 days. Globe-shaped, tapering somewhat toward the root. Specially grown for winter use because it remains firm and sweet for a long period. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90 cts.; lb. \$2.75.

Cabbage

For early crops start seed indoors four to five weeks before you plan to set them out; cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil. For a successful crop Cabbage must be kept growing vigorously. Prepare soil well. Set plants 18 inches apart, in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Late varieties need a little more space than early kinds. Grow both early and late kinds for a continuous supply.

All Seasons. Very aptly named. Good all year as well as a good winter keeper. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 65 cts.

Copenhagen Market. 67 days. Solid, round heads of very fine quality. Its earliness makes it especially desirable. The compact, small plants allow close planting. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40 cts.; oz. 70 cts.

Danish Ballhead. 105 days. Short-stemmed, solid, round, and heavy. A late fall and winter variety especially good for storing. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40 cts.; oz. 70 cts.

Golden Acre. 60 days. Early, round-headed variety of medium size. Smaller and earlier than Copenhagen Market, and of the same excellent quality. Especially good for the home garden, because of its size. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40 cts.; oz. 70 cts.

Early Jersey Wakefield. 62 days. Conical heads with pointed tops and broader bases. Compact plant with few outside leaves. Crisp, fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 65 cts.

Cabbage continued on page 18

CABBAGE, continued

Late Flat Dutch. 110 days. Very large, flat heads of fine quality. Solid and uniform; keeps well. Good kraut variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 65 cts.

Rock Red Special. 110 days. Dark red, heavy, round heads. A large, late-maturing variety. The red leaves are tasty and attractive in salads; good for pickling. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

Savoy, Special Long Island. 90 days. Uniform, large, round heads. Excellent quality. A very fine variety with leaves deeply savoyed and curled. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

Succession. 88 days. Somewhat flat on top, but deep and round, weighing 6 to 8 pounds. Short stem; mid-season. A dependable header. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40 cts.; oz. 70 cts.

Chinese Cabbage

Plant seed in open ground, thinning young plants to stand 1 foot apart, in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Will grow in ordinary garden soil; does best when soil is moist. Ideal fall crop not damaged by frost.

Chihili. 70 days. Long slender variety, sometimes called Celery Cabbage, though resembling more nearly the Cos Lettuce. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Wong Bok. 75 days. Crisp, tender leaves of fine flavor. Makes a short, broad head of tightly folded, well-blanching leaves. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Carrots

Sow seed in open ground as soon as the soil can be prepared. Seed is sometimes slow to germinate. Cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil; allow 18 inches between rows. Thin seedlings to stand 3 inches apart as soon as they are large enough to handle. For a continuous supply sow in short rows at intervals of two weeks. 1 ounce will sow 100 feet of row.

Chantenay. 70 days. Clean, smooth, half-long, deep orange roots, gradually tapering to a blunt tip. Tender, sweet, and fine textured. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

Danvers Half Long. 75 days. Smooth roots with square shoulders tapering to a point. Sweet, crisp, orange-red; uniform shape; heavy yielder. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

Imperator. 78 days. Deep orange, very long and slender, making a fine appearance. Needs a deep, rich soil. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

Long Orange Improved. 88 days. Deep bright orange, reaching 10 to 12 inches and tapering to a point. Needs deep, mellow ground. Keeps well for winter storage, and is also used for feeding stock. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

Morse's Bunching. 75 days. Very smooth and cylindrical, with stump root and short top, which makes it good for bunching. Deep orange flesh of sweet, tender flavor. Good for the home garden or for market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50.

Nantes Half-long. 68 days. Cylindrical root 6 to 7 inches long and above an inch thick. Fine grained, sweet, tender; bright orange-scarlet and almost coreless. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 55 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.65.

Tendersweet. 75 days. A long bunching type with rich orange-red skin. Very sweet and tender. The foliage is tinged purple. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 55 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.65.



ASPARAGUS, Mary Washington

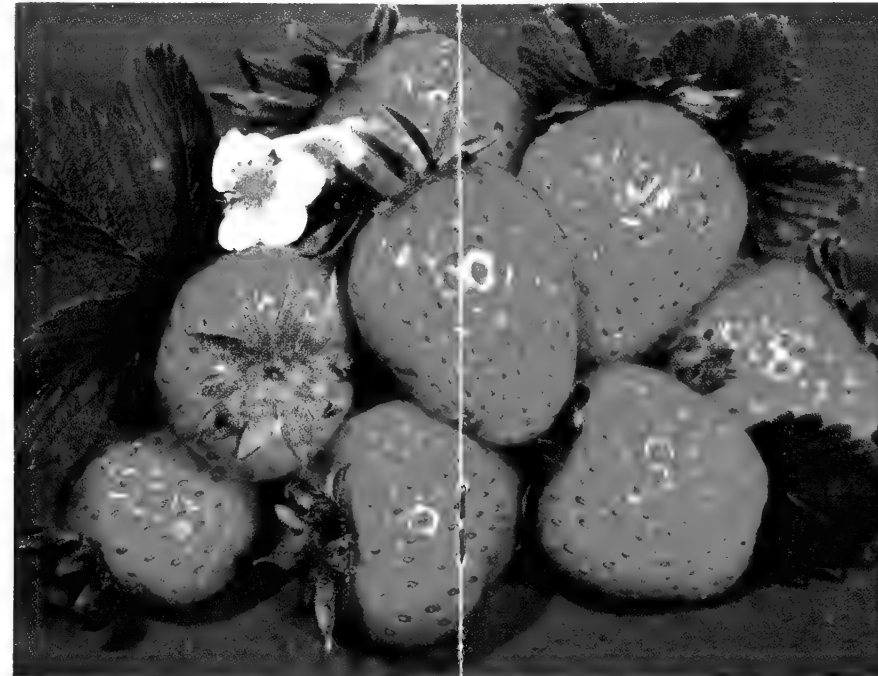
Three-year-old roots, \$7.00 per 100; 2-year-old roots, \$5.00 per 100

Raspberries

Space plants 3 to 4 feet apart, with 5 to 6 feet between the rows. Set them 2 or 3 inches deeper than they grew in the nursery. Cutback these young plants to 6 to 8 inches.

Latham, Red. Bears in June and July. \$2.50 per doz.

St. Regis. An everbearing variety with red fruit. \$2.50 per doz.



STRAWBERRIES, Fairfax. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100

Strawberries (Pot-Grown)

Space the plants 1 foot apart in the rows. Rows should be 2 feet apart.

Big Joe. Late. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

Catskill. Midseason. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

Chesapeake. Late. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

Dorsett. Early. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

25 furnished at the 100 rate. Other varieties supplied on request.

Fairfax. Early. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

Mastodon. Everbearing. \$2.25 per doz.; \$14.00 per 100.

Premier. Late. \$1.75 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.



Blueberries

Space plants 5 to 6 feet apart. Mix a liberal quantity of peat moss with the soil before planting. After plants are set out, a mulch of peat moss will help conserve moisture and will also help to acidify the soil for these acid-loving plants.

Cabot. 18 to 24 in. Dwarf; early. Nursery-grown plants. \$2.50 each; \$22.50 for 10.

Rubel. 18 to 24 in. Tall; late. Nursery-grown plants. \$2.50 each; \$22.50 for 10.



Rhubarb

Canada Red. The newest and best Rhubarb available. Its sweet flavor makes it wonderful for pies and sauces. The roots may be planted in spring or fall. Space them 3 feet apart and cover the crown with 2 inches of soil. \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per doz.

Cauliflower

Start seed indoors or in a coldframe. Set plants 2 feet apart, with 3 feet between rows. Essentially a cool-weather crop; keep plants in vigorous growth by feeding with complete fertilizer. When heads are 4 inches in diameter, tie leaves together to blanch.

Early Snowball. 82 days. The favorite variety all over the country, and highly recommended. Heads are solid, smooth, with snow-white curds. Plants dwarf and compact. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.35; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$2.50.

Super Snowball. 88 days. Well-rounded, pure white heads. Compact grower, and very good for freezing. Pkt. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.55; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$2.90.

Celery

Sow in coldframe or outdoor seed-bed. To hasten germination seed is often covered with sand and kept moist until seedlings appear. Transplant seedlings when large enough to handle, cutting tops and shortening roots. A cool-weather crop, plants can be set out in late June for fall harvest. Grows best in fertile, moist, well-drained soil. Celery can be blanched with boards, soil, or heavy paper.

Cornell 19. 120 days. Early; self-blanching. We highly recommend this as a main-crop variety. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.; oz. \$2.25.

Easy Blanching. 125 days. Thick, solid, crisp stalks that are ready to use after White Plume. The stalks blanch pure white, are free of strings, and of very fine flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

Giant Pascal. 135 days. Broad, thick, crisp, well-flavored stalks, distinctly ribbed. Very productive; the standard Celery for winter. Keeps very well when stored. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

White Plume. 112 days. Pure white when blanched, tender and stringless. Rich flavor. The earliest variety, and is used in fall and early winter rather than being stored. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

Winter Queen. 120 days. A low-growing variety for winter use. Stalks blanch readily and have unusually large, thick, creamy white hearts. Fine for either home or market garden. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

Wonderful (Golden Plume). 115 days. Solid, large stalks produced very early. Blanching to light yellow; good flavor. An excellent variety, considered by many people to be the best early Celery. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.; oz. \$2.25.

Celeriac

Soak seed overnight before planting; thin young plants to stand 4 to 6 inches apart. Soil can be hilled up for slight blanching. The roots can be stored for winter use.

Giant Smooth Prague. 120 days. Produces a large, thick, celery-flavored root for flavoring soups and stews, ready to use when about 2 inches across. Culture is similar to that required for celery, except that blanching is unnecessary. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50 cts.; oz. 95 cts.

To Control Cutworms and Cabbage Maggots

Cutworms and cabbage maggots sometimes attack young plants of broccoli, brussels sprouts, cabbage, and cauliflower. Tar-paper collars set around the plants at time of planting are good insurance against cutworms. To control cabbage maggots, dip roots of young plants in corrosive sublimate solution at time of planting.

Corn, Sweet

Corn must not be planted until all danger of frost has passed. To sow in rows, set seed 1 inch deep and 3 inches apart; later thin young plants to stand 10 inches apart. Allow 2 feet between rows for easy cultivation. When planting in hills, put 6 seeds in each. Place hills 2 feet apart each way, and thin the young plants, leaving 3 or 4 to a hill. For good pollination plant at least three rows side by side. Make successive sowings at two-week intervals.

Black Mexican. 88 days. A late variety with black seed. Kernels are white at the eating stage. Fine flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.

Country Gentleman. 100 days. Pure white, thin, narrow kernels irregularly placed on the cob, thereby giving it the name "Shoepeg." A productive midseason sort popular in home gardens. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Earligold, Woodruff's. 72 days. A new hybrid variety with ears $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 inches long, with 12 to 16 rows of yellow kernels. Excellent quality. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.00.

Golden Bantam. 80 days. Very small ear with 8 rows of broad, golden kernels of delicious flavor. Unsurpassed in quality, and for years has been the favorite yellow variety, though now it is equaled in flavor and surpassed in size by Golden Cross Bantam. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 45 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.00.

Golden Cross Bantam. 88 days. A tribute to the hybridizer's art, for this variety has been bred for size, disease-resistance, and flavor, and is rapidly moving to the head of the list of favorites. Ears have 10 to 14 rows of light yellow kernels, and usually two ears are borne on a stalk. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.00.

Golden Midget. 56 days. The plant grows only 30 inches high, with a tiny yellow ear 4 inches long, borne two to five on a stalk. Very tender and sweet. It is the first Corn to mature in the garden. Since it does not take up much space, it is ideal for small gardens. Highly recommended. Pkt. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

Howling Mob Improved. 85 days. Ears 7 to 9 inches long, with 12 or 16 rows of pearly white kernels. Deliciously sweet flavored. Midseason variety grown by both home and market gardeners. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Ioana. 77 days. Medium-sized ears with light yellow kernels of delicious flavor. Valuable for canning. Increasingly popular. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 45 cts.; lb. 75 cts.

Lincoln Hybrid. 83 days. An All-America Winner developed by the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station. The ears are 8 to 9 inches long and have 12 to 16 rows of bright yellow kernels. Good variety for freezing. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.00.

Marcross. 77 days. A new early yellow hybrid. Six-foot stalks produce 12 to 14-rowed ears of delicious flavor. Pkt. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.00.

Stowell's Evergreen. 100 days. Tender, sweet white Corn that is an old favorite. Very fine quality; 7 to 8-inch ears with 14 to 20 rows of grains. A good variety for canning. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 45 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.00.

CROW REPELLENT—Save Your Corn From Crows

Prevents crows and other Corn-destroying pests from pulling Corn. Simply treat seed at time of planting. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 50 cts. (enough to treat 1 bus. Corn).

Corn Salad

Large-seeded Dutch. 60 days. Tender leaves used as a substitute for lettuce in winter. Quite hardy, producing rosettes of small leaves to be eaten as salad or cooked as greens. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Chicory

Catalogna (Also known as Italian Dandelion). 70 days. Narrow dark green leaves boiled as greens. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Witloof (Also known as French Endive). 110 days. Can be planted in spring, then lifted and brought indoors in the fall, packed in a box and covered with sand or peat moss, to be forced for a winter salad. The tender young shoots are the part used. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50 cts.

Cress

Curled (Pepper Grass). 40 days. Best used when young, added to lettuce to provide a more pungent taste, or for garnishing and flavoring. Grows quickly and easily. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Upland. 60 days. Broad, crisp leaves, tender when young. Stays green all the year. Grows best in rich, well-prepared ground, but need not be in a moist place. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 65 cts.

Watercress. 80 days. Used for salad or sandwich greens. Mix the seed with moist soil and form into pellets, which can then be pressed into the banks of a stream or pond just above the water level. Once established it needs no care. Pkt. 25 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

Cucumber

Plant seed in groups of 6 in little hills 4 feet apart each way. An especially tender crop, seed must not be sown until all danger of frost has passed. Thin seedlings, allowing 3 to a hill. For a good crop, prepare soil well in advance. Where especially early planting is desired, Hotkaps can be used to protect the seedlings from cold weather. Protect Cucumber plants against infestations of striped Cucumber beetles by dusting the plants thoroughly every two weeks with rotenone dust.

Cubit. All-America Bronze Medal winner. 60 days. A white-spine variety. Very uniform and a high yielder. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

Improved Long Green. 60 days. Medium dark green, 10 to 12 inches long, with dark spines. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Improved White Spine. 58 days. Medium-sized, straight dark fruits with white spines. Pure white, crisp and solid flesh. An excellent variety, early and abundant. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

National Pickling. 56 days. A heavy producer of straight, dark green Cucumbers reaching 7 inches in length. Can be pickled when quite small. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Woodruff's Hybrid. 60 days. One of the best hybrids in existence. Crisp, dark green, 8 to 10 inches long. Healthy vines, highly resistant to disease. Pkt. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Collards

Georgia. 80 days. Grown instead of cabbage in sections of the country that are too hot for cabbage to develop heads. Large, loose-leaved plant 3 feet tall, producing a good crop of its leaves, to be used as greens. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.

Chervil

Moss Curled. 70 days. Finely curled leaves used for garnishing soups and other dishes. Pkt. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Dandelion

Cichoria Catalogna (also known as Italian Dandelion). 70 days. Narrow, dark green leaves boiled as greens. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Dill

Long Island Mammoth. 70 days. A hardy annual that can be planted in early spring, to be pulled and bunched in June, for use as greens. Largely used to flavor pickles. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00.

Eggplant

Start seed indoors or in a coldframe, covering with $\frac{1}{4}$ inch of soil. It takes two months to grow plants large enough to set out in the garden. Allow $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet between plants and 3 feet between rows. Moist, fertile soil produces best crops. One of the most difficult vegetables to raise from seed. For amateurs we recommend buying the plants around June 1. A warm-weather crop.

Black Beauty. 75 days. Thick, heavy, purplish black fruits, very broad at the base and narrowing toward the stem. May be used before it is fully developed. Very productive. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

New York Spineless. 78 days. Larger than Black Beauty lighter in color and more elongated. Fruits are broad, oval, and keep their purple color well. Low plants bearing an early crop. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

Endive

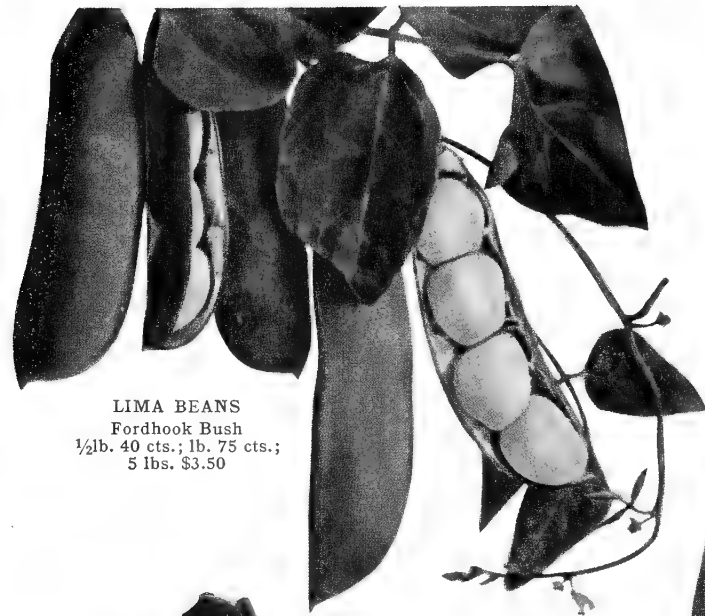
For an early crop, sow seed as soon as ground is workable covering it with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil. Thin plants to stand 8 inches apart, with 18 inches between rows. Blanching can be done with boards or individual plants can be tied. (Best done on dry day.)

Full-heart Batavian. 70 days. Broad, wavy leaves forming a large rosette as much as 22 inches across. Very full heart and white midribs; leaves pale green. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

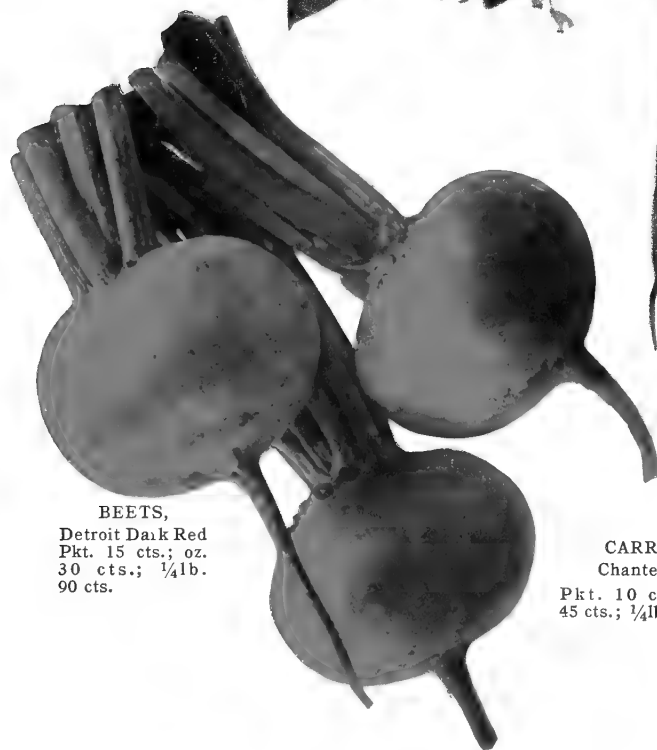
Green Curled. 65 days. Leaves very much curled and finely cut, producing a feathery-looking plant. Rich green, blanching to creamy white, with a fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Fennel (Finocchio)

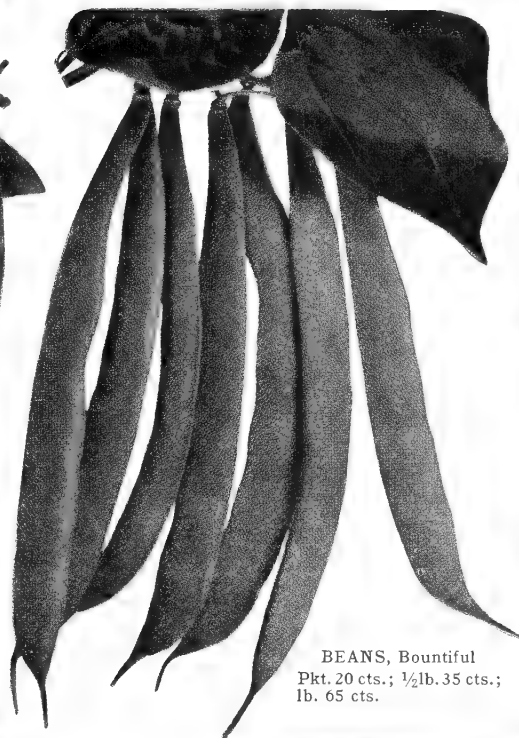
Florence. 60 days. Grows like celery. Sow in May or June in rows 2 feet apart. Thin the plants to 9 inches apart in the row. May be boiled or used raw in salads. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 45 cts.



LIMA BEANS
Fordhook Bush
½lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.;
5 lbs. \$3.50



BEETS,
Detroit Dark Red
Pkt. 15 cts.; oz.
30 cts.; ¼lb.
90 cts.



BEANS, Bountiful
Pkt. 20 cts.; ½lb. 35 cts.;
lb. 65 cts.

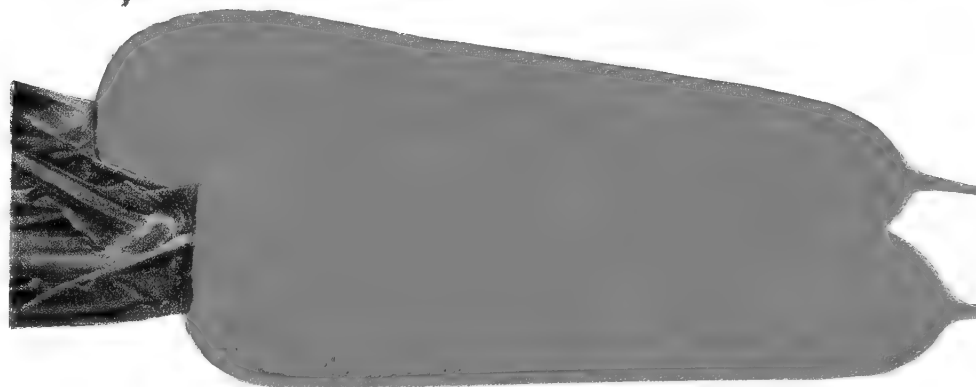
CARROT,
Chantenay
Pkt. 10 cts.; oz.
45 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.25.



CORN, Golden Cross Bantam
Pkt. 25 cts.; ½lb. 40 cts.; lb. 75 cts.



**RADISH, Sparkler White Tip, Scarlet Globe,
Cincinnati Market, White Icicle**
Each, pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼lb. 85 cts.



Garlic Sets

Used as a flavoring for stews, soups and salads. Very easily grown. Lb. 75 cts.

Horseradish

A perennial vegetable with parsnip-like roots. Grated Horseradish made from these roots adds a zest to mustard, fish or meat. Plant roots in corner of the garden where they will not be disturbed. Set them about 2 feet apart and cover with 2 or 3 inches of soil. 6 roots 50 cts.; 12 roots 90 cts.; 50 roots \$3.50.

Kale

Ideal fall crop. Sow seed in early summer; cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil. Ready for use about two months after planting. Will live over winter to be cut in early spring. Rich in vitamins, it deserves to be more widely grown.

Dwarf Green Curled Scotch. 60 days. A low plant, about $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, bearing bright green curled leaves in profusion. Can withstand low temperatures and be used all winter except in the coldest regions. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Tall Green Curled Scotch. 65 days. A very hardy kind about 2 feet tall, with dark green, curly leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Kohlrabi

Sow seed in open ground as soon as soil can be prepared, covering with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil. Thin seedlings to stand 6 inches apart, with 18 inches between rows. Cultivate freely to keep down weeds. Best used when enlarged roots are about 2 inches across. Ideal early spring or fall crop. Cook like turnips.

Purple Vienna. 60 days. Similar to White Vienna, but roots are purple outside. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

White Vienna. 55 days. Smooth white bulbs that are sweet-flavored and tender if used when about 2 inches in diameter. Tastes similar to cauliflower and turnip. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

Leek

Sow seed in a trench 8 inches deep and cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil. Thin young plants to stand 5 to 6 inches apart, with $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet between rows. As seedlings grow, trenches can be filled in to blanch the stems.

American Flag. 130 days. An early variety producing stems 2 inches across, that may be blanched 10 inches from the root. Strong, fast grower, best in late summer. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 55 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

Feed Vegetables As They Grow

Quick growth means tender vegetables. Try feeding your vegetables as they grow. Apply 5-10-5 Garden Fertilizer on each side of the row about 4 to 6 inches away from the stems. Make sure that no fertilizer comes in contact with the foliage. Use about 4 pounds per 100 square feet of garden area every three to five weeks. The plant-food is then worked into the soil with a rake. The ideal time to feed is just before a rain.

Lettuce

For an early crop of head Lettuce, start seed in a sunny window indoors or in a hotbed or coldframe. Transplant as soon as seedlings are large enough to handle. It takes four to six weeks to grow plants large enough to set out. Allow 15 inches between plants and the same distance between rows. Head Lettuce grows best in cool weather. Prepare soil well in advance. Seed can also be sown in open ground. Leaf Lettuce can be sown in a hotbed or coldframe and cut for use as needed. Sow in open ground for a source of supply in summer. Leaf Lettuce is the best kind for a warm-weather crop. For a late Lettuce crop sow seed September 1 in the coldframe and with a little protection you can have Lettuce up to Thanksgiving.

Bibb. 77 days. Very small heads which possess a most appetizing flavor. Crisp and tender. Excellent for early spring planting and also desirable for late summer sowing for fall use. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Big Boston. 75 days. An all-season type with large heads tinged bronze at the edges of the outside leaves. Buttery yellow, crisp, tender hearts. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Grand Rapids. 50 days. A loose-leaf variety that is widely grown. Leaves are very fringed and curled, usable early in the season. Tender and crisp. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Great Lakes. 90 days. An All-America prize-winner. Crisp head variety of the Iceberg type. Stands more heat and sun than any hard-head variety without going to seed. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

Iceberg. 84 days. Forms compact, medium-sized heads with curly, fringed, green outer leaves and a crisp, fine-flavored heart that is blanched silvery white. Hardy, strong plant and a favorite on tables all over the country. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Imperial 44. 84 days. Heads up even during hot weather. Medium size, slightly flattened. Very dependable for this section of the country. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Imperial 847. 84 days. A very fine strain having large rounded heads of medium green, with plenty of outside leaves to protect the heart. Very resistant to blight, and lasts well in hot weather. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

Matchless. 65 days. The best of all Lettuces to grow during hot weather. It is midway between the heading and romaine types. Noted for its crispness on the hottest summer day. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

May King. 63 days. An early butterhead variety. The head is of medium size, tightly folded leaves, bright yellow inside with creamy yellow center. Plants dwarf and compact, quick growing and hardy. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Mignonette. 67 days. Medium small, compact medium brown, with dark greenish tinge; leaves frilled, heart well blanched. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

New York No. 12. 85 days. Solid, somewhat flattened head. Outer leaves crumpled and blistered; heart crisp and tender, blanching easily. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

New York No. 515. 83 days. The large heads are solid, uniform, and bright green in color. Stands hot weather remarkably well. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

LETTUCE, continued

Oakleaf. 65 days. Semi-heading, of medium size, with medium green leaves resembling oak leaves. Very tender and tasty and can stand hot weather. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Paris White Cos (Romaine). 83 days. Elongated heads of very crisp, sweetly flavored leaves that provide a welcome change from the usual Lettuce. Plants grow to 10 inches tall, with outer leaves medium green and inner ones blanched to a delicate white. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Simpson. 45 days. Very good variety for home gardens. Light green, frilled and fringed leaves with a delicate, crisp taste. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Slobolt. 45 days. A long-standing Lettuce recently developed by the Department of Agriculture. Stands heat without going to seed for two or three weeks longer than such similar varieties as Grand Rapids and Simpson. A loose-leaf variety with leaves that are very fringed and curled. Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

White Boston. 80 days. Similar to Big Boston but leaves are light green. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Mustard

Seed can be sown in the open ground as soon as soil can be prepared. Space plants 6 inches apart, with 18 inches between rows. Young leaves can be pulled as needed.

Giant Southern Curled. 35 days. Mild-flavored, bright green leaves making a fine dish when cooked as greens. Very popular in the South. Curled leaves; excellent for either spring or fall planting. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Muskmelon

Melons grow best in light rich soil. Do not set out plants or seed until all danger of frost has passed and ground is warm. For an early start, sow seed indoors in pots or in the open ground if Hotkaps are used to protect young seedlings. Melon seed is usually sown in hills 6 feet apart each way; 3 plants to a hill are sufficient. As vines grow, lift them frequently to prevent them from rooting. As fruits ripen, applications of water help to hasten maturity.

Bender's Surprise. 90 days. An oblong, greenish yellow melon with flesh of salmon color. Its fine flavor recommends it for the home garden. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

Emerald Gem. 90 days. Dark green outer skin, with thick, sweet, deep salmon flesh. Somewhat flattened in shape; very early. Popular for the home garden. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

Hearts of Gold. 90 days. The rich deep orange flesh is very sweet. Slightly elongated in shape and of medium size, weighing about 3 pounds each. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

Pride of Wisconsin. 92 days. Oval fruits with coarsely netted, pearly gray rind. Thick orange flesh, solid and very sweet. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

Rocky Ford (Gold-lined). 90 days. Oval in shape, with heavy netting over the whole melon. Flesh is thick and sweet, green, with a golden edge next to the seed-cavity. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 45 cts.

MATCHLESS LETTUCE IS THE BEST TO GROW IN HOT WEATHER

Onion Seed

Seed can be started in the hotbed and transplanted to the open ground, spacing plants 4 inches apart, with at least 1½ feet between rows. Or the seed can be sown directly in the garden as early as possible in the spring. When large enough, thin out to allow plenty of space for growth, as good Onions will not grow when crowded. 1 ounce will plant 100 feet of drill.

Ailsa Craig. 110 days. Oval-shaped Onion with straw-colored skin and solid white flesh. Grows to huge size if started early in hotbeds and later transplanted. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 60 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

Prizetaker. 110 days. A very large, thin-skinned Onion, golden brown with pure white, solid, mild flesh. Crisp and juicy. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 45 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

Southport Red Globe. 115 days. Glossy light red, with fine-grained, mild white interior. Yields heavily and is a good keeper. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 45 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Southport White Globe. 110 days. Large, round, paper-white. Very fine flavor; popular with home gardeners. Sweet, juicy, and extra good. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 45 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

Southport Yellow Globe. 115 days. Bright golden yellow strain, perfectly round and uniform in size and shape. Pure white, sweet, mild flesh; very widely raised. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 45 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

Sweet Spanish Yellow. 110 days. Globe-shaped Spanish Onions with exceptionally mild flavor. Excellent to use raw for salads and sandwiches. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.; oz. 95 cts.

White Bunching. 120 days. Grown especially for scallions and small Onions. Tender and mild. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.; oz. 95 cts.

White Portugal. 105 days. A large flat white Onion when mature. Also used for bunching as well as for pickling when small. Very tender. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 45 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

White Sweet Spanish. 110 days. Large, solid, crisp, pure white Onion. Excellent either for cooking or for serving raw. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 50 cts.; oz. 95 cts.

Onion Sets

These small bulbs produce scallions and Onions much more quickly than seed. For scallions plant sets 2 inches apart as early in spring as possible. They will be ready in four to six weeks. For large Onions plant the yellow Onion sets 4 inches apart. Space rows at least 1½ feet apart, and plant the sets 2 inches deep. 1 pound will plant 50 feet.

Yellow Ebenezer Onion Sets. An excellent winter keeper; develops into full size Onions much sooner than seed. Also makes good scallions. Qt. 40 cts.

Red Onion Sets. Mild flavor; good keeper. Tasty as scallions. Qt. 40 cts.

White Onion Sets. Mostly used for scallions and table Onions. Qt. 40 cts.

FREQUENT CULTIVATION IS IMPORTANT
IN GROWING VEGETABLES

Okra

Young pods are good for cutting up in soups, stews, etc. Strictly a warm-weather crop. Sow in the open ground about June 1 and thin plants to stand 12 inches apart. Space rows 2½ feet apart. 1 ounce will plant 50 feet of drill.

Clemson Spineless. 56 days. A new variety, almost spineless. Dark green pods 7 to 9 inches long. Plants grow 4 feet tall and produce many pods. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼lb. 75 cts.

Dwarf Green Long Pod. 52 days. Plants reach a height of 2 to 2½ feet and produce many dark green pods measuring 7 to 8 inches long. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼lb. 65 cts.

White Velvet. 62 days. Plants grow 3 feet tall. Creamy white pods 6 to 7 inches long, which are tender and slender. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼lb. 65 cts.

Peas

Sow seed in rows, covering with 1 inch of soil, and spacing them 1 inch apart. Where space is at a premium, Peas are often planted in double rows, allowing about 8 inches between them and 3 feet between pairs of rows. Put supports in when planting or very soon afterward. Smooth-seeded varieties are best for early planting; wrinkled-seeded kinds for late planting. 1 pound will plant 50 feet of row.

Alaska Wilt-resistant. 58 days. An extra-early, smooth-seeded variety growing about 2½ feet tall. Small round green Peas in plump, round, blunt pods. Matures practically all at one time; resistant to wilt. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 25 cts.; lb. 45 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.00.

Alderman. 75 days. Vigorous plants 4 feet high produce an abundant supply of straight, broad, pointed, dark green pods 4½ inches long. Extra-large Peas, but sweet and tender. Vines need support and bear the crop over a long season. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Dwarf Telephone. 80 days. Good crop of large, broad pods containing 7 to 9 large, round Peas of luscious flavor. Vines reach about 2 feet in height. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Early Bird (Laxton's Superb). 60 days. Very early. Vines 18 inches tall; pods 4 inches long. A very fine smooth-seeded variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 30 cts.; lb. 55 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.50.

First and Best. 60 days. A popular very early sort. Smooth, slightly wrinkled Peas on vines 18 to 24 inches tall. Good canning variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 25 cts.; lb. 45 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.00.

Giant-podded Hamper. 70 days. Grows 20 inches tall. A new variety with pods that are nearly 4 inches long, full of wonderful peas. Extremely prolific. This is a warm-weather Pea. Do not plant until May 1. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 30 cts.; lb. 55 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.50.

Gradus (Also known as Prosperity). 64 days. Very large, tender, wrinkled Peas, borne 6 to 8 in a pod. Plants 3 feet tall. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Laxton's Progress. 64 days. Large-podded dwarf plants 18 inches high, bearing long, broad, pointed, 4½-inch pods. Dark green Peas, 7 to 9 in a pod, of high quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 30 cts.; lb. 55 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.50.

PEAS, continued

Little Marvel. 63 days. Grows 18 inches high. Bears a heavy crop of dark green pods 3 inches long, which are tightly packed with 7 or 8 deep green Peas of delicious flavor. This is one of the best of the early wrinkled varieties. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 35 cts.; lb. 55 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.50.

Mammoth Melting Sugar. 75 days. Prepared like snap beans when partly grown, and like shelled Peas when developed. It grows 4 to 5 feet tall. Edible-podded. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 35 cts.; lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.75.

Miracle. 70 days. A very new variety. Tried and proved in Greenwich to be of exceptional merit. Grows 4 feet tall. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 35 cts.; lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.75.

Telephone. 75 days. Grows 4 feet high and produces a big crop of long, broad pods. Large, light green, tender Peas. An excellent sort. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Thomas Laxton. 65 days. Dark green, smooth, square-ended pods 3½ inches long, filled with 6 to 8 large, tender Peas of excellent flavor. An early, sure-cropping variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Parsley

Seed is slow to germinate, sometimes requiring three to four weeks. Soak it overnight before planting, and keep soil moist with wet burlap until it germinates. To encourage new growth plants can be sheared in late summer. 1 ounce will plant 100 feet of row.

Hamburg or Parsnip-rooted. 90 days. Grown for the fleshy roots which are used for flavoring soups and stews, as well as for the plain leaves. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Plain-leaf (Also known as Italian Parsley). 60 days. Dark green, uncurled, richly flavored leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½oz. 20 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Triple Curled. 70 days. Very thick, densely curled leaves, finely cut and dark green in color. Good for flavoring meat and vegetable dishes, soups, etc. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½oz. 20 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Parsnips

Sow seed in rows, covering with ½ inch of soil. Often seed is slow and poor in germination. Thin the young plants to stand 6 inches apart, with 1½ feet between rows. Since roots are greatly improved by freezing, they are often left in the ground over winter and used the following spring. 1 ounce will sow 200 feet of row.

Improved Hollow Crown. 100 days. Long smooth roots with broad shoulders. Tender, fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

To Grow Good Peas

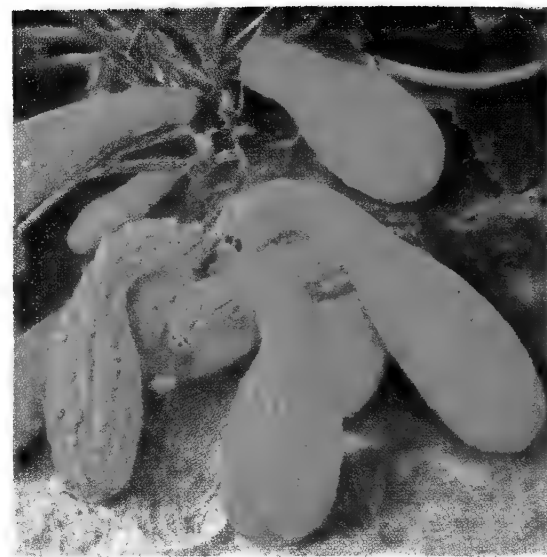
To grow good Peas in Greenwich, plant them as early as possible. A good tip is to open the row in the early morning, and allow it to be exposed to the rays of the sun for five or six hours. Then sow the Peas in the late afternoon. This procedure increases the soil temperature, thereby hastening germination. 2 pounds of seed required for a 100-foot row.



SWISS CHARD, Lucullus. Pkt. 10 cts.;
oz. 30 cts.; 1/4lb. 90 cts.



LETTUCE, Bibb. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.



SQUASH, Giant Summer Crookneck
Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.



PARSLEY, Triple Curled
Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

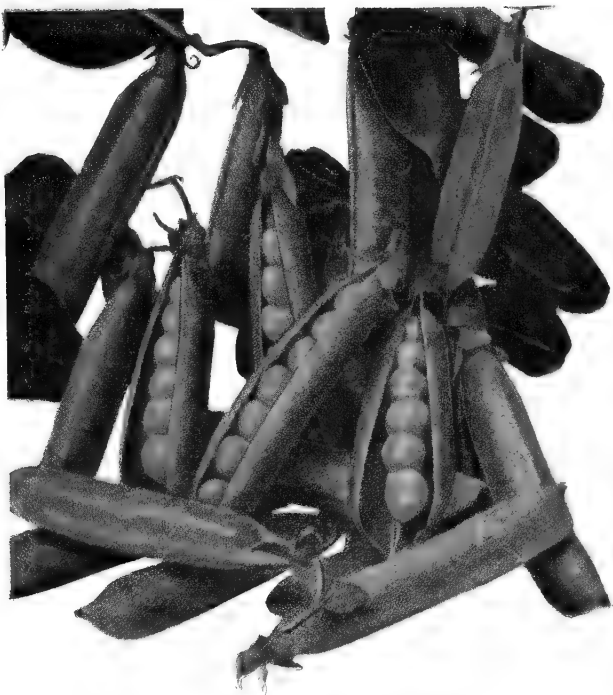
Vegetable Plants

Broccoli, Cabbage, Lettuce,
and Parsley ready April 15th.
Eggplant, Pepper and Tomato
plants ready May 15th. Celery
plants ready June 15th.

CUCUMBER, Woodruff's Hybrid. Pkt. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts.



EGGPLANT, Black Beauty
Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4oz. 35 cts.



Seed Potatoes

$\frac{1}{2}$ -peck Potatoes (7 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.) will plant a 100-foot row. From this amount a yield of two bushels can be expected. Cut the seed Potatoes into three to six pieces, depending upon size of Potato, each with at least one eye. Cut your Potatoes a few days before planting so that the cut surfaces can form callouses.

Chippewa. A smooth white Potato coming about a week later than Irish Cobblers. A disease-resistant variety yielding heavily.

Green Mountain. Oblong, slightly flattened; creamy white skin and pure white flesh. Excellent quality; disease-free.

Irish Cobbler. The best extra-early white variety. Smooth, round, creamy white tubers with flesh of fine taste. Very productive on any soil.

Katahdin. A shallow-eyed, white-skinned sort that makes a top-notch appearance. Does best on light soil and follows Green Mountain in maturing.

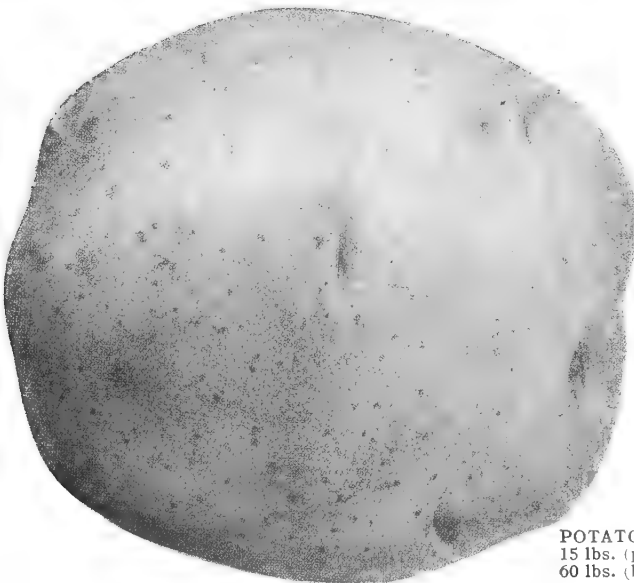
Early Rose. A pink-skinned, early Potato. White flesh of high quality. Small-sized Potatoes.

Prices of above varieties, pk. (15 lbs.) \$1.35; $\frac{1}{2}$ bus. (30 lbs.) \$2.50; bus. (60 lbs.) \$4.85; 100-lb. bag \$7.50.



ONION, Prizetaker
Pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

PEAS, Gradus. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.25.



POTATO, Katahdin
15 lbs. (pk.) \$1.35;
60 lbs. (bus.) \$4.85.



PEPPER, California Wonder.
Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25



TOMATO, Master Marglobe
Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10

WE CONSIDER GRADUS THE BEST PEA TO GROW IN GREENWICH AND VICINITY

Peppers

Start seed indoors in hotbed or coldframe. It takes eight weeks to grow plants large enough to set out. Plant outdoors when all danger of frost has passed, from May 1 to June 1, allowing 2 feet of space each way. All Peppers are green and if allowed to ripen on the plant they turn red. Days to maturity are from time plants are set out.

Bull Nose or Large Bell. 70 days. An early sweet variety; prolific. Fruit 3 by 2½ inches. Good for stuffing. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.20.

California Wonder. 75 days. Blocky shape, thick walls, and sweet, fine flavor characterize this long-time favorite. Excellent for stuffing. The Peppers are 4 inches long, smooth, glossy green, turning bright crimson when ripe. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

Cayenne, Long Narrow. 72 days. Grows about 5 inches long, curled and twisted. Very hot. Dried for winter use. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

Chinese Giant. 80 days. A popular sort for home gardens. Plants about 2 feet high, bearing a heavy crop of very large, broad Peppers, dark green turning to scarlet. Sweet flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

Hungarian Wax. 65 days. Grows 6 to 8 inches long; hot or pungent. Yellow, changing to orange and then bright red when fully ripe. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.35.

Neapolitan. 61 days. Very early, sweet and mild. Upright, three-lobed fruit about 4 inches long and 2 inches wide. Largely used for frying. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

Pimiento. 65 days. Heart-shaped, pendent fruits 3½ inches long and 2½ inches in diameter at top. Very sweet; bright red color when ripe. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

Red Cherry. 75 days. Hot. Round fruits 1½ inches across, resembling a large cherry. Very prolific. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

Ruby King. 68 days. Grows 4 to 6 inches long. Prolific bearer. Walls are medium thick; excellent for slicing or stuffing. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.20.

World Beater. 72 days. Large size—sometimes 5 inches long and 3½ inches across. Thick, sweet, dark green flesh, becoming bright red. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

Pumpkin

As with melons, seed can be started indoors in pots. When sowing in open ground, space hills at least 6 feet apart each way, putting 3 to 4 seeds in a hill and covering with 1 inch of soil. Pumpkins are often interplanted with corn.

Connecticut Field. 110 days. Large, round, flat at the ends; smooth orange-colored rind. Dry, sweet flesh used for pies. Often planted in the cornfield, where it may attain a weight of 18 pounds. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

King of the Mammoths. 120 days. Its huge size accounts for the name, for individual specimens often grow to 18 inches in diameter and 60 pounds in weight. Orange-salmon rind and thick, sweet, bright yellow flesh. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Large Cheese. 110 days. Skin creamy yellow and flesh fine-grained, deep yellow. Large, flattened, round. Bears a heavy crop. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

PUMPKIN, continued

Small Sugar. 100 days. An excellent variety for pies, and a good keeper. Small, round orange-yellow fruits with meaty, deep yellow flesh of sweet flavor. Early and prolific. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Radish

For a continuous supply, make successive sowings in short rows from April until June, and from August 15 to October 1. Cover seed with ½ inch of soil. Small Radishes can be thinned to stand 1 to 2 inches apart. Larger kinds will require more space. A foot between rows is ample. 1 ounce will plant 100 feet of row.

China Rose Winter. 60 days. A variety for winter use, growing 5 inches long and 2 inches thick. Cylindrical, blunt-ended roots, with deep rose-colored skin and pure white, pungent flesh. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.00.

Cincinnati Market. 35 days. An early long red Radish with roots 6 to 7 inches long and about an inch thick. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼lb. 85 cts.

French Breakfast. 24 days. Deep olive-shaped, rose-scarlet Radish with a white tip. Crisp, firm, white, juicy. Grows quickly and is very popular with the home gardener. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼lb. 85 cts.

Round Black Spanish. 60 days. Another winter sort. Roots 4 inches long and 3 inches deep, round, grayish black outside, with pungent white flesh. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.00.

Scarlet Globe Special. 25 days. Small, round, bright scarlet. Flesh solid, crisp, fine white. Widely grown both for forcing and in home gardens, and a most desirable variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼lb. 85 cts.

Sparkler White Tip. 25 days. An early Radish with small round bright scarlet roots with white tip and long slender taproot. Flesh juicy, white, well-flavored. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼lb. 85 cts.

White Icicle. 35 days. Long, tapering, all-white variety with tender, crisp, sweet taste. Very widely planted and the most popular long Radish. Deep soil preparation is necessary. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼lb. 85 cts.

Swiss Chard

Sow seed in open ground as soon as soil can be prepared, covering with ½ inch of soil. Thin plants to stand 6 to 8 inches apart, with 2 feet between rows. Grows easily in ordinary garden soil and stands summer heat well. 1 ounce will plant 100 feet of row.

Lucullus. 60 days. Creamy white, crimped and curled leaves; broad, thick stalks. Plants about 1½ feet tall. Another cut-and-come-again vegetable. Cut off plants a couple of inches above the crown and new leaves will be produced. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼lb. 90 cts.

Burpee's Rhubarb Chard. 60 days. A Swiss Chard that looks like rhubarb. The leaf-stalks are bright but delicate, translucent crimson; the rich color extends out through the veins into the dark green, heavily crumpled leaves. You will enjoy its different, tasty, delicious flavor. Plants are so beautiful they may be used in flower borders. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.35.

Squash

For planting in hills, set 4 to 6 seeds in each hill. Cover with 1 inch of soil, and allow 4 feet of space each way. Bush type is planted in rows with about 2 feet of space between plants. Do not plant in open ground until all danger of frost has passed.

Acorn (Table Queen). 85 days. Very thin, dark green shell; flesh dry and mealy. Trailing fall variety. Prolific producer and popular for the home garden. One half, when baked, is just right for an individual serving. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.00.

Boston Marrow. 100 days. A trailing winter variety. Olive-shaped, with smooth light orange skin and fine-grained, moist, deep orange flesh of fine quality. Weighs 6 to 9 pounds and is a favorite home variety often used for making "pumpkin" pies. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.00.

Butternut. 85 days. A trailing fall variety. The fruits are 10 to 12 inches long, bottle shaped, with smooth buff-colored skin. Excellent flavor and contains very few seeds. Pkt. 25 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.75.

Cocozelle (Vegetable Marrow). 65 days. A non-trailing summer variety. Grows as long as 14 inches dark green on the outside, with greenish white, delicately flavored flesh. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.00.

Connecticut Straightneck. 60 days. Bush-type summer variety producing 7 to 9-inch, lemon-yellow fruit with flesh of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.00.

Delicious. 110 days. A trailing type. A very good winter variety has dark green skin. Individual fruits weigh from 6 to 10 pounds each; 7 to 8 inches thick and 11 to 12 inches long. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.20.

Early White Bush Scallop. 55 days. Round flat summer variety, scalloped around the edge and creamy white in color. Milky white flesh that is delicious when cooked in a number of ways. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.10.

English Vegetable Marrow. 100 days. Soft white flesh of fine flavor. Trailing. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.10.

Giant Summer Crookneck. 60 days. Golden yellow, 12 to 14 inches long, with excellent meaty flesh. Plant is of bush type. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.00.

Golden Hubbard. 110 days. Earlier than the other types of Hubbard. Orange-yellow flesh. Excellent for freezing or canning. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.00.

Improved Hubbard. 110 days. A trailing variety with large green fruits 12 inches long and 10 inches thick. Weighs about 12 pounds. The standard winter Squash. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.10.

Zucchini. 60 days. Bush-type summer variety. Fruits are 20 inches long and 3 inches across, cylindrical in shape and black-green in color. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.10.

Sorrel

Sour-Grass. 65 days. Large, pale green leaves, used for salad or boiled as greens. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 40 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Salsify

Sow outdoors as soon as soil can be prepared. Cover seed with 1 inch of soil and allow at least 1 foot between rows. Thin the young plants to stand 4 inches apart. Roots can be stored like carrots or allowed to remain in the ground over winter for use the following spring. 1 ounce will plant 100 feet of row.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. 115 days. Long, thick, smooth roots similar to parsnips but flavored like oysters. May be left in the ground over winter, for use in the spring, or may be stored in a cool cellar. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 40 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Spinach

A hardy crop, seed can be sown as early as soil can be prepared. Cover with ½ inch of soil. Thin the young plants to stand 3 inches apart, in rows 1½ feet apart. Seed of New Zealand Spinach should be soaked several hours before planting, to hasten germination. 1 ounce will plant 50 feet of row.

Bloodsdales Long-standing. 50 days. Heavily crumpled, dark green leaves that stay in good condition a long time. Quick growing and fine for either spring or fall. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

New Zealand. 80 days. Although not a true Spinach, this plant is welcome as a substitute for it in hot weather, for after the true Spinach has bolted to seed, New Zealand keeps on producing. Rich green tender leaves until frost. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

Nobel Giant-leaved. 50 days. Very large, thick, quite smooth leaves, dark green in color. An early, heavy crop is produced and it lasts well before bolting. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

Perpetual. 60 days. A cut-and-come-again type. A summer Spinach, standing the heat well. Resembles Swiss Chard in appearance but does not grow as high. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

Viking. 50 days. Low, quick-growing plants provide supply of greens in early spring. Stands well in warm weather, too. A popular variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

Turnips

Sow in open ground as soon as soil can be prepared. Cover with ½ inch of soil. Thin seedlings to stand 4 inches apart, with 1½ feet between rows. 1 ounce will plant 200 feet of row.

Golden Ball (Orange Jelly). 60 days. Creamy yellow roots of smooth globular form, with pale amber flesh. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.

White Milan. 50 days. Roots large with pure white skin and flesh. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.

Purple-Top White Globe. 45 days. A very popular variety for the home garden, with crisp, creamy white, well-flavored flesh. The large roots are purplish red at the top, and cream-white below ground. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.

Rutabaga, Long Island Improved. 90 days. Large, solid, creamy yellow, globe Turnips. The best keeper for winter use. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. 90 cts.

Seven-top. 50 days. Grown for the tops, which are used like spinach. Highly recommended for its vitamin content. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.

Yellow Globe. 60 days. Large, globular roots of very fine quality. Color is pale yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.

Tomato

Tomatoes require a long time to develop. Start seed indoors in a hotbed or coldframe. Plant seedlings as soon as they are large enough to handle. It takes six to eight weeks to grow plants large enough to set out. Plants must not be set out in open ground until all danger of frost has passed. Make provisions for stakes, since better-quality Tomatoes are obtained from plants that are tied to stakes. Days to maturity listed are from time plants are set in the garden.

Bonny Best. Certified Seed. 66 days. A smooth, round, bright scarlet, extra-early variety. Especially recommended for regions having a short growing season. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

Break o'Day. Certified Seed. 63 days. Medium-sized, well-flavored fruit, bright red in color, with thick flesh and small seed-cavity. Best in heavy, rich soil. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

Chalk's Early Jewel. Certified Seed. 68 days. Slightly flattened, nearly round, deep, meaty and solid, rich scarlet-red. An early producer. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

Crimson Cushion (Beefsteak or Enormous). 80 days. Extra-large, somewhat ribbed; deep scarlet fruits abundantly produced. Juicy and solid, with subacid flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.75.

Earliana. Certified Seed. 60 days. Early and productive. Fruits are smooth, flattened, round, deep scarlet. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.20.

John Baer. Certified Seed. 66 days. Slightly flattened at top, but thick through; rich red fruit, smooth and firm. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

Jubilee. 90 days. The deep orange flesh is thick and heavy, with small seed cavities and a mild non-acid flavor. The yellow-skinned fruits are large smooth globes, borne on vigorous vines which can be staked and pruned. Yellow Tomatoes are rich in vitamin C, and this is the best one so far. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.

Master Marglobe. Certified Seed. 73 days. Large, very solid, globe-shaped Tomatoes are produced on strong, disease-resistant plants. Very productive. One of the leading varieties. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

Oxheart. 86 days. Smooth, pinkish red fruit of extra-large size. Very sweet flavor, especially desirable for home gardens. Unusually firm and heavy. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼ oz. 65 cts.; oz. \$1.95.

Ponderosa. 81 days. Another variety that grows to a very large size. Deep, rather flattened, purplish pink. Its mild flavor appeals to people who ordinarily find Tomatoes too acid. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.75.

Golden Queen. 80 days. A strain with golden yellow, mild-flavored flesh. Large-size fruit. Very fine. Not so acid as the red Tomatoes. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

Pritchard or Scarlet Topper. Certified Seed. 70 days. A wilt-resistant variety developed at Pennsylvania State College. Bears a large crop of medium-sized, bright red, globular fruits of fine quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

Rutgers. Certified Seed. 74 days. Large, bright red, with thick flesh and small seed cells. Vigorous vines; fruit useful for canning. A prime favorite. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

TOMATOES, continued

Stokesdale. Certified Seed. 73 days. Matures about 10 days earlier than Marglobe. Heavy crop of fruit, ripening quickly. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

Stone. Certified Seed. 80 days. Deep, smooth fruits of very good quality, maturing quite late in the season. Large vines, with plenty of foliage. Widely grown in home gardens. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.10.

Small-fruited Tomatoes (Cocktail Tomatoes). Attractive small varieties, both ornamental and useful for serving whole and for preserving. **Red Cherry; Yellow Cherry; Red Plum; Yellow Plum; Red Pear; Yellow Pear.** Each, pkt. 20 cts.

Watermelon

Cole's Early. 84 days. A medium-sized, almost round variety for home gardens. Dark green, striped lighter. Flesh deep pink, very sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Kleckley Sweets. 86 days. A long melon with dark green rind and bright red, well-flavored flesh ripening close to the rind. An excellent sweet sort. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Plant a Patch of Herbs in Your Vegetable Garden

Anise. Seed used to flavor cakes; delightful licorice-like flavor. Pkt. 25 cts.

Applemint. Flavoring especially good in jelly. Plants only. 35 cts. each; 3 for \$1.00.

Borage. The blue star-shaped flowers are sometimes candied or they can be used to decorate a salad. Pkt. 25 cts.

Caraway. Biennial. The Caraway seeds are used to flavor cakes and sweet breads. Pkt. 25 cts.

Dill. Used for flavoring pickles and soups. Pkt. 15 cts.

Fennel. Delicious salad herb of sweet flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.

Lavender. Used dried to impart a fragrance to linen. Seed, pkt. 25 cts. Plants, 35 cts. each; 3 for \$1.00.

Peppermint. Flavoring. Plants only. 35 cts. each; 3 for \$1.00.

Rosemary. Used as a seasoning. Aromatic. Seed, pkt. 25 cts. Plants, 40 cts. each.

Sage. Perennial. The old standby flavor for poultry dressing. Seed, pkt. 25 cts. Plants, 40 cts. each.

Spearmint. The most common mint. For jelly, mint sauce, julep, etc. Plants only. 35 cts. each; 3 for \$1.00.

Summer Savory. Adds zest to soups, salads and gravies. Pkt. 25 cts.

Sweet Basil. Leaves are often used to flavor tomato dishes. Pkt. 25 cts.

Sweet Marjoram. Pungent but delicate flavor for seasoning soups and poultry. Seed, pkt. 25 cts. Plants, 40 cts. each.

Tarragon. For flavoring salads and vinegar. Plants only. 35 cts. each; 3 for \$1.00.

Thyme. Perennial. For something new and different, flavor the stuffing for roast duck or turkey with this delicious herb. Seed, pkt. 25 cts. Plants, 40 cts. each.



Eclipse. Hybrid Tea. Golden yellow. Distinctly different from any other Rose, with super-streamlined buds, which often exceed 2 inches in length. A most prolific bloomer, and by far the best yellow Rose that we know. \$1.50 each.

Countess Vandal. Hybrid Tea. Copper and salmon. A beautiful Rose from the first tints of color on the large, long, tapering buds until the petals fall. Orange-copper, becoming copper, salmon and gold. \$1.50 each.



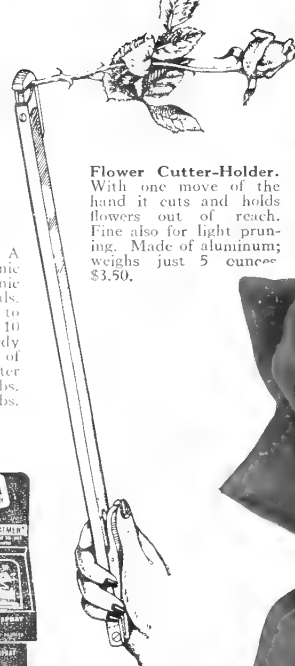
Roses for Every Garden. By R. C. Allen. All you need to know about growing Roses is included in this book. 32 pages in full color. Dr. Allen tells you how to select varieties by color, type, and use. Simple and explicit directions are included on preparing the soil, watering, mulching, pruning, cutting, disbudding. \$3.50 each.



Tri-Ogen Rose Food. A Rose Food made from organic (long-lasting) and inorganic (quickly available) materials. Contains 5 units of nitrogen to give healthy green foliage; 10 units of phosphorus for sturdy plants and roots; and 5 units of potash for bigger and better flowers. 5 lbs. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$1.60; 25 lbs. \$3.00; 50 lbs. \$5.00.



Tri-Ogen Spray. The complete Rose Spray. Contains Fomate, which is the fungicide supreme. Small Kit (A) \$2.25; Medium Kit (B) \$6.00; Large Kit (C) \$9.00; Estate Kit (D) \$30.00.



Flower Cutter-Holder. With one move of the hand it cuts and holds flowers out of reach. Fine also for light pruning. Made of aluminum; weighs just 5 ounces \$3.50.

4 Popular Roses

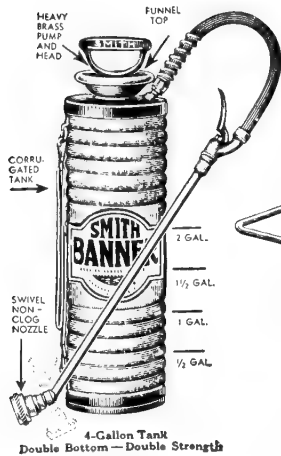


Crimson Glory. Hybrid Tea. Deep crimson. Glorious in its perfect form, its size, and its fragrance. A splendid plant, vigorous and exceptionally resistant to disease. One of the most popular reds. Free blooming. \$1.50 each.



Blaze. The best scarlet climber that we know, producing great clusters of rich color on a dependable, hardy plant. Makes a beautiful show in June. \$1.50 each.

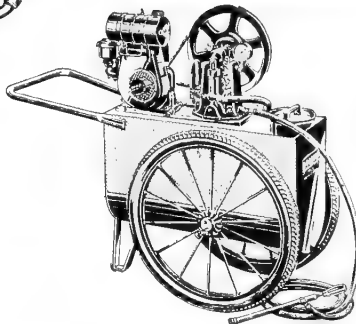
Dependable Sprayers



4-Gallon Tank
Double Bottom—Double Strength

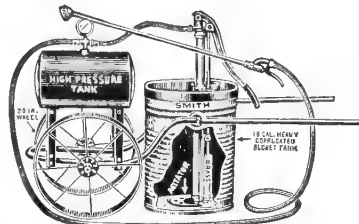
SMITH BANNER SPRAYER

4-gal. tank; 2-ft. brass extension rod; 28 in. of hose. \$10.50.



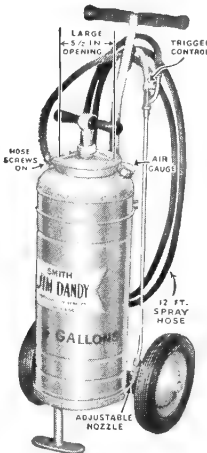
DOBBINS EVEREADY POWER SPRAYER

25-gal. heavy steel tank; 12 1/2 ft. of 3/8-in. high-pressure hose; 1 1/2 H.P. engine; 26 x 2 1/2-in. rubber tires. \$181.25.



WHEELBARROW SPRAYER

Only one man required to operate this Sprayer. Very practical where there is a lot of spraying to be done. \$50.80.



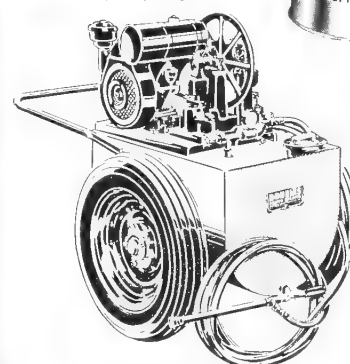
JIM DANDY CART SPRAYER

This is an outfit that women can use. Equipped with rubber wheels. Works on bearings, making it very easy to push. \$34.50.

SMITH NEW STREAMLINE BLIZZARD CONTINUOUS SPRAYER



1-pt. capacity, \$2.95.
1-qt. capacity, \$3.75.

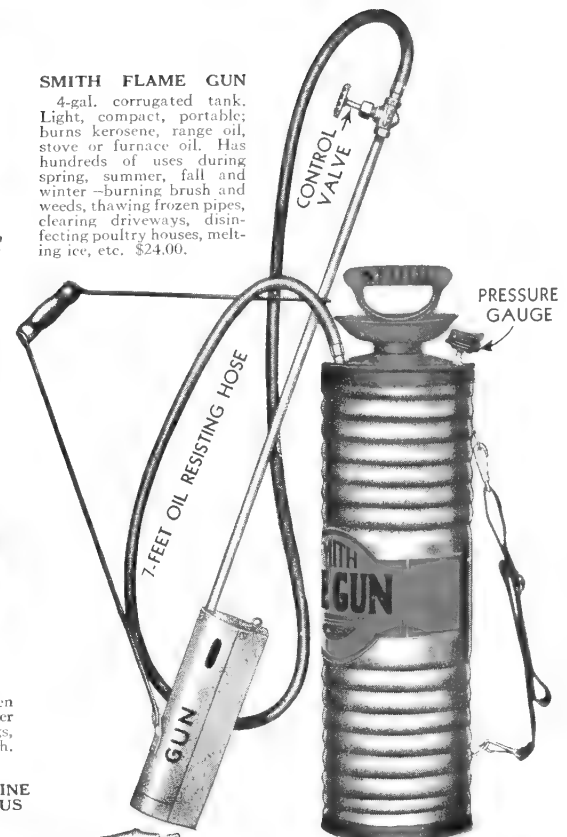


DOBBINS POWER SPRAYER

50-gal. heavy steel tank; 25 ft. of 1/2-in. high-pressure hose; double-cylinder pump; 1 3/4 H.P. motor. Disc wheels with large rubber tires. \$326.00.

SMITH FLAME GUN

4-gal. corrugated tank. Light, compact, portable; burns kerosene, range oil, stove or furnace oil. Has hundreds of uses during spring, summer, fall and winter—burning brush and weeds, thawing frozen pipes, clearing driveways, disinfecting poultry houses, melting ice, etc. \$24.00.



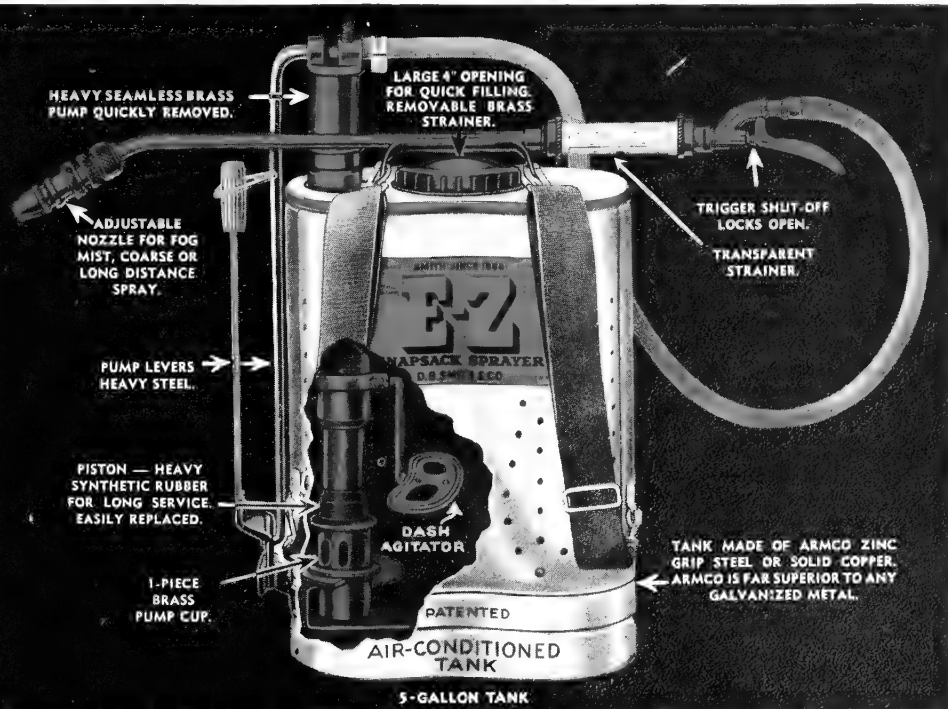
4 GALLON CORRUGATED TANK



G.S. MASTER SPRAYER

MASTER SPRAYER

Shoots a spray stream to the tops of 40-foot trees or by simple nozzle adjustment propels a fog-like mist, giving thorough coverage on foliage. Light weight; operates directly from any pail of solution. \$7.95.



SMITH NEW E-Z 5-GAL. KNAPSACK SPRAYER

High-pressure continuous Sprayer, easy to operate. Adjustable brass nozzle; new shut-off control that may be locked open for continuous spray. \$28.00.

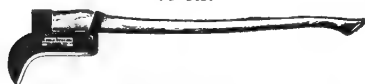
Tools and Equipment for Your Garden...



AXES
3 to 4 lbs., \$3.00 to \$4.00



ASPARAGUS KNIVES
75 cts.



BUSH HOOKS
\$3.95



BORDER SHEARS
\$7.50

BROOMS
Heavy type, for sweeping gutters and driveways. \$2.00.

Cultivators



Style A. 5 1/4-in. handle. 25 cts.



Style B. 14-in. handle. 40 cts.



Style BB. 33-in. handle. 60 cts.



Style F. 42-in. handle. \$1.25.



Speedy 4-prong long-handled Cultivator. \$2.50.



NORCROSS LONG-HANDLED CULTIVATORS

Three-prong, \$1.85.
Five-prong, \$2.50.



MANURE FORKS

Long-handled, five-tine, \$3.50.
Short-handled, five-tine, \$3.25.



HAY FORKS

All size handles. 4 ft. \$2.50; 4 1/2 ft. \$2.75;
5 ft. \$3.00.



SPADING FORKS

Short-handled, four-tine, \$3.50.
Long-handled, four-tine, \$3.25.



SCUFFLE HOES

4 in. wide. \$2.25. 7 in. wide. \$3.00.
6 in. wide. \$2.75.



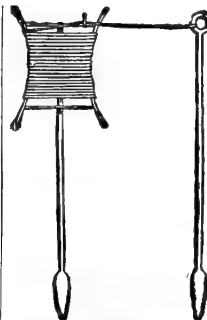
WARREN THREE-CORNER HOES

The ideal tool for making furrows, \$2.25.



GARDEN HOE

GO6. 6 1/4-in. blade. \$2.25.
GO7. 7-in. blade. \$2.35.



GARDEN REELS

No. 1. Holds 200-ft. line. \$2.50.
No. 2. Holds 300-ft. line. \$3.25.

GARDEN LINE FOR REELS

100 ft. \$1.50



LOPPING SHEARS

Clyde No. 5406. Light weight. 20-in. handle. \$3.95.
Clyde No. 5402. Heavy duty. 24-in. handle. \$6.95.

FORESTER TREE PRUNERS



Heavy-duty lopping shears.

No. 1. 20 in. long; cuts 1 1/4 in. \$7.50.
No. 2. 27 in. long; cuts 1 1/2 in. \$8.75.
No. 3. 34 in. long; cuts 2 in. \$9.75.

PRUNING SHEARS



Snapcut Standard, \$2.50.
Ladies' Snapcut, \$1.75.



Other type Pruners ranging in price from \$1.00 to \$5.00.



Half-Moon

EDGING KNIFE

Turf Edgers, \$2.50

GRASS HOOKS (Sickles)
\$1.00 to \$2.00



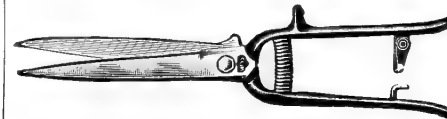
WISS SHOCK-PROOF HEDGE SHEARS

with Rubber Absorber

8 1/2 in., \$4.75; 9 1/2 in., \$5.00.



GRASS SHEARS WITH RUBBER CRIPS
\$1.95



WISS GRASS SHEARS

No. 5600. \$2.25.

DOO-CLIP GRASS SHEARS
\$1.95



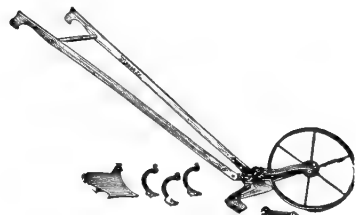
AXE MATTOCK

Less handle, \$3.25. Handles for above, \$1.50.
Mattock Grub without handle, \$2.00.
Handles for above, \$1.50.



Pick without handle, \$2.75.
Handles for above, \$1.50.

The Best in Quality...



PLANET JR.—The Wheel Cultivator.
No. 17. \$12.50.



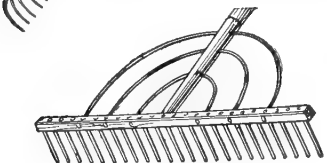
POTATO HOOKS
Regular five-tine, round teeth, \$2.95



LEVEL HEAD GARDEN RAKE
14-tooth, \$2.25.



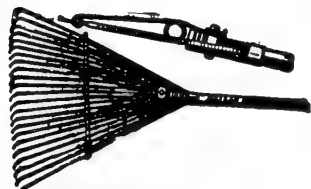
STEEL-BOW GARDEN RAKES
15-tooth, \$2.50.



WOODEN RAKES. \$2.50.



CRABGRASS RAKES OR DANDELION RAKES
\$2.25



DISSTON STEEL WIRE RAKES
(Takes place of the bamboo rake)
18-in., \$2.25; 24-in., \$3.00



SCYTHE BLADES
No. 1. English. \$4.95. No. 3. Bush. \$3.25.
No. 2. American. \$3.25.

SCYTHE SNATH or HANDLE. \$3.50.

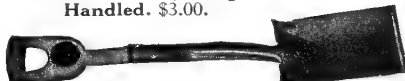
SHOVELS



Round-Pointed, Short-Handled. \$3.00.



Round-Pointed, Long-Handled. \$3.00.



Spade. \$3.00



Square-Pointed, Short-Handled, \$3.00.
Square-Pointed, Long-Handled, \$3.00.

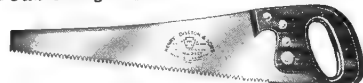
PRUNING SAWS



Pole Pruning Saw. \$3.95.



Double Edge. \$2.75.

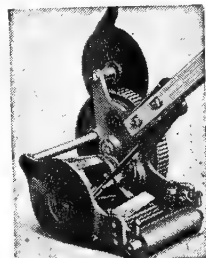
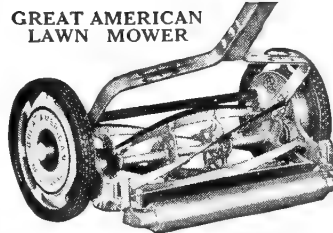


No. 31. Pruning Saw. \$4.50.



No. 27. Pruning Saw. \$6.50.

GREAT AMERICAN LAWN MOWER



Chosen by those who know the best for the job that demands the best.
15-in. cut... \$28 20
17-in. cut... 30 00
19-in. cut... 32 95

PENNSYLVANIA LAWN TRIMMER AND EDGER.

Saves time and labor for the gardener. Width of cut, 6 in. \$21.80.

Watering Accessories

LIFETIME HOSE RACK

Add years to the life of your hose. Curved plate prevents kinking. Simply attaches to a wall or the side of house. Accommodates 100 ft. of hose. \$1.25.



GARDEN HOSE



SWAN SINGLE BRAID HOSE
25 ft. \$4.75; 50 ft. \$8.95

SWAN DOUBLE BRAID HOSE
25 ft. \$5.95; 50 ft. \$10.95



SOIL-SOAKER

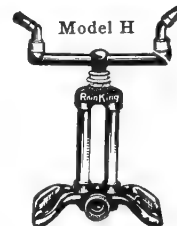
- No. 1. Soil-Soaker. 18 ft. \$2 20
- No. 2. Soil-Soaker. 30 ft. 3 40
- No. 3. Soil-Soaker. 50 ft. 5 50

RAIN KING HOSE NOZZLE



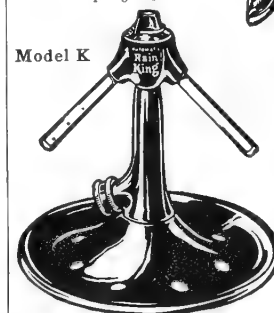
Adjustable from a stream to a fine mist. Will not rust or tarnish. \$1.35.

Either revolving or stationary. Nozzles are adjustable so that they can be set for a misty spray or for a medium or coarse spray. \$6.75.



Model H

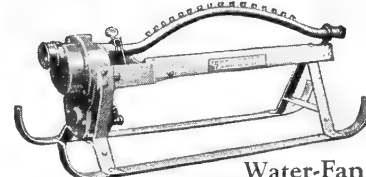
Model K



A turn of the control button sets this amazing new Rain King for any desired area, 5 to 50 feet in diameter. All exposed brass parts are chromium plated. \$7.75.



Double Rotary Sprinkler. Good for sprinkling large areas of turf such as a putting green. Especially suitable for newly seeded areas. \$15.00.



Water-Fan

An automatic oscillating irrigator for watering lawns, flowers, shrubbery, and vegetable gardens. A pressure of 25 to 30 pounds is recommended to operate this sprinkler efficiently. With this pressure it can cover an area 30 x 50 feet. \$18.00.

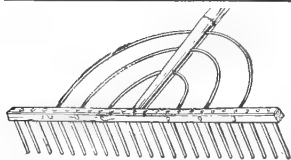
FREE DELIVERY SERVICE IN GREENWICH, HARRISON, WHITE PLAINS, MOUNT KISCO AND NEW CANAAN

WHEELBARROWS for every need

Garden Wheelbarrow Made of Plywood

Furnished with rubber-tired wheel equipped with 16 x 2-in. tire, making it unusually easy to handle. Sides are removable. The exterior plywood used in construction of these Barrows makes them more durable and lighter in weight. \$19.95.

Something NEW— Garden Wheelbarrows Made of Plywood



Wooden Rake
\$2.50

Garden Wheelbarrow Made of Plywood

Furnished with a steel wheel and removable sides, this Barrow will give long and satisfactory service. The light weight and moderate price make it desirable for home use. \$14.95.

McGUIRE'S BAMBOO LAWN RAKE

18 in.
\$1.50

24 in.
\$2.00

30 in.
\$2.75

"METAL-GRIP"
WHICH
PLACES EVERY TOOTH
ON THE GROUND WHEN
HELD AT NORMAL AN-
GLE.

SPIRAL
WHICH
LINKS TEETH TOGETHER
WITHOUT RESTRICTING
FLEXIBILITY.

CONSTRUCTED IN U. S. A.



Home Utility Barrow

For general purposes this Barrow will meet every requirement for use around the home or garden. Capacity 3 cu. ft. Eight-spoke fabricated steel wheel. We offer this home utility Barrow with an all-metal tray or with an aluminum alloy tray.

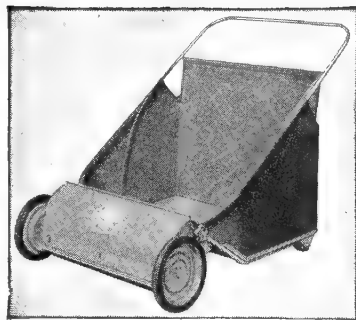
All-Metal Tray. \$12.95.

All-Aluminum Tray (lighter in weight). \$16.95.



Leaf Rack

Will fit on any wooden garden barrow having removable sides. Saves time and labor. Rack only, \$15.00.



Parker Lawn Sweeper

Operates with easy, whirling movement that lifts leaves, cut grass, sticks, stones or paper. Precision built of cast aluminum alloy, non-rusting. Five brushes of heavy fibre securely fastened to ball-bearing reel assure economical upkeep and easy replacement. Brush adjustable for heavy or light sweeping of variable-height grass. Heavy canvas, metal-bottomed, collecting hopper, 5-bushel capacity, collapsible for easy storage. Senior model, 28-in. sweeping width. \$46.50.

Disston Steel Wire Rake

The best Rake of its kind available. The illustrated spring supplies a flexibility to the teeth of the Rake that eliminates any chance of tearing up the grass. Two sizes: 18 in., \$2.25; 24 in., \$3.00.



- No. 1. 14 x 24 in. 180 lbs. filled with water. \$17.25.
No. 2. 18 x 24 in. 275 lbs. filled with water. \$21.00.
No. 3. 24 x 24 in. 440 lbs. filled with water. \$25.00.



\$2.50 each



Lawncomb Rake

18-in., \$2.25.
24-in., \$3.00.

LAWN ROLLERS for the perfect lawn

Water-ballast type

All-Steel General-Purpose Barrow

Light in weight, strong and durable. A distinct advantage is the shape of the handles. More of the load is carried over the wheels than is possible with Barrows with straight handles. Red disc wheel with semi-pneumatic rubber tire and ball bearings. \$17.95.



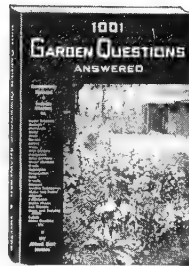
All-leather, extra soft, durable, washable. Made from selected lamb skins. So soft and pliable that they provide almost bare-hand freedom. Available in many sizes: Ladies' Small, Medium and Large; Men's Small, Medium and Large. All sizes, \$1.25 per pair.

Garden Books for Better Gardens

1001 Garden Questions Answered

By Alfred C. Hottes *Third Edition*
388 pages 160 illus. \$3.00

An amazing collection of useful information for the amateur gardener wishing to plan and manage his own home grounds. Answers to all kinds of garden questions, from what to plant on the north side of the house to what time to put waterlilies in the pool, will be found in this new and vastly improved edition.

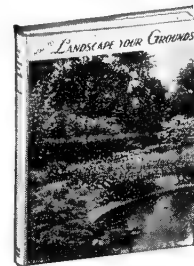


How to Landscape Your Grounds

By Loyal R. Johnson
Fourth Printing

232 pages 147 illus. \$3.50

For the thousands of homeowners in the medium-income bracket who are anxious to beautify their home surroundings to best advantage at small expense. Planting plans cover practically every section of the country—from Massachusetts to Florida and Louisiana, and from the Middle West to California. A complete guide to the planning, construction and planting of the garden and grounds.

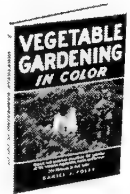


Vegetable Gardening in Color

By Daniel J. Foley

256 pages 150 color plates \$2.50

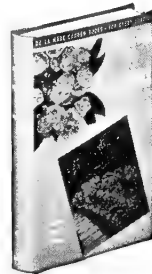
A picture encyclopedia of vegetables with complete cultural directions. Every home gardener will consult it many times each season.



The Book of Shrubs

By Alfred C. Hottes *Fourth Edition*
448 pages 190 illus. \$4.00

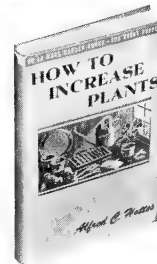
Appeals to every home owner, plantman, student and landscape architect, and is a mine of information on everything relating to these woody perennials as grown in all sections of the country. Numerous lists of different shrubs for different purposes and full details of care and culture are given.



How to Increase Plants

By Alfred C. Hottes *Second Edition*
238 pages 136 illus. \$2.75

All amateurs have an intense desire to multiply desirable plants. In this book the whole subject is covered, including seeds, buds, bulbs, grafts and cuttings.

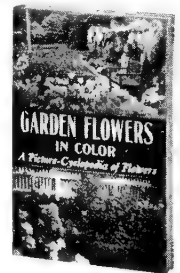


Garden Flowers in Color

By Daniel J. Foley

316 pages 350 color plates \$2.95

A book you will use every time you plant, plan a color scheme, or combine plants in bed or border arrangements. Useful for identifying plants and for giving correct botanical names.



American Orchid Culture

By Prof. Edward A. White
Third Edition

278 pages plus 15 color plates
136 black and white illus. \$6.00

With a vivid account of the author's orchid-collecting trip to the Hawaiian Islands, the Philippines and the Far East.

An authentic book on orchid culture for amateurs and professionals. Many years of observation, wide travel, actual growing experience and much association with orchid growers, both here and abroad, are back of this work.



Garden Bulbs in Color

By McFarland, Hatton and Foley
275 color illus.; over 100 half-tones
296 pages \$2.95

One of the best books published on bulbs. Illustrates quite a number of varieties of flowering bulbs, corms and tubers. Cultural directions are included.



The Book of Perennials

By Alfred C. Hottes *Sixth Edition*
280 pages 103 illus. \$2.75

Among amateur gardeners there is a decided preference for perennial plants, largely because they require but little care and so generously reward even that little. For those desiring a continuous show of color from early spring to early frost in their gardens, this book will be extremely valuable, discussing over 125 separate species individually, with their culture and requirements.



The New Garden Encyclopedia

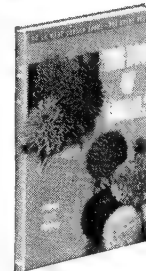
The best garden book value offered. If you are limited to one garden book, this is the one to have. A one-volume garden encyclopedia containing over 1000 pages. 24 full-color plates, 56 photographs, and 260 line drawings. Everything you need to know to achieve professional results with flowers, trees, shrubs, lawns, vegetables. A complete guide to every phase of growing, cultivating, spraying, fertilizing, etc. \$4.95.



The Book of Annuals

By Alfred C. Hottes *Fifth Edition*
180 pages 158 illus. \$2.00

The author opens up many new possibilities to garden makers in this book, which is exceedingly complete, and all in all is a most useful manual dealing with annual flowers. With annuals alone almost every kind of effect can be secured, while the combinations of flowers which are made possible by a little study are most alluring. Over 100 separate species of annuals are described, with full directions for their culture.



The Book of Trees

By Alfred C. Hottes *Second Edition*
448 pages 200 illus. \$4.00

An all-round handbook for the tree lover and tree planter. There are chapters on trees important in American history, on favorite tree poems, on street trees, on roadside trees, on nut trees, etc. Transplanting, pruning and propagation are covered and a variety of helpful lists for various purposes are given.



Fertilizers and Plant-Foods

Adco. Used in making artificial manure. Gives quick results by turning leaves, grass clippings, and other garden debris into rich humus. 25 lbs. will make 200 to 300 lbs. artificial manure. Start a compost pile now. $7\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. \$1.25; 25 lbs. \$2.50; 150 lbs. \$12.00.

Agrico for Broadleaf Evergreens. Contains 6% nitrogen, 10% phosphoric acid, 4% potash. For use on such broadleaf evergreens as rhododendrons and azaleas. An acid plant-food for acid-loving plants. Use 3 lbs. per 100 sq. ft. 10 lbs. \$1.10; 25 lbs. \$2.10; 50 lbs. \$3.40; 100 lbs. \$5.50.

Agrico for Gardens. Contains 5% nitrogen, 10% phosphoric acid, and 5% potash. For use on flower and vegetable gardens. Broadcast 4 lbs. to each 100 sq. ft. and rake in carefully three to four days before planting. Use it also to side-dress vegetables and flowers every thirty days, using 1 cupful to 25 ft. of row. 5 lbs. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. 80 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.60; 50 lbs. \$2.40; 100 lbs. \$4.25; 500 lbs. \$19.00; 1000 lbs. \$36.00; ton \$72.00.



Agrico for Lawns, Trees, Shrubs. Contains 6% nitrogen, 10% phosphoric acid, 4% potash. Use it to feed your lawn in early spring and again in fall. Broadcast evenly 3 to 4 lbs. per 100 sq. ft., then rake it in and water thoroughly to soak this plant-food down to hungry grass roots. 5 lbs. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. 80 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.60; 50 lbs. \$2.65; 100 lbs. \$4.75; 500 lbs. \$21.35; 1000 lbs. \$40.35; ton \$80.70.

Aluminum Sulphate. Use it to maintain the acidity of your soil for better rhododendrons, azaleas, blueberries, and other acid-loving plants. Use 1 lb. per 100 sq. ft. 5 lbs. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 25 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$5.00.

Asparagus Salt. Used as a top dressing for asparagus beds. Also helps to control weeds. Use 5 lbs. per 100 sq. ft. 25 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$2.75.

Bonemeal (Steamed). A top-notch, slow-acting fertilizer to improve garden soils and lawns. Use 5 lbs. per 100 sq. ft. Safe to use as it will not burn. 5 lbs. 60 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.10; 25 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$5.50; 1000 lbs. \$50.00.

Bonemeal (Raw). We are especially fortunate in being able to obtain a large stock of this raw bonemeal, for it has been very difficult to get for many years. It is courser in texture than the steamed bone, and also contains more nitrogen than the lower-priced bonemeals. Since it will not burn, it is absolutely safe to use. Its long-lasting quality makes it a gardener's favorite. Especially good to promote better flower production because of its high phosphoric content. 25 lbs. \$3.00; 100 lbs. \$7.50; 1000 lbs. \$70.00.

Bovung. Thoroughly pulverized, dehydrated cow manure absolutely free of weeds. Valued because it provides not only plant-food but also organic matter. 50 lbs. \$2.50; 500 lbs. \$22.50.

Cottonseed Meal. An organic fertilizer high in nitrogen. Very widely used on lawns. It may also be used on such acid-loving plants as rhododendrons, azaleas, etc. 100-lb. bag \$7.50.

Cow Manure, Shredded. Carefully prepared dry cow manure of wide use in vegetable and flower gardens as well as lawns. Use 5 lbs. per 100 sq. ft. 10 lbs. 85 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.50; 500 lbs. \$21.25.



Driconure. A mixture of peat moss and manure. A real soil-builder for your flower and vegetable garden. Also good for lawns. 50 lbs. \$2.35; 500 lbs. \$20.00.

Dried Blood. This is a 100% organic fertilizer containing about 12% nitrogen. Used to encourage leaf growth and also for lawns. Used as a rabbit repellent around plants. Lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.00; 25 lbs. \$4.50; 100 lbs. \$12.00.

Electra (4-9-3). A high-organic fertilizer especially adapted for greenhouse use. May also be used as a general fertilizer. 5 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$10.00.

Green Gro. Contains 6% nitrogen, 7% phosphoric acid, 4% potash. Use 4 lbs. per 100 sq. ft. An ideal fertilizer for the grass. Available in 100-lb. bags only. 100 lbs. \$5.00; 500 lbs. \$22.50; 1000 lbs. \$44.00.



duces luscious green leaf growth, predominates in this fertilizer. One pound of Gro-Sod is required for each 100 sq. ft. of lawn area, or 500 lbs. per acre. A fertilizer distributor will do an even, economical job. 25 lbs. \$2.70; 50 lbs. \$4.55; 100 lbs. \$7.75.

Kem. This highly concentrated plant-food is ideal for feeding your house plants or for feeding plants in the garden. Qt. 50 cts.; gal. \$1.00.

Lime, Agricultural Hydrated. Used on lawns and gardens to sweeten soil. Use 5 lbs. per 100 sq. ft. Quicker acting than Limestone. 5 lbs. 25 cts.; 50 lbs. \$1.25; 500 lbs. \$10.00; ton \$35.00.

Limestone, Pulverized. Cannot burn, slower acting than hydrated lime, safer to use. Use about 100 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft. 50 lbs. 75 cts.; 100 lbs. \$1.25; 500 lbs. \$6.00; $\frac{1}{2}$ ton \$10.00; ton \$18.00.

Loma (5-10-5). A general-purpose fertilizer for use on lawns, trees, shrubs and flowers. 10 lbs. 85 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$2.75; 100 lbs. \$4.50; 500 lbs. \$21.25.

Loma (8-8-8). The new mineralized fertilizer for lawns, flowers, and vegetables. In addition to nitrogen, phosphorus, and potash, Loma 8-8-8 contains the essential mineral elements that science has proved are most frequently lacking in the soil: copper, manganese, boron, iron, and zinc. Mineralized Loma makes plants more vigorous, more resistant to insects and diseases. Lawns become greener, flowers hold blooms better, and vegetables are larger and better flavored. This product is green in color and so cannot be confused with any other plant-food. 25 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$8.00.

Milorganite. Contains 6% nitrogen; used mostly for lawns. Will not burn. 100 lbs. \$4.00; 500 lbs. \$19.50.

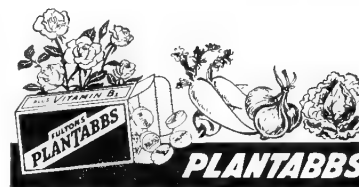
Muriate of Potash. For potatoes and root crops. Use $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. per 100 sq. ft. 25 lbs. \$2.00; 50 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$6.00.

Nitrate of Soda. A quickly available nitrogenous material. Use 1 oz. to 1 gal. water in liquid form, or 1 lb. per 100 sq. ft. 5 lbs. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 25 lbs. \$2.00; 50 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$6.00.

Premier-Nure. Acts as both a soil builder and a plant-food. Contains peat moss and manure. Can safely be used on lawns and in flower and vegetable gardens, for it will not burn. 50-lb. bag \$2.00.

Sheep Manure. Can be used generously on vegetable and flower gardens. Use 5 lbs. per 100 sq. ft. 5 lbs. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. 85 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.75; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.50; 500 lbs. \$21.25.

Gro-Sod. A specific formula for a specific purpose—to feed lawns. Through careful study, F.H. Woodruff & Sons have found that an analysis of 10-6-4 feeds grass properly throughout the growing season. Nitrogen, the fertilizer element that in-



lets 50 cts.; 200 tablets \$1.00; 1000 tablets \$3.50.

Sulphate of Ammonia. A quickly available, nitrogenous material. Makes soil acid. 5 lbs. 90 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 25 lbs. \$2.50.

Super-Phosphate. Use 5 lbs. per 100 sq. ft. Supplies only phosphoric acid to soil. Excellent to use with all kinds of manures. 25 lbs. \$1.00; 50 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$3.00; 500 lbs. \$12.50.

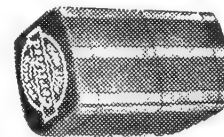
Vegetable Garden Fertilizer. A general garden fertilizer containing 5% nitrogen, 8% phosphoric acid, and 7% potash. An ideal vegetable garden fertilizer, and especially good for potatoes because of its high potash content. 100 lbs. \$3.50; 500 lbs. \$17.00; 1000 lbs. \$32.00; 2000 lbs. \$60.00.



Vigoro (4-12-4). The prewar product now available again. Can be used on lawns, trees, shrubs, and gardens. 5 lbs. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. 90 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.60; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.25; 500 lbs. \$20.00.

Hyper-Humus

To improve soil that needs organic matter. Increases the moisture-holding capacity of the soil, lightens heavy soil, and increases aeration. Weed-free. Useful for flowers, fruits, and vegetables. Use 100 lbs. per 100 sq. ft. 100 lbs. \$2.50; 500 lbs. \$10.00; 2000 lbs. (bulk) \$25.00. (Special prices on larger quantities.)

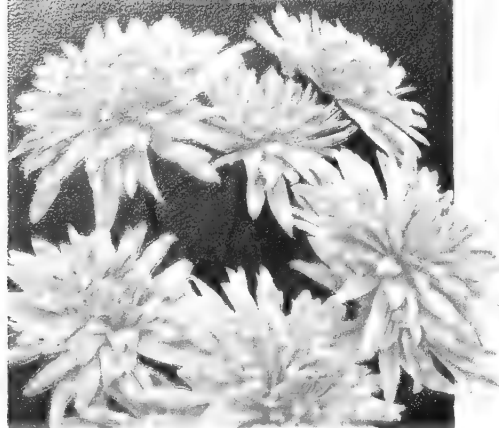


bale \$5.75; 5 large bales \$27.50.

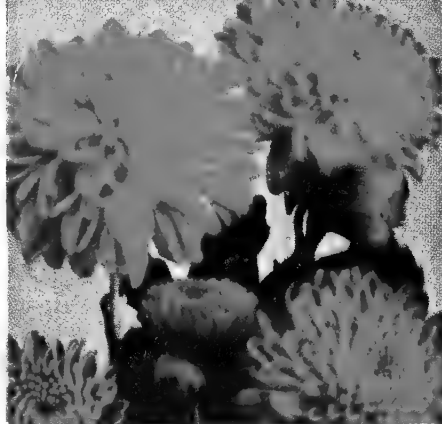
Peat Moss, Horticultural. This granulated type is ideal for mulching rhododendrons and azaleas. Helps retain moisture in the soil; keeps the garden from drying out. One large bale will cover approximately 300 sq. ft. 1 inch deep. Bus. bag \$1.10; small bale \$3.75; large

Vermiculite, The Seed Starter

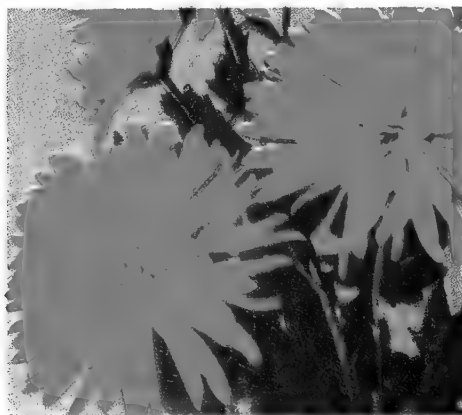
Use it right out of the bag without adding soil or fertilizer. Most useful in the germinating of seeds because it is completely sterile. Damping off of seedlings is no longer a problem if you use Vermiculite. $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. 50 cts.; 2-bus. bag \$2.25.



BETTY. 50 cts. each; \$5.50 per doz.



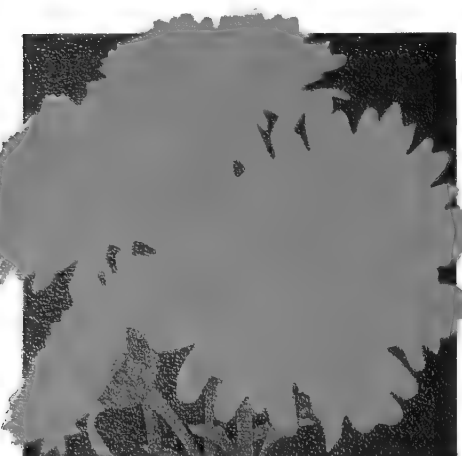
MANDALAY. 50 cts. each; \$5.50 per doz.



YELLOW AVALANCHE. 50 cts. each; \$5.50 per doz.



AVALANCHE. 50 cts. each; \$5.50 per doz.



MRS. P. S. DU PONT. 50 cts. each; \$5.50 per doz.



COURAGEOUS. 50 cts. each; \$5.50 per doz.

Hardy MUMS

Space the plants $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart. To obtain bushy plants it is advisable to pinch the growing shoots once or twice during the season. The first pinching should be done when the plants are about 6 inches tall. At this time remove about an inch of the soft growing tips of the main shoots, to induce lateral branching. When these lateral branches are 10 inches tall another inch of their tips should be removed. Early-blooming varieties should not be pinched after July 15, while the later-blooming varieties may be pinched until August 1.

Avalanche. 24 in. Fully double; white. Blooms in late September.

Betty. 28 in. A pretty salmon-rose. Fully double. Blooms in early October.

Courageous. 26 in. An excellent red. Blooms in early October.

Lavender Lady. 24 in. Queen of them all. Fully double flowers. Blooms in late September.

Mandalay. 22 in. Double, orange-bronze flowers. Blooms in late September.

Mrs. P. S. du Pont. 24 in. A beauty. Lovely fawn-bronze. Blooms October 1.

Yellow Avalanche. 24 in. Best light yellow. Double flowers. Blooms in late September.

Yellow Spoon. 30 in. Interesting flowers with spoon-like petals. Blooms in early October.

All above varieties, 50 cts. each; \$5.50 per doz.



YELLOW SPOON. 50 cts. each; \$5.50 per doz.

Chrysanthemum Collection

8 DIFFERENT COLORS \$3.25
(As illustrated)

Each variety labeled

Here is an opportunity to grow 8 leading varieties at a much lower price than they could be bought individually.



LAVENDER LADY. 50 cts. each, \$5.50 per doz.

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[illegible]

Insect, Fungus and Pest Destroyers

To Control Ants

Ant-X Ant Jelly. Easily handled; used to check ants in the garden. Garden size tube 35 cts.; estate size \$1.00.
Ant-X Ant Traps. An easy-to-use Trap to eradicate ants indoors or in the garden. 25 cts. each; \$2.75 per doz.
Ant Gas (Cyanogas). Some gardeners prefer this free-flowing granular powder. 4 ozs. 39 cts.
Antrol. A safe and permanent way to destroy ants that eat sweet and greasy substances. 4 containers 40 cts. Syrup for refills, 4-oz. bottle 25 cts.

Arsenate of Lead. A potent stomach poison that spells sure death for chewing insects. An important part of every gardener's equipment. Lb. 60 cts.; 4 lbs. \$1.75.

Black-Leaf 40. This nicotine sulphate preparation is a practical aid for checking aphids and other sucking insects. Oz. 35 cts.; 5 ozs. \$1.10; lb. \$2.50; 5 lbs. \$8.50; 10 lbs. \$15.00.

Bordeaux Mixture. For mildew, black-spot, and other fungus diseases this preparation is indispensable. Lb. 40 cts.; 4 lbs. \$1.25.

Copper Sulphate. Also called Blue Vitrol. Crystals very good for removing algae from stagnant water. Lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$1.90; 100 lbs. \$18.00.

Cyanogas, A. For outside use to kill rats and other rodents. ½ lb. 55 cts.; lb. 98 cts.; 5 lbs. \$3.75.

Cyanogas, G. A practical fumigant for killing aphids in greenhouses. 5 lbs. \$3.75.

Dust-Spray. An insecticide and fungicide to simplify pest control. Use as a dust or spray. Recommended for roses, fruit trees, tomatoes, and beans. Contains Phygon, Sulphur DDT, and Rotenone. Lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.00.

Fish Oil Soap. Use it to spray for scaly insects in the garden; also practical for house plants. Lb. pkg. 50 cts.

Lime-Sulphur (Liquid). For scaly insects on fruit trees, shrubs, and shade trees. Qt. 70 cts.; gal. \$1.75.

Lime Sulphur (Dry). The powder form of this useful spray material. Lb. 40 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.75.

To Check Moles

Mologen. A practical preparation to eradicate moles. ½ lb. 50 cts.; 1½ lbs. \$1.25.

Mole-Nots. Another useful poison to protect lawns, golf courses, and gardens from moles, field mice, etc. Small size 35 cts.; estate size \$1.00.

No Mole. Made by C. B. Dolge, Westport, Conn. An impregnated poison seed bait for moles. 14 ozs. \$1.25; 28 ozs. \$2.35.

Naphthalene Flakes. Use them as a convenient way to protect gladiolus from thrips. Lb. 25 cts.

Nico-Fume Powder. A nicotine preparation used in the fumigation of greenhouses. ½ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.10.

Paradichlorobenzene. Used for the control of peach-tree borer. Also useful in the household to control moths, etc. 5 lbs. \$3.00.

Paris Green. Mix with bran and molasses to use as a bait for cutworms. Has many uses as a combatant for chewing insects. 4 ozs. 20 cts.; lb. 65 cts.

Phygon XL Fungicide. Controls all leaf blights and fruit rot of Tomatoes, black-spot of roses, apple scab, and many other plant diseases caused by fungi. 2 ozs. 50 cts.; 4½ ozs. \$1.00; lb. \$2.70.

Pyrox. A compound widely used to fight chewing insects and fungus diseases as well. Lb. 55 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.00.

Red Arrow Insect Spray. Non-poisonous and non-injurious to foliage, this pyrethrum preparation mixed with soap is widely used for spraying vegetables, fruits and flowers. Oz. 35 cts.; 4 ozs. \$1.00; pt. \$2.85; qt. \$5.40; gal. \$19.00.

Rotenone Dust. For general garden use and especially to control Mexican bean beetle, which often attacks beans. Lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.75.

Scalecide. Use to check San Jose scale; for application in winter and early spring. Qt. 85 cts.; gal. \$2.00; 5 gals. \$7.35.
Semesan. Indispensable disinfectant for flower and vegetable seeds to prevent damping off in young seedlings. Also for treating bulbs. 2 ozs. 45 cts.; 12-oz. can \$2.10.

Slug Shot. In common use for eliminating chewing insects. Lb. 40 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.70.

Snarol. Troublesome slugs and cutworms are easily eradicated with this preparation. Lb. 35 cts.; 2½ lbs. 85 cts.; 6 lbs. \$1.50.

Spergon Seed Protectant. A powder to be applied to seeds before planting to prevent decay and damping off, particularly in cold wet weather. Recommended for peas, beans, lima beans, corn and other seeds. Easy to apply; non-injurious to the user. Oz. 25 cts.; 5 ozs. \$1.00; lb. \$2.25.

Spergon Gladiolus Dust. Controls thrips and corn decay. A dust containing Spergon and DDT to be applied to corms before planting. May also be used on tulips, narcissus and Iris. 2 ozs. 25 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

Sulphur, Wettable Dusting. For dusting plants affected with mildew and rust. 2-lb. can 35 cts.

Sunoco Oil Spray. A dormant spray for use on trees, shrubs, and evergreens to control scale insects. Gal. \$1.65; 5 gals. \$7.00.

Syndeet. An improved insecticide containing 30% DDT for the control of codling moth, boxwood miners, thrips, flea beetles, Colorado potato beetles, aphids, European corn borer, and rose chafers. 8 ozs. \$1.00; qt. \$3.00.

Synklor 50W Chlordane. A dry wettable powder containing 50% technical Chlordane. Controls ants, chinch bugs, Japanese beetles both adults and grubs, roaches, ticks and wireworms. 8 ozs. \$1.50; lb. \$2.50.

Synklor 48E Chlordane. A liquid emulsion containing 48% Chlordane. Controls ants, chinch bugs, Japanese beetles, roaches, etc. Use 3 teaspoonfuls per gallon of water. 8 ozs. \$1.25; qt. \$4.00.

Tobacco Dust. To disinfect soil against maggots, aphids and other insects. Lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 75 cts.; 25 lbs. \$2.25.

Tomato Dust. Made by Doggett & Pheil Co. Controls tomato blight. 2 lbs. 85 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.95.

Tree Paint. A protective agent to use for wounds and after pruning, to prevent bleeding. Qt. 95 cts.; gal. \$2.25.

Tree Tanglefoot. Use this paste to catch crawling insects which damage trees. Lb. 90 cts.; 5 lbs. \$4.25.

Wilson's O. K. Plant Spray. For killing aphids, thrips, currant worms and other insects. Qt. \$1.15; gal. \$3.50.

Weed Killers

Ammate Weed Killer for Poison Ivy. Made by du Pont. Contains ammonium sulfamate. Non-poisonous, a sure kill for poison ivy and sumac. Harmless to humans and animals. 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 6 lbs. \$1.80; 50 lbs. \$12.00.

Weedone. Selective 2,4-D Weed Killer. For killing weed in lawns. Does not harm the grass. Gives excellent control of most weeds in the turf. Very effective against dandelions, onion grass, chickweed, etc. Also will kill poison ivy. 6-oz. size 75 cts.; qt. \$2.50; gal. \$7.50.

Weedust. The 2,4-D weed killer in dry-powder form. Just dust each weed directly from the ready-to-use can. No measuring, no mixing. Ideal for destroying those "here-and-there" weeds. Will not harm the grass. Large can 75 cts.

Ordinary Weed Killer. To kill weeds and grass on walks, roadways, tennis courts, gutters, etc. One gallon makes 40 gallons weed-killing solution. Qt. 65 cts.; gal. \$2.00; 5 gals. \$8.50.

Aersol DDT Bombs

Bridgeport Brass Aersol Insecticide Bomb. Kills flies, moths, mosquitoes, roaches, bedbugs, ants, fleas, etc. Contains 3% DDT. Safe when properly used. Small bomb \$1.00; large refillable bomb \$3.95.

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Peace

*the finest
Rose in America*

PEACE (Mme. A. Meilland). Plant Pat. 591.

 This glorious Rose is almost unbelievable in its beauty, size and lasting qualities. The buds are golden yellow enlivened by a flush of vivid pink at the petal edges. These buds open slowly, giving long-lasting blooms that show delicate tints of yellow, pale gold, cream and ivory blending on each petal to a lightly ruffled edge of pink.

The colors vary, and the change of tints is an enchanting thing to watch, as it differs from day to day and from flower to flower but is always beautiful and always in harmony, like the different, shimmering colors of a rainbow. Though the very double bloom is huge, it is constantly fresh looking, and its coloring always gives an effect of delicate loveliness even in the fully open flower, which actually is just as beautiful as the half-open bud and even more exciting!

The final miracle of Peace is that the plant is as remarkable as the blooms, with long, straight, magnificently strong stems and handsome, shining dark green foliage. The blooms come in glorious succession and hold their form and freshness remarkably. \$2.00 each; 3 for \$5.

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